

Investor Day

Kentaro Okuda Group Co-COO Nomura Holdings, Inc.

April 4, 2019



Rebuilding our global business platform

Radical
Simplification of
Operating Model

- Overhaul business and regional matrix structure
- ✓ Simplify Corporate structure

Transform business portfolio

- Reduce lower growth, lower profitability businesses (Flow businesses, etc.)
- ✓ Right-size platform in EMEA

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Pivot to client businesses and growth areas

- ✓ Pursue growth in large single markets
- Expand business with corporate clients
- ✓ Strengthen Origination businesses including Advisory, Solutions, Financing
- ✓ Increase profitability by using AI for Flow Trading

Wholesale

\$1bn cost reduction

- Cut costs by \$1bn (~19%) compared to FY2017/18 over medium term
 - Over 60% to be completed by end FY2019/20

\$0.3~0.4bn revenue upside

- Up to 60% by growing client businesses=> P11(Solutions, Advisory, etc..)
- 40% driven by technology => P12 (Trading efficiencies using Al, etc.)

Build Wholesale platform that delivers consistent pretax income of \$1.0bn

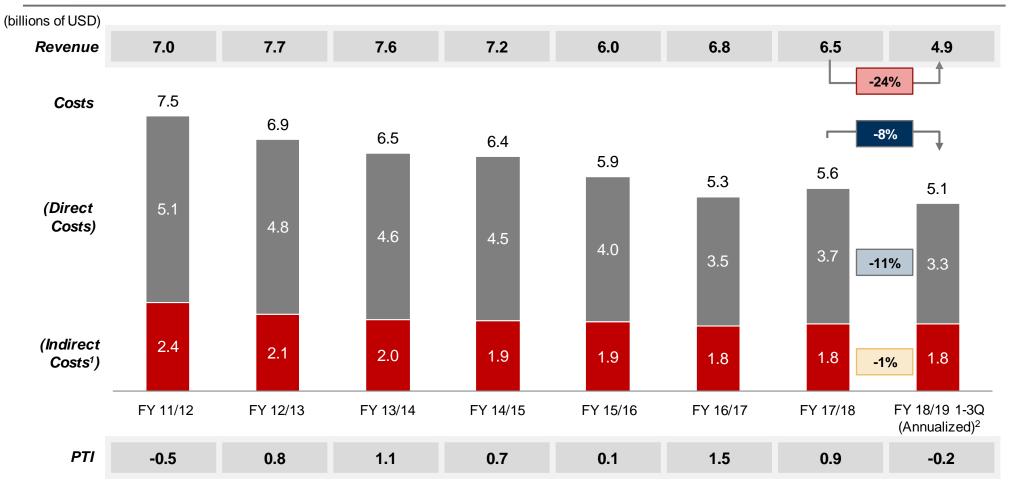


Challenges facing Wholesale

- Fixed Income revenue declining against market backdrop
- Cost flexibility constrained owing to rigid indirect costs ...



Wholesale revenue, costs, PTI



^{1.} Indirect costs include Corporate expenses directly related to Wholesale and other Corporate expenses allocated to Wholesale based on certain criteria.

On April 1, 2018, Nomura adopted Accounting Standards Update 2014-09 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" and revenues and expenses related to certain Execution Services transactions are now shown as net value rather than gross value. As a result, revenues and expenses for FY2018/19 1-3Q declined by approx. 13.4 billion yen. Excluding Goodwill impairment charge of 81 billion yen in Q3 FY 18/19.



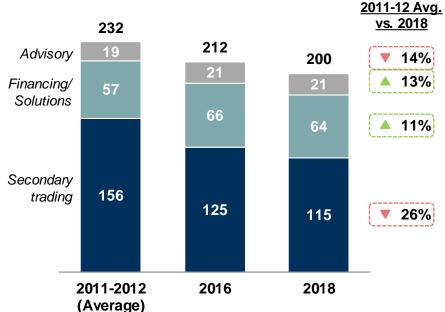
Challenges facing Wholesale



External factors: Secondary trading environment worsening

(billions of USD)

Global Wholesale fee-pool¹





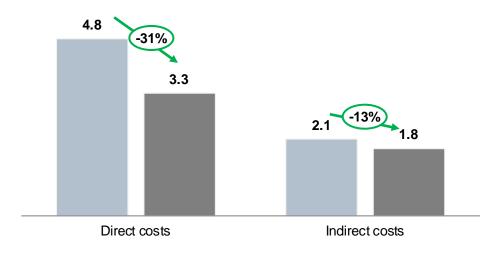
Margin compression with electrification

- Leverage ratios, MiFID-II, other regulatory requirements
- Shift from active investments to passive



Internal factors: Rigid cost structure

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- Complicated organization structure
- Remain high indirect costs due to responding to regulatory requirements, lagging peers in reducing costs
- Behind the curve in strategic digital transformation

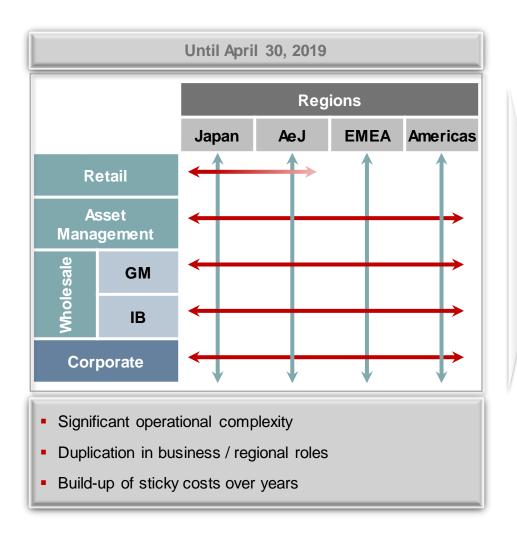
Source: Coalition, Nomura estimates

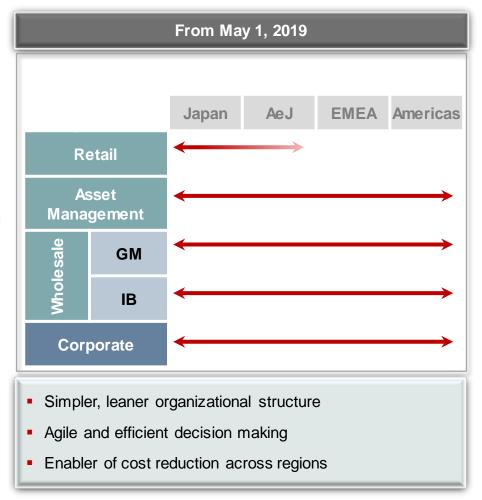
^{2.} Excluding goodwill impairment charge of Y81bn in Q3 FY18/19



Overhaul matrix management structure

- Eliminate the concept of regions to alleviate duplication between business and region
- Corporate departments will continue to act as management control functions

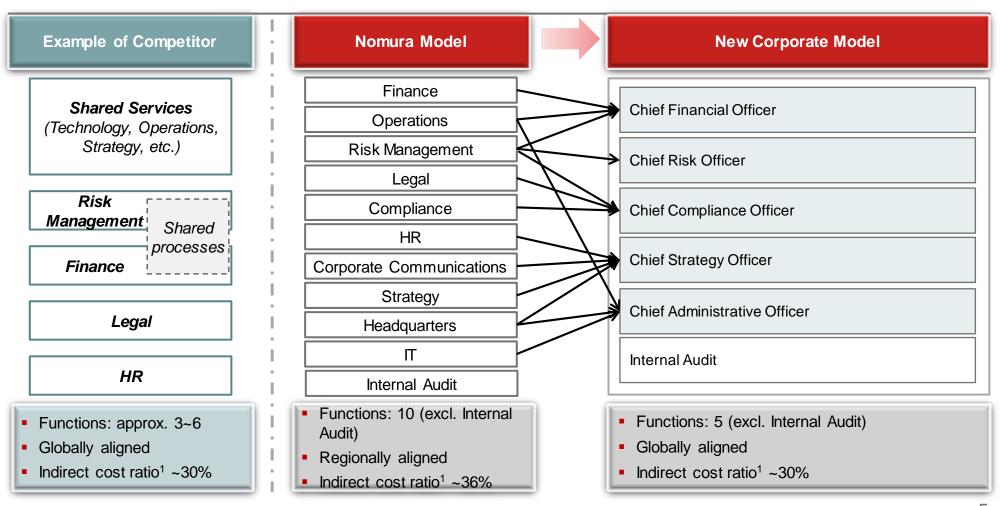






Simplification of Corporate structure

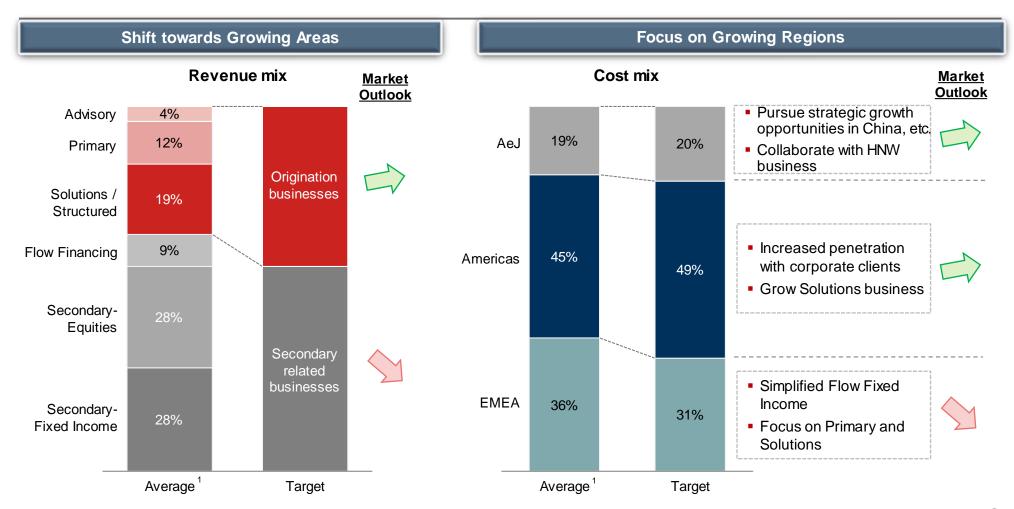
- Reduce number of functions to create simpler organization and avoid duplication
- Reduce costs while ensuring speedy decision making





Transform business portfolio

- Scale-back international Fixed Income, digitize trading platform, shift towards origination business
- De-emphasize platform in EMEA, while increasing focus in growing geographies

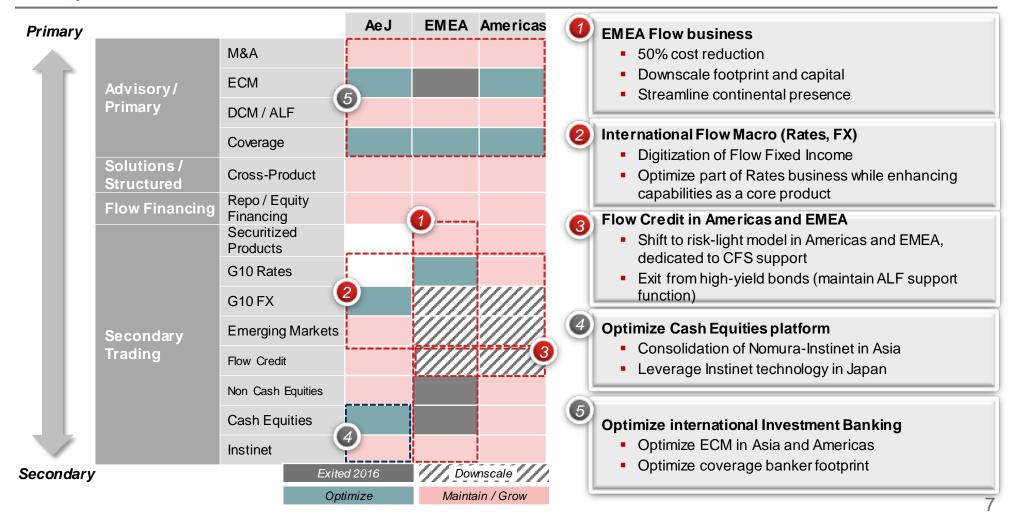




Right-Size international franchise: Summary of actions

- Right-sizing of international platform
- Protecting client franchise to ensure sustainable performance

Summary of Actions

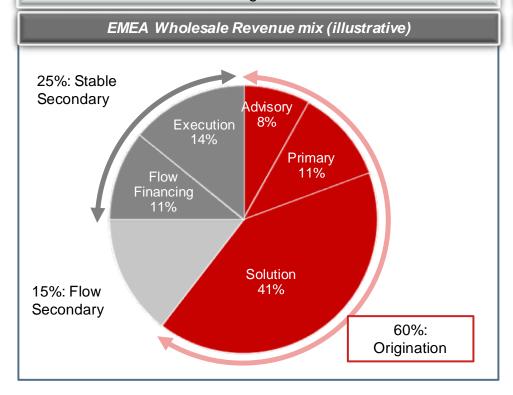




Right-Size international franchise

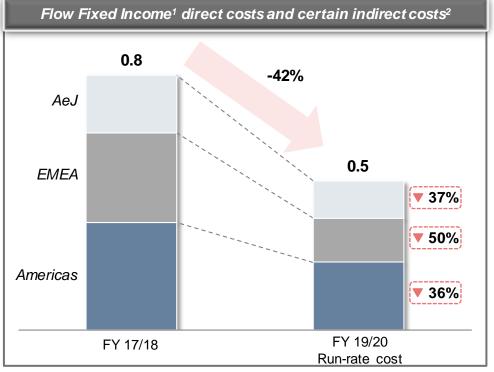
Reshaping and downscaling the EMEA Platform

- Downscale EMEA Flow Trading excluding areas of our competitive advantage such as Euro Rates
- Maintain traditional strength in client franchise and increase revenue contribution from origination



2 3 International Flow Fixed Income Resizing

- Cut Flow Fixed Income direct costs and part of indirect costs by 42%
- Shift towards more stable business mix
- Increased focus on digitization



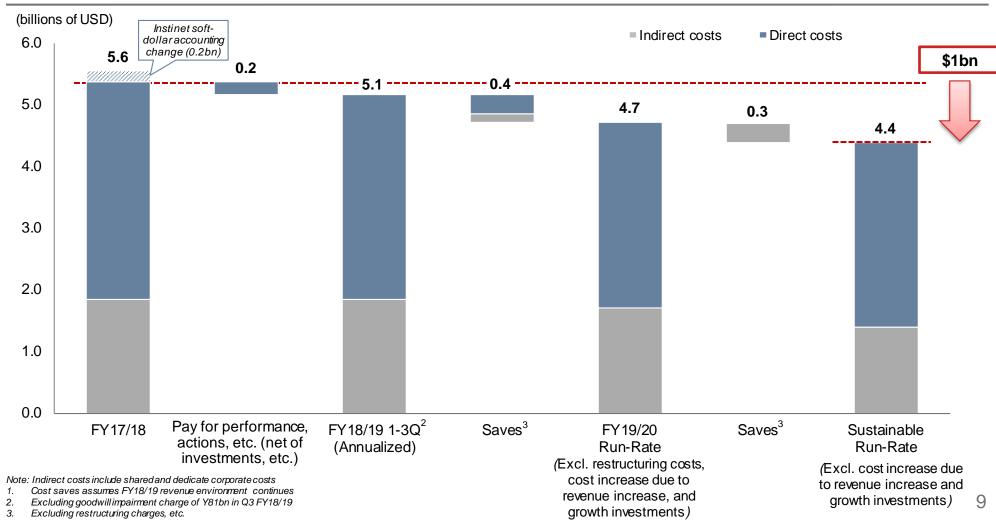
[.] Flow Fixed Income includes trading, sales and research for Flow Rates, Flow Credit and FX/ EM, excluding Flow Financing and Structured Includes IT and product control expenses allocated directly to Wholesale.



Reduction in Wholesale cost base

- \$1bn reduction in Wholesale cost base versus FY17/18
- Building flexible cost structures to stay resilient across business and market cycles

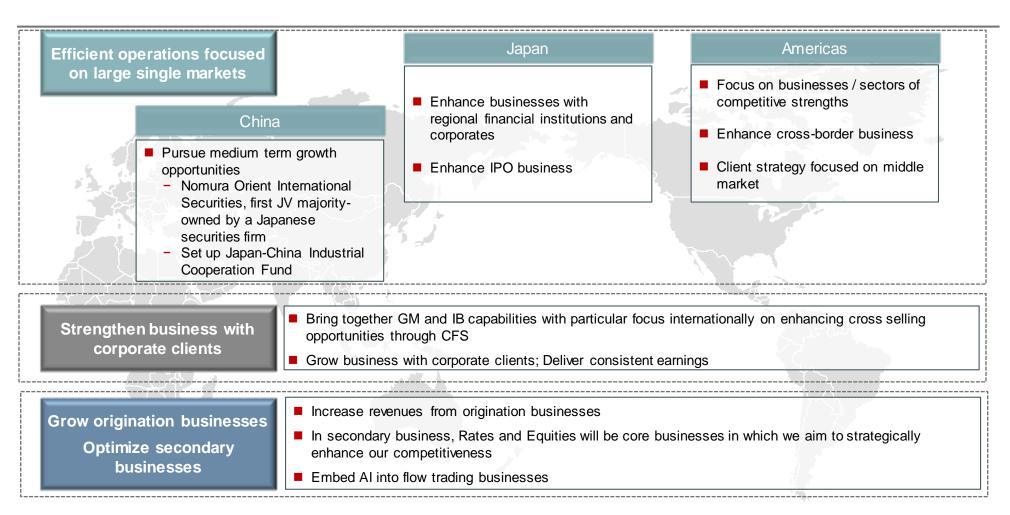
Wholesale run-rate cost1





3 Future of Wholesale business

- Client-centric business mix centered on origination
- Consolidate resources into high profitability businesses with competitive advantage to maximize revenues

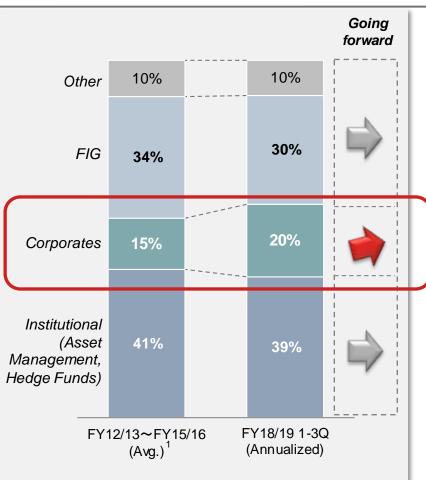




Grow client businesses

- In addition to financial institutions and institutional investors, focus on growing business with corporate clients to diversify client base and ensure stable business
- Broad service offering for corporate clients led by CFS

Client revenue in international region



Grow services for corporate clients through CFS

- Client approach: Provide broad range of services centered on corporate clients with various business needs
 - (e.g.: Offering FX Solutions unassociated with M&As to IB clients)
- Products/service: In addition to existing underwriting related businesses (DCM, ECM, ALF) and hedging solutions (Rates, FX, Equities, etc.), expand into services such as infrastructure financing in Americas

Maintain/strengthen business for institutional investors and financial institutions

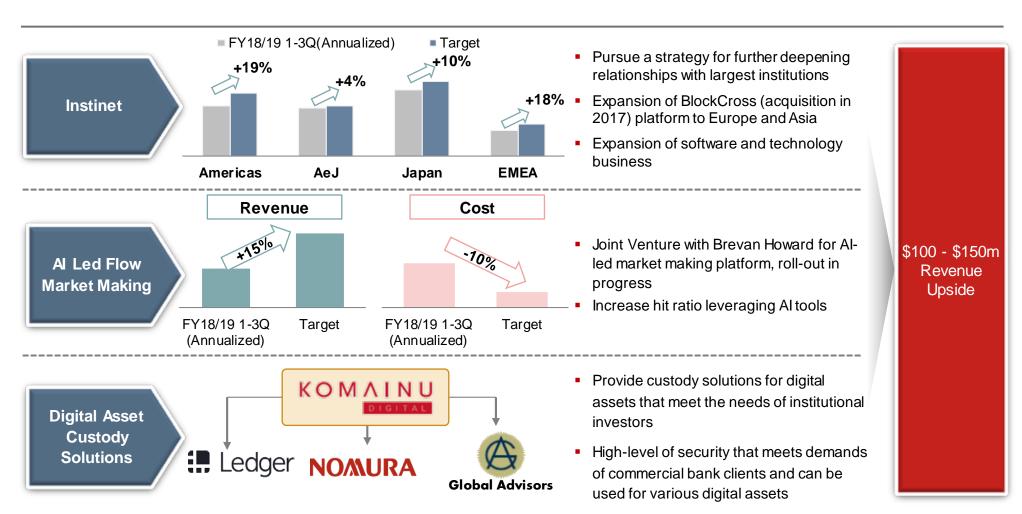
- <u>Institutional</u>: Use AI in market-making to increase wallet share
- <u>Agency</u>: Expand product line-up and enhance quants and technology capabilities
- FIG: Continue to target hedging solutions; grow penetration with Advisory and CFS offering

\$200 - \$300m Revenue Upside



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Pursue growth opportunities by leveraging technology

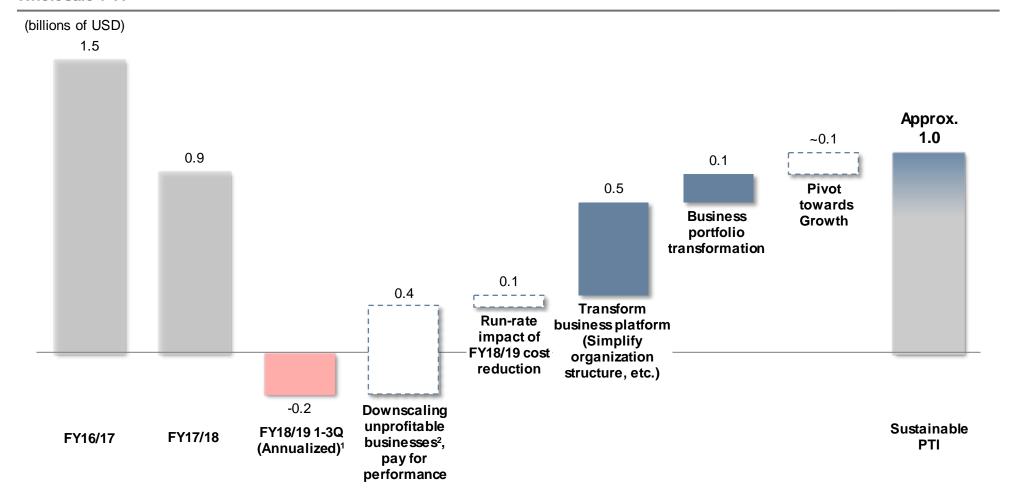




Generating sustainable PTI

Structural changes to build a platform capable of delivering consistent PTI of around \$1bn

Wholesale PTI



^{1.} Excluding Goodwill impairment charge of Y81bn in Q3 FY18/19

^{2.} Revenue normalization due to scaling back of negative risk-revenue businesses

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