This document is a translation of the Japanese language original prepared solely for convenience of reference (certain portions of the Japanese language original applicable to voting procedures in Japan that are not applicable to shareholders outside Japan have been omitted). In the event of any discrepancy between this translated document and the Japanese language original, the Japanese language original shall prevail. Please note that certain portions of this document may not be applicable to shareholders outside Japan.

NOMURA

Notice of Convocation of the 116th Annual General Meeting of Shareholders

Nomura Holdings, Inc.

To Our Shareholders

I would like to take this opportunity to thank all of you, our shareholders, for your ongoing support.

In the fiscal year ended March 31, 2020, we focused on delivering solutions to meet the diverse needs of clients, by working on the firm-wide initiative of business platform rebuilding announced in April 2019. Retail Division secured profit on par with the previous year's level, while putting in place a structure for delivering better services through such initiatives as drastic re-allocation of sales partners and branch office consolidation. Asset Management Division has enjoyed fund inflows for 15 consecutive quarters. Wholesale Division achieved a significant recovery in revenue centering on trading business, while winning top positions in Japan-related M&A and IPO league tables.

As a result, in the fiscal year ended March 31, 2020, the Group's net revenue (after interest expenses) totaled 1,287.8 billion yen, having significantly increased year over year. Pre-tax income amounted to 248.3 billion yen, and net profit came to 217 billion yen.

With regard to dividend, based upon our dividend policy, we have decided on 20 yen per share as an annual dividend.

In the wake of the global outbreak of coronavirus disease 2019 ("COVID-19"), the financial market underwent a major fluctuation at the end of the fiscal year. Nomura was also confronted with a historic turmoil, but all employees continuously delivered services by working together. We will keep fulfilling our obligations as a key player in the financial market, an essential infrastructure of society.

In December 2019, we established Group Code of Conduct 2020. Guided by the Code, we will uphold our longstanding values of entrepreneurial leadership, teamwork and integrity. We are all committed to the firm's mission to help create an affluent society through our expertise in the capital markets and our vision to be the most trusted partner for our clients.

Thank you very much for your continued support.

June 2020

Kentaro Okuda President and Group CEO

(Securities Code: 8604)

June 5, 2020

To: Shareholders of Nomura Holdings, Inc.

Koji Nagai Chairman of the Board of Directors Nomura Holdings, Inc. 1-9-1 Nihonbashi, Chuo-ku, Tokyo, JAPAN

Notice of Convocation of the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders

Dear Shareholder,

I would like to take this opportunity to thank you, our shareholder, for your support of Nomura Holdings, Inc. (the "Company"). The 116th Annual General Meeting of Shareholders will be held as described below.

Details

1. Date and Time: 10:00 a.m. on Tuesday, June 23, 2020 (JST)

2. Place: Grand Nikko Tokyo Daiba, "Palais Royal" (first basement)

2-6-1, Daiba, Minato-ku, Tokyo, JAPAN

3. Agenda for the Meeting:

Matters to be Reported:

- 1. Report on the content of the business report and the consolidated financial statements and report on the results of the audits of the consolidated financial statements performed by the accounting auditor and the Audit Committee for the 116th fiscal year (covering the period from April 1, 2019 to March 31, 2020).
- 2. Report on the financial statements for the 116th fiscal year (covering the period from April 1, 2019 to March 31, 2020).

Matter to be Resolved:

Proposal: Appointment of Ten Directors

Matters regarding the exercise of voting rights:

If you exercise your voting rights through a proxy, only one proxy per shareholder will be permitted and such proxy must be a shareholder who holds voting rights at this General Meeting of Shareholders. Please also submit documentation evidencing the necessary power of attorney along with the proxy card.

End.

With regard to the following matters, pursuant to relevant laws/regulations and the provisions of Article 25 of the Company's Articles of Incorporation, they are not included in the materials annexed to this Notice of Convocation as they have been posted on the Company's website (https://www.nomuraholdings.com/investor/shm/). Therefore, the materials annexed to this Notice of Convocation, on the occasion of the preparation of the Audit Report, were a part of the objects that the audit committee and accounting auditor audited.

- 1. The notes to the consolidated financial statements; and
- 2. The notes to the financial statements.

In the event of any subsequent revisions to the reference materials for the general meeting of shareholders, the business report, the consolidated financial statements, or the financial statements, there will be a posting on the Company's website indicated above.

Regarding the Payment of the Year-end Dividend Distribution of the 116th Fiscal Year Surplus

At the Meeting of the Board of Directors of the Company held on May 8, 2020, a resolution was adopted for the payment, beginning on June 8, 2020, of the 5 yen per share year-end dividend distribution of the 116th fiscal year surplus.

Reference Materials for the General Meeting of Shareholders

Proposal and Reference Matters

Proposal: Appointment of Ten Directors

As of the conclusion of this General Meeting, the term of office of all ten directors will expire. Therefore, based on the decision of the Nomination Committee, the Company requests the appointment of ten directors, including two new director nominees. Of the ten nominees, six are outside director nominees, and the two director nominees who will concurrently serve as executive officers are Kentaro Okuda and Toshio Morita

The nominees are as follows:

| No. | Name | Positions in the Company | Attendance Record at Board of Directors | |
|-----|---|--|---|--|
| 1 | Koji Nagai Non-Executive Director Reappointment | Chairman of the Board of Directors Member of the Nomination Committee (to be appointed) Member of the Compensation Committee (to be appointed) | 100% (11/11 meetings) | |
| 2 | Kentaro Okuda Executive Officer New Appointment | Representative Executive Officer and President Group CEO | (New Appointment) | |
| 3 | Toshio Morita Executive Officer New Appointment | Representative Executive Officer | (New Appointment) | |
| 4 | Hisato Miyashita Non-Executive Director Reappointment | Member of the Audit Committee (Full-Time) | 100% (11/11 meetings) | |
| 5 | Hiroshi Kimura Outside Director, Independent Director Reappointment | Chairman of the Nomination Committee Chairman of the Compensation Committee | 100% (11/11 meetings) | |
| 6 | Kazuhiko Ishimura Outside Director, Independent Director Reappointment | Member of the Nomination Committee Member of the Compensation Committee | 100% (11/11 meetings) | |
| 7 | Noriaki Shimazaki Outside Director, Independent Director Reappointment | Chairman of the Audit Committee | 100% (11/11 meetings) | |
| 8 | Mari Sono Outside Director, Independent Director Reappointment | Member of the Audit Committee | 100% (11/11 meetings) | |
| 9 | Michael Lim Choo San Outside Director, Independent Director Reappointment | | 100% (11/11 meetings) | |
| 10 | Laura Simone Unger Outside Director, Independent Director Reappointment | | 100% (11/11 meetings) | |

^{*}Two of them are females.



Chairman of the Board of Directors

Non-Executive Director Reappointment

Attendance at Meetings of the Board of Directors: 11/11

Number of shares held: 328,000 shares of common stock

| Apr. 1981 | Joined the Company |
|-----------------|---|
| Apr. 2003 | Director of Nomura Securities Co., Ltd. |
| Jun. 2003 | Senior Managing Director of Nomura Securities Co., Ltd. |
| Apr. 2007 | Executive Managing Director of Nomura Securities Co., Ltd. |
| Oct. 2008 | Senior Corporate Managing Director of Nomura Securities Co., Ltd. |
| Apr. 2009 | Executive Managing Director and Executive Vice President of Nomura Securities Co., Ltd. |
| Apr. 2011 | Co-COO and Deputy President of Nomura Securities Co., Ltd. |
| Apr. 2012 | Senior Managing Director of the Company (concurrently Director and |
| | President of Nomura Securities Co., Ltd.) |
| Aug. 2012 | Representative Executive Officer & Group CEO of the Company |
| | (concurrently Director and President of Nomura Securities Co., Ltd.) |
| Jun. 2013 | Director, Representative Executive Officer & Group CEO of the |
| | Company (concurrently Director and President of Nomura Securities |
| | Co., Ltd.) |
| Apr. 2017 | Director, Representative Executive Officer, President & Group CEO of |
| | the Company (concurrently Director and Chairman of Nomura |
| | Securities Co., Ltd.) |
| Apr. 2020 | Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Company (concurrently |
| | Director and Chairman of Nomura Securities Co., Ltd.) (Current) |
| (Significant co | oncurrent positions) |
| | |

Director and Chairman of Nomura Securities Co., Ltd.

(Reasons for designation as a director nominee)

Mr. Nagai has held positions including Director, Representative Executive Officer & Group CEO of the Company and Director and President of Nomura Securities Co., Ltd., and has served as Director and Chairman of the Company since April 2020.

The Company has designated Mr. Nagai, who is well-versed in the business of the Nomura Group, as a director nominee with the expectation that, by having Mr. Nagai chair meetings of the Board of Directors as Chairman of the Board of Directors, he will contribute to enhancing the quality of discussions at meetings of the Board of Directors and operate meetings of the Board of Directors effectively and efficiently.

If his reappointment is approved, he is slated to continue serving as a member of the Nomination Committee and a member of the Compensation Committee after this Annual General Meeting of Shareholders.

Mr. Nagai does not concurrently serve as an executive officer and is a non-executive director.

(Notes)

- 1. In October 2001, the Company reorganized and became a holding company, changed the company name from, "The Nomura Securities Co., Ltd." to "Nomura Holdings, Inc." and Nomura Securities Co., Ltd., the subsidiary newly established by the company divestiture, succeeded the securities company operations. With regard to biographical information based on the Company prior to October 2001, the references are to positions and responsibilities at The Nomura Securities Co., Ltd.
- 2. Since June 2003, the Company has put in place three committees (the nomination, compensation, and audit committees) and adopted a corporate governance structure that separates management's oversight functions from business execution functions (Company with Three Board Committees). As the execution of the business of the Company, which is a Company with Three Board Committees, is performed by executive officers, directors who do not concurrently serve as executive officers (non-executive directors) do not perform such a function and perform mainly an oversight function.



Representative Executive Officer and President

Group CEO

Executive Officer New appointment

Number of shares held: 83,180 shares of common stock

| Apr. 1987 | Joined the Company |
|----------------|--|
| Apr. 2010 | Senior Managing Director of Nomura Securities Co., Ltd. |
| Apr. 2012 | Senior Corporate Managing Director of Nomura Securities Co., Ltd. |
| Aug. 2012 | Senior Corporate Managing Director of the Company (concurrently Senior Corporate Managing Director of Nomura Securities Co., Ltd.) |
| Apr. 2013 | Senior Managing Director of the Company (concurrently Senior Corporate Managing Director of Nomura Securities Co., Ltd.) |
| Apr. 2015 | Senior Managing Director of the Company (concurrently Executive Vice President of Nomura Securities Co., Ltd.) |
| Apr. 2016 | Senior Managing Director of the Company (concurrently Executive Managing Director and Executive Vice President of Nomura Securities Co., Ltd.) |
| Apr. 2017 | Senior Managing Director of the Company (concurrently Executive Vice President of Nomura Securities Co., Ltd.) |
| Apr. 2018 | Executive Managing Director and Group Co-COO of the Company (concurrently Director, Executive Managing Director and Deputy President of Nomura Securities Co., Ltd.) |
| Apr. 2019 | Executive Managing Director and Deputy President, Group Co-COO of the Company |
| Apr. 2020 | Representative Executive Officer and President, Group CEO of the |
| | Company (concurrently Representative Director of Nomura Securities |
| | Co., Ltd.) (Current) |
| Significant co | oncurrent nositions) |

(Significant concurrent positions)

Representative Director of Nomura Securities Co., Ltd.

(Reasons for designation as a director nominee)

Mr. Okuda has held positions including Group Co-COO of the Company and Director, Executive Managing Director and Deputy President of Nomura Securities Co., Ltd., and has served as Representative Executive Officer, President and Group CEO of the Company.

The majority of the Board of Directors of the Company, including Outside Directors, is made up of non-executive directors. The Company has designated him as a director nominee with the expectation that, by having a top executive concurrently serve as a director, the Board of Directors will be able to easily understand the business execution status and the status of the Company, and exercise the management oversight function more effectively.



Representative Executive Officer

Executive Officer New appointment

Number of shares held: 263.102 shares of common stock

| Apr. 1985 | Joined the Company | | | |
|------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Apr. 2008 | Executive Managing Director of Nomura Securities Co., Ltd. | | | |
| Oct. 2008 | Senior Managing Director of Nomura Securities Co., Ltd. | | | |
| Apr. 2010 | Senior Corporate Managing Director of Nomura Securities Co., Ltd. | | | |
| Apr. 2011 | Senior Corporate Managing Director of the Company | | | |
| Apr. 2012 | Senior Corporate Managing Director of the Company (concurrently | | | |
| • | Senior Corporate Managing Director of Nomura Securities Co., Ltd.) | | | |
| Aug. 2012 | Executive Managing Director of the Company (concurrently Executive | | | |
| | Vice President of Nomura Securities Co., Ltd.) | | | |
| Apr. 2015 | Executive Managing Director of the Company (concurrently | | | |
| | Representative Executive Officer and Executive Vice President of | | | |
| | Nomura Securities Co., Ltd.) | | | |
| Apr. 2016 | Representative Executive Officer and Deputy President of Nomura | | | |
| | Securities Co., Ltd. | | | |
| Apr. 2017 | Executive Managing Director of the Company (concurrently Director, | | | |
| | Representative Executive Officer and President of Nomura Securities | | | |
| | Co., Ltd.) | | | |
| Apr. 2018 | Executive Managing Director and Group Co-COO of the Company | | | |
| | (concurrently Director, Representative Executive Officer and President | | | |
| | of Nomura Securities Co., Ltd.) | | | |
| Apr. 2019 | Executive Managing Director and Group Co-COO of the Company | | | |
| | (concurrently Representative Director and President of Nomura | | | |
| | Securities Co., Ltd.) | | | |
| Apr. 2020 | Representative Executive Officer of the Company (concurrently | | | |
| | Representative Director and President of Nomura Securities Co., Ltd.) | | | |
| | (Current) | | | |
| (Significant concurrent positions) | | | | |

Representative Director and President of Nomura Securities Co., Ltd.

(Reasons for designation as a director nominee)

Mr. Morita has held positions including Group Co-COO of the Company and Director, Representative Executive Officer and President of Nomura Securities Co., Ltd., and has served as Representative Executive Officer of the Company.

The majority of the Board of Directors of the Company, including outside directors, is made up of non-executive directors. The Company has designated him as a director nominee with the expectation that, by having a top executive concurrently serve as a director, the Board of Directors will be able to easily understand the business execution status and the status of the Company, and exercise the management oversight function more effectively.



Member of the Audit Committee (Full-Time)

Non-Executive Director Reappointment

Attendance at Meetings of the Board of Directors: 11/11

Attendance at Meetings of the Audit Committee: 16/16

Number of shares held: 84,200 shares of common stock

| Jul. 1987 | Joined the Company |
|-----------|--|
| Jun. 1993 | Joined Union Bank of Switzerland (currently, UBS) |
| Aug. 1996 | Joined Bankers Trust Asia Securities Ltd. |
| Apr. 1998 | Joined Credit Suisse First Boston Securities (Japan) Limited |
| Dec. 1999 | Joined Nikko Citigroup Limited (currently, Citigroup Global Markets Japan Inc.) |
| Mar. 2005 | Executive Officer of Nikko Citigroup Limited, Internal Control Supervisory Manager |
| Jul. 2009 | Managing Director of Group Compliance Department of the Company |
| Apr. 2012 | Senior Managing Director of the Company, Head of Wholesale Compliance |
| Jun. 2012 | Senior Managing Director of the Company, Group Compliance Head (concurrently Senior Managing Director of Nomura Securities Co., Ltd.) |
| Apr. 2013 | Senior Managing Director of the Company, Group Compliance Head (concurrently Representative Executive Officer of Nomura Securities Co., Ltd., Internal Control Supervisory Manager) |
| Apr. 2015 | Senior Managing Director of the Company, Deputy Chief of Staff and Group Compliance Head (concurrently Representative Executive Officer and Senior Corporate Managing Director of Nomura Securities Co., Ltd., Internal Control Supervisory Manager) |
| Apr. 2016 | Advisor of the Company |
| Jun. 2016 | Director of the Company (Current) |

(Significant concurrent positions)

Statutory Auditor of Nomura Financial Products & Services, Inc.

(Reasons for designation as a director nominee)

Mr. Miyashita has engaged in legal and compliance work for many years at a number of securities companies, including the Company, and by working in positions such as the Group Compliance Head of the Nomura Group, he has extensive experience and knowledge in the compliance field.

If his reappointment is approved, he is slated to continue serving as a full-time member of the Audit Committee after this Annual General Meeting of Shareholders. The Company has designated Mr. Miyashita, who is well-versed in the business of the Nomura Group, as a director nominee with the expectation that, by adding him to the Audit Committee, the effectiveness of audits by the Audit Committee will be enhanced.

Mr. Miyashita does not concurrently serve as an executive officer and is a non-executive director.

Outside Director Nominees (Nominee Numbers 5 to 10)

All six Outside Director nominees satisfy the Independence Criteria established by the Company. Further, the Company has designated all Outside Director nominees as Independent Directors (an outside director who does not have any danger of having conflicts of interest with general shareholders in accordance with the rules of the Tokyo Stock Exchange, Inc.).

(Reference) "Independence Criteria" for Outside Directors of Nomura Holdings, Inc.

Outside Directors of Nomura Holdings, Inc. shall satisfy the requirements set forth below to maintain their independence from the Nomura Group.

- 1. The person, currently, or within the last three years, shall not correspond to a person listed below.
 - (1) Person Related to the Company
 - A person satisfying any of the following requirements shall be considered a Person Related to the Company:
 - Executive (*1) of another company where any Executive of the Company serves as a director or officer of that company;
 - Major shareholder of the Company (directly or indirectly holding more than 10% of the voting rights) or Executive of such major shareholder; or
 - Partner of the Company's accounting auditor or employee of such firm who works on the Company's audit.
 - (2) Executive of a Major Lender (*2) of the Company.
 - (3) Executive of a Major Business Partner (*3) of the Company (including Partners, etc.).
 - (4) A person receiving compensation from the Nomura Group of more than 10 million yen per year, excluding director/officer compensation.
 - (5) A person executing the business of an institution receiving more than a Certain Amount of Donation (*4) from the Company.
- 2. The person's spouse, relatives within the second degree of kinship or anyone who lives with the person shall not correspond to a person listed below (excluding persons in unimportant positions):
 - (1) Executive of the Nomura Group; or
 - (2) A person identified in any of subsections (1) \sim (5) in Section 1 above.

(Notes)

- *1: Executive shall mean Executive Directors (gyoumu shikkou torishimariyaku), Executive Officers (shikkouyaku) and important employees (jyuuyou na shiyounin), including Senior Managing Directors (shikkouyakuin), etc.
- *2: Major Lender shall mean a lender from whom the Company borrows an amount equal to or greater than 2% of the consolidated total assets of the Company.
- *3: Major Business Partner shall mean a business partner whose transactions with the Company exceed 2% of such business partner's consolidated gross revenues in the last completed fiscal year.
- *4: Certain amount of donation shall mean, with respect to any given institution, any amount that exceeds 2% of the donee institution's gross revenue or ordinary income, whichever is greater, or donations that exceed 10 million yen per year.

End.



Chairman of the Nomination Committee

Chairman of the Compensation Committee

Outside Director, Independent Director Reappointment

Number of years in office: 5 years

Attendance at Meetings of the Board of Directors: 11/11

Attendance at Meetings of the Nomination Committee: 9/9

Attendance at Meetings of the Compensation Committee: 8/8

Number of shares held: 200 shares of common stock

| Apr. 1976 | Joined Japan Tobacco and Salt Public Corporation (currently, Japan |
|-----------|--|
| | Tobacco Inc.) ("JT") |
| Jun. 1999 | Director of JT |
| Jun. 2001 | Resigned as Director of JT |
| Jun. 2005 | Director of JT |
| Jun. 2006 | President and CEO and Representative Director of JT |
| Jun. 2012 | Chairman of the Board of JT |
| Jun. 2014 | Special Advisor of JT |
| Jun. 2015 | Outside Director of the Company (Current) |
| Jul. 2016 | Advisor of JT |
| Mar. 2018 | Honorary Company Fellow of JT (Current) |

(Significant concurrent positions)

Honorary Company Fellow of JT

(Reasons for designation as an outside director nominee)

Mr. Kimura has extensive experience with respect to corporate management, and including the holding in the past of positions such as President, CEO and Representative Director of the Board of JT and Chairman of the Board of JT, such achievements and related insights have been evaluated highly both within and outside of the Company.

The Company has designated him as an outside director nominee with the expectation that he will continue to apply his extensive experience and high level of independence to perform a full role as an outside director in determining important managerial matters and overseeing the business execution of the Company.

If his reappointment is approved, he is slated to continue serving as Chairman of the Nomination Committee and Chairman of the Compensation Committee after this Annual General Meeting of Shareholders.



Member of the Nomination Committee

Member of the Compensation Committee

Outside Director, Independent Director Reappointment

Number of years in office: 2 years

Attendance at Meetings of the Board of Directors: 11/11

Attendance at Meetings of the Nomination Committee: 9/9

Attendance at Meetings of the Compensation Committee: 8/8

Number of shares held: 0 shares of common stock

| Apr. 1979 Jan. 2006 | Joined Asahi Glass Co., Ltd. (currently, AGC Inc.) ("AGC") Executive Officer and GM of Kansai Plant of AGC | | | | |
|------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| Jan. 2007 | Senior Executive Officer and GM of Electronics & Energy General Division of AGC | | | | |
| Mar. 2008 | Representative Director and President & COO of AGC | | | | |
| Jan. 2010 | Representative Director and President & CEO of AGC | | | | |
| Jan. 2015 | Representative Director & Chairman of AGC | | | | |
| Jan. 2018 | Director & Chairman of AGC | | | | |
| Jun. 2018 | Outside Director of the Company (Current) | | | | |
| Mar. 2020 | Director of AGC (Current) | | | | |
| Apr. 2020 | President of the National Institute of Advanced Industrial Science and Technology (Current) | | | | |

(Significant concurrent positions)

Director of AGC

Outside Director of TDK Corporation

Outside Director of IHI Corporation

President of the National Institute of Advanced Industrial Science and Technology

(Reasons for designation as an outside director nominee)

Mr. Ishimura has extensive experience with respect to corporate management, and including the holding in the past of positions such as Representative Director and President and CEO, and Chairman of the Board of AGC, such achievements and related insights have been evaluated highly both within and outside of the Company.

The Company has designated him as an outside director nominee with the expectation that he will continue to apply his extensive experience and high level of independence to perform a full role as an outside director in determining important managerial matters and overseeing the business execution of the Company.

If his reappointment is approved, he is slated to continue serving as a member of the Nomination Committee and a member of the Compensation Committee after this Annual General Meeting of Shareholders.



Chairman of the Audit Committee

Outside Director, Independent Director Reappointment

Number of years in office: 4 years

Attendance at Meetings of the Board of Directors: 11/11

Attendance at Meetings of the Audit Committee: 16/16

Number of shares held: 15,400 shares of common stock

| Apr. 1969 | Joined Sumitomo Corporation |
|-----------|---|
| Jun. 1998 | Director of Sumitomo Corporation |
| Apr. 2002 | Representative Director and Managing Director of Sumitomo Corporation |
| Jan. 2003 | Member of the Business Accounting Council of the Financial Services Agency |
| Apr. 2004 | Representative Director and Senior Managing Executive Officer of Sumitomo Corporation |
| Apr. 2005 | Representative Director and Executive Vice President of Sumitomo Corporation |
| Jan. 2009 | Trustee of the IASC Foundation (currently, IFRS Foundation) |
| Jul. 2009 | Special Advisor of Sumitomo Corporation |
| Jun. 2011 | Director of the Financial Accounting Standards Foundation |
| Jun. 2011 | Chairman of Self-regulation Board and Public Governor of the Japan Securities Dealers Association |
| Sep. 2013 | Advisor of the IFRS Foundation Asia-Oceania Office (Current) |
| Sep. 2013 | Advisor of the Japanese Institute of Certified Public Accountants (Current) |
| Jun. 2016 | Outside Director of the Company (concurrently Director of Nomura Securities Co., Ltd.) (Current) |

(Significant concurrent positions)

Outside Director of Loginet Japan Co., Ltd. Director of Nomura Securities Co., Ltd. (*)

(Reasons for designation as an outside director nominee)

Mr. Shimazaki has extensive experience with respect to corporate management and a high degree of expertise with regard to international accounting systems corresponding to a Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 financial expert. Including the holding in the past of positions such as Representative Director and Executive Vice President of Sumitomo Corporation, Member of the Business Accounting Council of the Financial Services Agency, Trustee of IASC Foundation and Director of the Financial Accounting Standards Foundation, such achievements and related insights have been evaluated highly both within and outside of the Company.

The Company has designated him as an outside director nominee with the expectation that he will apply his extensive experience and high degree of expertise and independence to perform a full role as an outside director in determining important managerial matters and overseeing the business execution of the Company.

If his reappointment is approved, he is slated to continue serving as a member of the Audit Committee (Chairman) after this Annual General Meeting of Shareholders.

*Mr. Shimazaki, at Nomura Securities Co., Ltd, is a non-executive director and serves as Chairman of the Audit and Supervisory Committee. Since he is an outside director of the Company, in accordance with Article 2, Item 15(c) of the Companies Act, he is not an outside director of Nomura Securities Co., Ltd. and is instead a director.



Member of the Audit Committee

Outside Director, Independent Director Reappointment

Number of years in office: 3 years

Attendance at Meetings of the Board of Directors: 11/11

Attendance at Meetings of the Audit Committee: 16/16

Number of shares held: 0 shares of common stock

| Oct. 1976 | Joined NISSHIN Audit Corporation (*) |
|------------------------|--|
| Mar. 1979 | Registered as Certified Public Accountant |
| Nov. 1988 | Partner of CENTURY Audit Corporation (*) |
| Nov. 1990 | Member of "Certified Public Accountant Examination System Subcommittee", Certified Public Accountant Examination and Investigation Board, Ministry of Finance |
| Apr. 1992 | Member of "Business Accounting Council", Ministry of Finance |
| Dec. 1994 | Senior Partner, CENTURY Audit Corporation (*) |
| Oct. 2002 | Member of Secretariat of the Information Disclosure, Cabinet Office (currently, Secretariat of the Information Disclosure and Personal Information Protection Review Board, Ministry of Internal Affairs and Communications) |
| Apr. 2005 | External Comprehensive Auditor, Tokyo |
| Jul. 2008 | Senior Partner of Ernst & Young ShinNihon LLC |
| Aug. 2012 | Retired from Ernst & Young ShinNihon LLC |
| Dec. 2013 Jun. 2017 | Commissioner of the Securities and Exchange Surveillance Commission Outside Director of the Company (Current) |
| (Significant co | ancurrent positions) |

(Significant concurrent positions)

None

(Reasons for designation as an outside director nominee)

Ms. Sono has a high degree of expertise with respect to corporate accounting based on many years of experience as a Certified Public Accountant and has held positions such as External Comprehensive Auditor, Tokyo, and Member of "Business Accounting Council," Ministry of Finance. Further, after retiring from the Audit Firm, she served as Commissioner of the Securities and Exchange Surveillance Commission, and such achievements and related insights have been evaluated highly both within and outside of the Company.

The Company has designated her as an outside director nominee with the expectation that she will apply her extensive experience and high degree of expertise and independence to perform a full role as an outside director in determining important managerial matters and overseeing the business execution of the Company.

If her reappointment is approved, she is slated to continue serving as a member of the Audit Committee after this Annual General Meeting of Shareholders.

(Supplementary note regarding independence)

Although Ms. Sono was, in the past, a Senior Partner of Ernst & Young ShinNihon LLC ("E&Y"), the current corporate auditor of the Company, for the reasons set forth below, the Company has determined that Ms. Sono's background does not compromise her independence as an Outside Director.

The fact that just under eight years have passed since Ms. Sono retired from E&Y, after which she has had no involvement whatsoever in E&Y's management and financial policy.

The fact that Ms. Sono, during her tenure at E&Y, was never involved in an accounting audit of the Company and also never belonged to the Financial Division that is responsible for accounting audits of financial institutions.

Further, in addition to satisfying the Company's Independence Criteria for Outside Directors and requirements for Independent Directors as established by the Tokyo Stock Exchange, Inc., Ms. Sono also satisfies independence requirements for an audit committee member of the Company as established by the New York Stock Exchange.

*Each of the corporations is currently Ernst & Young ShinNihon LLC



Outside Director, Independent Director Reappointment

Number of years in office: 9 years

Attendance at Meetings of the Board of Directors: 11/11

Number of shares held: 0 shares of common stock

| Aug. 1972 Jan. 1992 | Joined Price Waterhouse, Singapore Managing Partner of Price Waterhouse, Singapore |
|------------------------|---|
| Oct. 1998 | Member of the Singapore Public Service Commission (Current) |
| Jul. 1999 | Executive Chairman of PricewaterhouseCoopers, Singapore |
| Sep. 2002 | Chairman of the Land Transport Authority of Singapore |
| Sep. 2004 | Independent Director of Olam International Limited |
| Jun. 2011 | Outside Director of the Company (Current) |
| Nov. 2011 | Chairman of the Accounting Standards Council, Singapore |
| Apr. 2013 | Chairman of the Singapore Accountancy Commission |
| Sep. 2016 | Non-Executive Chairman of Fullerton Healthcare Corporation Limited |
| | (Current) |

(Significant concurrent positions)

Non-Executive Chairman of Fullerton Healthcare Corporation Limited Non-Executive Chairman of Nomura Singapore Ltd.

(Reasons for designation as an outside director nominee)

Mr. Lim is well-versed in international accounting systems and has held positions, including Executive Chairman of PricewaterhouseCoopers (Singapore) and public service roles in Singapore, and was also awarded with honors by the Government of Singapore three times between 1998 and 2010, etc., and such achievements and related insights have been evaluated highly both within and outside of the Company.

The Company has designated him as an outside director nominee with the expectation that he will continue to apply his global and extensive experience and high degree of expertise and independence to perform a full role as an outside director in determining important managerial matters and overseeing the business execution of the Company.



Outside Director, Independent Director Reappointment

Number of years in office: 2 years

Attendance at Meetings of the Board of Directors: 11/11

Number of shares held: (1,000 ADRs (*))

| Jan. 1988 | Enforcement Attorney of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") |
|-----------|---|
| Oct. 1990 | Counsel of the U.S. Senate Committee on Banking, Housing and Urban |
| Nov. 1997 | Affairs Commissioner of the SEC |
| Feb. 2001 | Acting Chairperson of the SEC |
| Jul. 2002 | Regulatory Expert of CNBC |
| May 2003 | Independent Consultant of JPMorgan Chase & Co. |
| Aug. 2004 | Independent Director of CA Inc. |
| Jan. 2010 | Special Advisor of Promontory Financial Group |
| Dec. 2010 | Independent Director of CIT Group Inc. (Current) |
| Nov. 2014 | Independent Director of Navient Corporation (Current) |
| Jun. 2018 | Outside Director of the Company (Current) |
| (CC.) | |

(Significant concurrent positions)

Independent Director of CIT Group Inc.

Independent Director of Navient Corporation

Independent Director of Nomura Securities International, Inc.

(Reasons for designation as an outside director nominee)

Ms. Unger, by serving as a Commissioner and as Acting Chairman of the SEC, etc., is well-versed in finance-related legal systems, and such achievements and related insights have been evaluated highly both within and outside of the Company.

The Company has designated her as an outside director nominee with the expectation that she will continue to apply her extensive experience and high degree of expertise and independence to perform a full role as an outside director in determining important managerial matters and overseeing the business execution of the Company.

^{*}American Depositary Receipts

(Notes)

- 3. There are no particular conflicts of interest between the Company and each of the 10 nominees.
- 4. The Company has entered into agreements to limit Companies Act Article 423 Paragraph 1 liability for damages (limitation of liability agreements) with each of the following director nominees: Mr. Hisato Miyashita, Mr. Hiroshi Kimura, Mr. Kazuhiko Ishimura, Mr. Noriaki Shimazaki, Ms. Mari Sono, Mr. Michael Lim Choo San, and Ms. Laura Simone Unger. Liability under each such agreement is limited to either 20 million yen or the amount prescribed by laws and regulations, whichever is greater. If Mr. Hisato Miyashita, Mr. Hiroshi Kimura, Mr. Kazuhiko Ishimura, Mr. Noriaki Shimazaki, Ms. Mari Sono, Mr. Michael Lim Choo San, and Ms. Laura Simone Unger are each reappointed at this Annual General Meeting of Shareholders, the Company is planning to maintain the limitation of liability agreements stated above with each of them.
- 5. Outside director nominee Mr. Noriaki Shimazaki had concurrently served as an outside director of UKC Holdings Corporation (currently, Restar Holdings Corporation) ("UKC") until March 2019. UKC, for submitting annual securities reports and quarterly reports containing false statements concerning important matters during the period from June 2015 to February 2017, received an administrative monetary penalty payment order in accordance with the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act from the Financial Services Agency in December 2018.
 Mr. Noriaki Shimazaki, although not recognizing this until such facts became clear, on a regular basis had been carrying out activities such as making recommendations standing from the perspective of compliance with laws and regulations as an outside director, and further, after such facts became clear, by engaging in activities such as making recommendations regarding maters such as recurrence prevention measures to the board of directors as the Chairman of the "Committee to Consider the Third-Party Committee's Report," the duties as an outside director were performed.
- 6. The outside director nominees Mr. Hiroshi Kimura and Mr. Kazuhiko Ishimura both concurrently serve as outside directors of IHI Corporation ("IHI") (Mr. Hiroshi Kimura is scheduled to resign at the end of June, 2020). IHI, regarding its civil aero engine maintenance business, received an order in accordance with the Aircraft Manufacturing Industry Act in March 2019 to carry out repairs in accordance with the repair methods approved by the Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry, and received a business improvement order in accordance with the Civil Aeronautics Act from the Ministry of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism in April 2019.

 Both of them, although not recognizing this until such facts became clear, on a regular basis had been carrying out activities such as making recommendations standing from the perspective of compliance with laws and regulations, and further, after such facts became clear, by engaging in activity such as asking for an investigation of the facts and appropriate recurrence prevention measures to be taken at meetings of the board of directors, the duties as outside directors were performed.
- 7. The Company and Nomura Securities Co., Ltd., a subsidiary of the Company, received a business improvement order from the Financial Services Agency in May 2019, after Nomura Securities Co., Ltd. was found to have improperly handled information relating to the listing and delisting criteria for the upper market, which was under review by the Tokyo Stock Exchange, Inc. In response to this incident, the Company and Nomura Securities Co., Ltd. have reviewed the organizational structure of the equity business within the Wholesale division, and developed a system to strictly control non-public information that could have a material impact on investment decisions. In December 2019, Nomura Group has established the "Nomura Group Code of Conduct" as guidelines for action to be taken in order to increase awareness of the importance of responding to the role expected from the society as a financial services group. At the same time, Nomura Group has developed an internal management system to promote appropriate actions (Conduct) based on the Code of Conduct.

The outside director nominees Mr. Hiroshi Kimura, Mr. Kazuhiko Ishimura, Mr. Noriaki Shimazaki, Ms. Mari Sono, Mr. Michael Lim Choo San, and Ms. Laura Simone Unger, had not been aware of this fact until the occurrence of this incident, but on a regular basis they have made remarks from the viewpoint of legal compliance at the Board of Directors meetings of the Company, etc., and further, after the occurrence of this incident, they have made a variety of proposals regarding the establishment of improvement measures, measures for their implementation, and measures to keep them firmly established and functioning effectively.

In addition, the outside director nominee Mr. Noriaki Shimazaki, concurrently serves as director of Nomura Securities Co., Ltd. Although he was not aware of this fact until the occurrence of the incident as described above, he made remarks from the viewpoint of legal compliance at the Board of Directors meetings of Nomura Securities Co., Ltd. and other meetings, and after the occurrence of the incident, as the chairperson of the Audit and Supervisory Committee, he made various proposals regarding the establishment of improvement measures, measures for their implementation, and measures to keep them firmly established and functioning effectively.

Reference

The structure below is planned for the Nomination Committee, the Compensation Committee and the Audit Committee after the conclusion of this Annual General Meeting of Shareholders:

Nomination Committee: Hiroshi Kimura (chairman), Kazuhiko Ishimura, and Koji Nagai Compensation Committee: Hiroshi Kimura (chairman), Kazuhiko Ishimura, and Koji Nagai Noriaki Shimazaki (chairman), Mari Sono, and Hisato Miyashita

End.

(Reference)Board of Directors after this Annual General Meetings of Shareholders

| (11010101101) | | Comi | mittee Particip | ation ¹ | Experience | | | | |
|----------------------|--|------------|-----------------|--------------------|----------------------|------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|-------------------|
| Name | Positions | Nomination | Compensation | Audit | Corporate management | International business | Securities industry | Accounting/Financial | Legal/Regulations |
| Koji Nagai | Non-Executive Director (Chairman of the Board of Directors) | 0 | 0 | | 1 | 1 | 1 | | |
| Kentaro Okuda | Representative Executive Officer, President Group CEO | | | | 1 | 1 | 1 | | |
| Toshio Morita | Representative Executive Officer | | | | 1 | | 1 | | |
| Hisato Miyashita | Non-Executive Director | | | 0 | | 1 | 1 | | √ |
| Hiroshi Kimura | Outside Director | 0 | 0 | | 1 | 1 | | | |
| Kazuhiko Ishimura | Outside Director | 0 | 0 | | 1 | 1 | | | |
| Noriaki Shimazaki | Outside Director | | | © | • | • | | • | |
| Mari Sono | Outside Director | | | 0 | | | | 1 | V |
| Michael Lim Choo San | Outside Director | | | | | 1 | | 1 | |
| Laura Simone Unger | Outside Director | | | | | 1 | | | 1 |

^{1. ©:}Chairman, O:Member

(Attachments to Notice of Convocation of the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders)

Report for the 116th Fiscal Year

From April 1, 2019 to March 31, 2020

I. Current State of Nomura Group

1. Fundamental Management Policy and Structure of Business Operations

(1) Fundamental Management Policy

Nomura Group's management vision is to enhance its corporate value by deepening society's trust in the firm and increasing the satisfaction of stakeholders, including shareholders and clients. focused on

In this fiscal year, as "Asia's global investment bank" Nomura focused on providing high value-added solutions to clients globally, and, contributing to economic growth and development of society while recognizing its wider social responsibility.

To enhance its corporate value, Nomura emphasized Earnings Per Share ("EPS") as a management index.

(2) Structure of Business Operations

Nomura Group's divisions are comprised of four divisions (Retail Division, Asset Management Division, Wholesale Division and Merchant Banking Division). All divisions work together to manage business operations across the Group. Nomura Group shall delegate its powers to each of these business divisions to an appropriate extent and establish its business execution structure by enhancing professional skills, while strengthening global linkages among these business divisions, and fully demonstrating Nomura Group's comprehensive capabilities.

2. Progress and Results of the Nomura Group's Business Activities

(1) Summary

Although the global economy continued to expand during the fiscal year ended March 31, 2020, the spread of the novel coronavirus from the beginning of 2020 hampered economic activity, including consumption and production. In the U.S., real Gross Domestic Product ("GDP") growth slowed from 2018, but the economy continued to show solid growth supported by healthy personal consumption and increased government spending. At the same time, companies were cautious on capital expenditure, reflecting uncertainties such as heightened U.S.-China trade friction through the summer. To ameliorate the impact on the economy of U.S.-China trade friction and the novel coronavirus outbreak, the Federal Reserve Board (FRB) intensified monetary policy easing, lowering the policy interest rate and resuming quantitative easing measures, in addition to which the U.S. government embarked on fiscal expansion. In China, exports slowed on the U.S.-China trade friction and the spread of the novel coronavirus in developed economies, and companies reined in capital expenditures. Moreover, smaller businesses and service industries were not yet back to normal operating rates, putting a damper on employment conditions and domestic consumer spending. In response, government authorities encouraged banks to step up lending, giving rise to an outlook for a gradual credit expansion in the country. On the fiscal policy front, the Chinese government put forth enhanced economic stimulus measures, such as temporarily removing the tacit ceiling of 3% on the ratio of the budget deficit to GDP. In Europe, U.S.-China trade friction depressed external demand, and stricter EU emission standards for new vehicles dampened production output, but consumer spending remained firm thanks to solid employment. The spread of the novel coronavirus in March 2020, however, prompted governments in many European countries to institute stay-at-home orders, which greatly restricted consumption and production activities in the region.

While Japan's economy had been showing growth, albeit modest, through the first half of the fiscal year ended March 31, 2020, a hike to the consumption tax rate implemented in October 2019 caused personal consumption to fall sharply. Exports were weak from the second half of 2018 on the impact of U.S.-China trade friction and this weighed on companies' capital expenditure, but following the consumption tax hike the drop in capital expenditure came sharply into focus. Since the start of 2020, the novel coronavirus outbreak resulted in a sharp decline in inbound tourists and related demand, and personal consumption fell further as people stayed home. The

economic slowdown had an impact on corporate earnings as well, and recurring profits look likely to fall for the first time in eight years for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2020. Furthermore, with concerns regarding the escalating impact on the economy and corporate earnings of the novel coronavirus outbreak, the stock market fell sharply in the second half of the fiscal year ended March 31, 2020, and market volatility was high.

From a regulatory perspective, in addition to the implementation of Basel III requirements relating to capital ratio, liquidity ratio, and leverage ratio, Nomura has been identified as one of Domestic Systemically Important Banks. Nomura will continue to monitor closely and take necessary measures in responding to wide-ranging reforms as part of the global tightening of financial regulations. Also, amid the global economic downturn caused by the spread of COVID-19 and subsequent changes in monetary policies by central banks as well as uncertainty created by Brexit in January 2020, Nomura is contemplating and implementing appropriate measures by paying necessary attention to the changes in global operating environment.

In April 2019, we announced plans to rebuild our business platform. As a result of our ongoing initiatives and our continued focus on providing solutions to our clients in areas where we have a competitive advantage, pretax income rebounded strongly, while our environment is changing drastically.

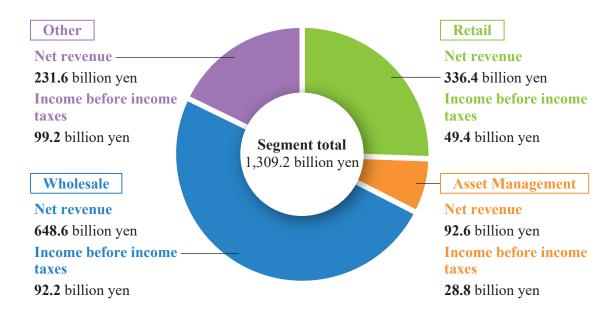
We posted net revenue of 1,287.8 billion yen for the year ended March 31, 2020, an increase of 15.3% from the previous fiscal year. Non-interest expenses decreased by 10.0% to 1,039.6 billion yen, income before income taxes was 248.3 billion yen, and net income attributable to the shareholders of Nomura Holdings, Inc. was 217.0 billion yen. Return on equity was 8.2%. EPS⁽¹⁾ for the year ended March 31, 2020 was 66.20 yen an increase from (29.92) yen for the year ended March 31, 2019. We have decided to pay a dividend of 5 yen per share to shareholders of record as of March 31, 2020. As a result, the total annual dividend will be 20 yen per share. (Note):

1. Diluted net income (loss) attributable to Nomura Holdings' shareholders per share.

Consolidated Financial Results

| | Billions of yen For the year ended | | % Change |
|---|-------------------------------------|--------------------|------------|
| | | | (D. A)/(A) |
| | March 31, 2019 (A) | March 31, 2020 (B) | (B-A)/(A) |
| Net revenue | 1,116.8 | 1,287.8 | 15.3 |
| Non-interest expenses | 1,154.5 | 1,039.6 | (10.0) |
| Income (loss) before income taxes | (37.7) | 248.3 | |
| Income tax expense | 57.0 | 28.9 | (49.3) |
| Net income (loss) | (94.7) | 219.4 | |
| Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests | 5.7 | 2.4 | (58.7) |
| Net income (loss) attributable to NHI shareholders | (100.4) | 217.0 | |
| Return on shareholders' equity | (3.7%) | 8.2% | |

Revenue distribution For the year ended March 31, 2020



(2) Segment Information

We report our operations and business results by reporting segment that corresponds to the following three divisions: Retail, Asset Management and Wholesale.

Business Segment Results

| , and the second | Billions | % Change | |
|--|--------------------|--------------------|-----------|
| | For the ye | (B-A)/(A) | |
| | March 31, 2019 (A) | March 31, 2020 (B) | (D-A)/(A) |
| Net revenue | 1,124.0 | 1,309.2 | 16.5 |
| Non-interest expenses | 1,154.5 | 1,039.6 | (10.0) |
| Income (loss) before income taxes | (30.5) | 269.6 | |

In business segment totals, which exclude unrealized gain (loss) on investments in equity securities held for operating purposes, net revenue for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2020 was 1,309.2 billion yen, an increase of 16.5% from the previous year. Non-interest expenses for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2020 decreased by 10.0% from the previous year to 1,039.6 billion yen. Income before income taxes was 269.6 billion yen for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2020.

Operating Results of Retail

| | Billions | % Change | |
|----------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-----------|
| | For the year ended | | (B-A)/(A) |
| | March 31, 2019 (A) | March 31, 2020 (B) | (D-A)/(A) |
| Net revenue | 339.5 | 336.4 | (0.9) |
| Non-interest expenses | 290.0 | 286.9 | (1.1) |
| Income before income taxes | 49.5 | 49.4 | (0.1) |

Net revenue decreased by 0.9% from the previous fiscal year to 336.4 billion yen, and non-interest expenses decreased by 1.1% to 286.9 billion yen. As a result, income before income taxes decreased by 0.1% to 49.4 billion yen.

Based on the basic concept of "Enriching clients by responding to their asset concerns", Retail Division has been working on consulting business in close cooperation with each customer with the aim of becoming "the most trusted partner". In the current fiscal year, sales of investment trusts and equities were sluggish due to the decline in customers' investment mindset against the backdrop of the unstable market environment. However, signs of changes are beginning to appear, as we have made a transition to the sales structure that meets the needs of our clients. In addition to Asset Management, we will enhance our products and services such as; Real Estate, Inheritance, or Succession, which aims to provide various solutions and advices to clients' entire asset. We are also taking digital approaches in addition to face-to-face approaches, to provide services to a wider range of clients. We will further strengthen our digital approach.

Operating Results of Asset Management

| | Billions | % Change | |
|----------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-----------|
| | For the y | (D. A)/(A) | |
| | March 31, 2019 (A) | March 31, 2020 (B) | (B-A)/(A) |
| Net revenue | 97.8 | 92.6 | (5.4) |
| Non-interest expenses | 63.7 | 63.8 | 0.3 |
| Income before income taxes | 34.2 | 28.8 | (15.8) |

Net revenue decreased by 5.4% from the previous fiscal year to 92.6 billion yen. Non-interest expenses increased by 0.3% to 63.8 billion yen. As a result, income before income taxes decreased by 15.8% to 28.8 billion yen.

In the investment trust business, the inflow to ETFs, funds that contribute to asset formation and funds for defined contribution pension plans for the 100 years of life is continuing. On the other hand, there was an outflow of funds such as emerging markets funds. In the investment advisory business, although we saw cash inflow mainly from public pension funds, there was an outflow mainly from high yield related products in overseas. As a result, revenue decreased as assets under management decreased from the end of the previous fiscal year as of March 31, 2020, and due to the valuation of American Century Investments, our strategic partner.

Operating Results of Wholesale

| | Billions | % Change | |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-------------|
| | For the year ended | | (B-A)/(A) |
| | March 31, 2019 (A) | March 31, 2020 (B) | (D-11)/(11) |
| Net revenue | 555.4 | 648.6 | 16.8 |
| Non-interest expenses | 666.8 | 556.4 | (16.6) |
| Income (loss) before income taxes | (111.4) | 92.2 | |

The Wholesale Division consists of two businesses, Global Markets which is engaged in the trading, sales and structuring of financial products, and Investment Banking which is engaged in financing and advisory businesses.

Net revenue increased by 16.8% from the previous fiscal year to 648.6 billion yen. Non-interest expenses decreased by 16.6% to 556.4 billion yen from previous year when we recognized a loss of 81.0 billion yen from the goodwill impairment attributable to Wholesale. As a result, income before income taxes was 92.2 billion yen. Income before income taxes for the year ended March 31, 2020 includes approximately 35 billion yen mark down mainly on our loan-related positions due to market dislocation in March.

Global Markets

In the year ended March 2020, we focused on core strengths in each region and stabilizing our performance, following strategic repositioning of business undertaken in April 2019. As a result, we delivered steady performance in both Fixed Income and Equities and continued to remain engaged with our clients, despite geopolitical uncertainties leading to challenging market environment for most part of the year.

Investment Banking

In this fiscal year, the global IB business performed stably until the third quarter, but the decline in customer activity and in the market caused by the spread of the new coronavirus infection in the fourth quarter affected business results. On the other hand, the diversification of revenue opportunities that we have worked on mainly overseas has progressed. Europe, Middle East and Africa ("EMEA") and Asia ex-Japan ("AEJ") revenues from M&A and DCM (debt-related fundraising business) exceeded the previous fiscal year's revenue respectively. We provide custom-made solutions by carefully grasping the needs of our clients.

On April 1, 2020, we completed the acquisition of Greentech Capital, LLC, an M&A boutique that is strong in renewable energy technologies and facilities.

Other

| | Billions | % Change | |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-----------|
| | For the ye | (B-A)/(A) | |
| | March 31, 2019 (A) | March 31, 2020 (B) | (D-A)/(A) |
| Net revenue | 131.3 | 231.6 | 76.4 |
| Non-interest expenses | 134.0 | 132.4 | (1.2) |
| Income (loss) before income taxes | (2.8) 99.2 | | |

Net revenue increased by 76.4% from the previous fiscal year to 231.6 billion yen including realized gain of 73.3 billion yen from the sale of Nomura Research Institute ordinary shares in July, 2019. Non-interest expenses decreased by 1.2% to 132.4 billion yen. As a result, income before income taxes was 99.2 billion yen.

3. Financing Situation

(1) Funding situation

In terms of funding, the Company, Nomura Securities Co., Ltd., Nomura Europe Finance N.V., Nomura Bank International plc, Nomura International Funding Pte. Ltd., and Nomura Global Finance Co., Ltd. are the main group entities that borrow externally, issue debt instruments and engage in other funding activities. By raising funds to match the currencies and liquidities of our assets or by using foreign exchange swaps as necessary, we pursue optimization of our funding structures.

(2) Capital Expenditures

Capital expenditures focus primarily on investment in systems with the objective in encouraging business activities further in Japan and overseas. In Retail Division, we have improved online-based services in order to provide more convenient services for our clients. In Wholesale Division, we have been continuously enhancing the trading systems as well as strengthening the infrastructure system in order to navigate through the global markets and achieve best execution more stably and efficiently.

4. Results of Operations and Assets

| (| in | hil | lions | of ve | n excep | t ner s | share o | lata in ' | ven) | |
|---|-----|-----|--------|-------|----------|---------|---------|-----------|---------|--|
| ١ | 111 | UII | 110113 | OI YC | II CACCP | t bor ' | marc (| aata III | y CII) | |

| Period Item | 113th Fiscal Year (April 1, 2016 to March 31, 2017) | 114th Fiscal Year (April 1, 2017 to March 31, 2018) | 115th Fiscal Year (April 1, 2018 to March 31, 2019) | 116th Fiscal Year (April 1, 2019 to March 31, 2020) |
|--|---|---|---|---|
| Total Revenue | 1,715.5 | 1,972.2 | 1,835.1 | 1,952.5 |
| Net revenue | 1,403.2 | 1,497.0 | 1,116.8 | 1,287.8 |
| Income (loss) before income taxes | 322.8 | 328.2 | (37.7) | 248.3 |
| Net income (loss) attributable to NHI shareholders | 239.6 | 219.3 | (100.4) | 217.0 |
| Basic-Net income (loss) attributable to NHI shareholders per share | 67.29 | 63.13 | (29.90) | 67.76 |
| Diluted-Net income (loss) attributable to NHI shareholders per share | 65.65 | 61.88 | (29.92) | 66.20 |
| Total assets | 42,532.0 | 40,343.9 | 40,969.4 | 43,999.8 |
| Total NHI shareholders' equity | 2,789.9 | 2,749.3 | 2,631.1 | 2,653.5 |

(Note)

Stated in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the U.S.

5. Management Challenges and Strategies

The Nomura Group's management vision is to enhance its corporate value by deepening society's trust in the firm and increasing the satisfaction of stakeholders, including shareholders and clients.

In order to revamp our business model transformation in Japan and further improve profitability of our overseas operations, we were shifted to a business operating model to accelerate division's leadership as from May 2019.

We will continue to strive to maintain a business foundation that is capable of sustainable growth in any future conditions. Also, we recognize that ESG (Environmental, Social and Governance) initiatives are an important theme for sustainable growth.

Although the environment is undergoing major changes due to the spread of COVID-19, we activated Business Continuity Plans to provide financial services. We will continue to fulfill our responsibility critical to the proper functioning of society.

We will ensure our flexible and prompt response to changes in the global business environment, maintain an appropriate financial standing and make effective use of management resources through improved capital efficiency, etc.

The challenges and strategies in each division are as follows:

[Retail Division]

Based on the basic concept of "Enriching clients by responding to their asset concerns", Retail Division aims to become a financial institution that is required by many people. We will continue working on improving the skills of our Partners, and enhance wide range of products and services in order to accurately respond to diversifying clients' asset issues such as; Asset Succession or anxiety about lack of funds after retirement. Furthermore, in order to deliver products and services to clients who have never used Nomura, we will expand our online services and strengthen our remote consulting structure through call centers and other functions.

[Asset Management Division]

In our investment trust business, we will pursue providing clients with a diverse range of investment opportunities to meet investors' various needs, focusing on asset formation and retirement layers, where asset management needs are expected to increase further in the future. In our investment advisory business, we will aim to increase assets under management and expand our client base worldwide by providing value-added investment services.

Through our continued effort to deliver superior investment performance, as well as meeting various investment needs, we aim to become an asset management company highly regarded by investors from around the world.

[Wholesale Division]

The Wholesale division faces challenges presented by increasingly sophisticated needs of clients and technological advancement, coupled with challenged from uncertain market environment and potential economic downturn recently on the back of COVID-19. To ensure continuity of service as well as added value to clients, we will continue to enhance collaboration across regions and divisions as well as ensure tight risk control. We will continue efforts to diversify business portfolio and deploy financial resources to selective, high growth opportunities.

Global Markets aims to provide uninterrupted liquidity to our clients while positioning portfolio to weather a possible economic downturn, keeping tight risk control and discipline. Additionally, opportunistically pursue growth opportunities in areas like asset-side structured business / structured finance as well as client coverage and continue to make progress in digitization of Flow business and improved efficiency, differentiation.

In Investment Banking, we will continue to support our clients' cross-border M&A ambitions, facilitate their fundraising activities both in Japan and other geographies, as well as provide the full product suite of our Solutions Business as our clients continue to pursue the globalization of their business activities.

[Merchant Banking Division]

The Marchant Banking Division will primarily provide equity as a new solution for business reorganizations and revitalizations, business succession as well as management buyouts to cater to the increasingly diversified and sophisticated needs of our clients. The Marchant Banking Division will, under proper management of risk, focus on support for improving the enterprise value of portfolio companies, and will contribute to expansion of the private equity market.

[Risk Management and Compliance, etc.]

At the Nomura Group, the types and levels of risks for the purpose of achieving strategic objectives and business plans based on management philosophy is set forth as the Risk Appetite. We will continue to develop a risk management framework which ensures financial soundness, enhances corporate value, and is strategically aligned to the business plan and incorporated in decision making by senior management.

With regard to compliance, we will continue to focus on improving the management structure to comply with local laws and regulations in the countries where we operate. We also continue to review our internal systems and rules so that all executive management and employees can work autonomously with high ethical standards.

In March 2019, there was an incident that information related to the listing and delisting criteria for the upper market under review by the Tokyo Stock Exchange was handled improperly from the viewpoint of ensuring fair and sound markets in the course of communicating information at Nomura Securities Co., Ltd. In May the same year, Japan's Financial Services Agency issued a business improvement order against Nomura Holdings and Nomura Securities for their management control framework relating to information management. We have taken this matter very seriously, and are reviewing our organizational structures and developing rules. In addition, in order to ensure not only compliance with laws and regulations, but also that all executive management and employees are able to act in accordance with social norms, Nomura Group has established the "Nomura Group Code of Conduct" as guidelines for action to be taken, and is developing an effective internal management system to promote appropriate actions (Conduct) based on the Code of Conduct.

In addition, Nomura Group established the Nomura Founding Principles and Corporate Ethics Day in 2015. Commemorated annually, this day aims to remind all of our executive officers and employees of the lessons learned from the incident and to renew our determination to prevent similar incidents from recurring in the future and further improve public trust In this initiative, we strive to maintain a sound corporate culture through discussions on appropriate conduct, and will make further efforts to enable all of our executive officers and employee to act with high ethical standards as professionals engaged in capital markets.

As described above, we are working to achieve our management targets and devote our efforts to the stability and further develop financial and capital markets. Also, we aim to be a financial services group that society needs and our clients trust.

6. Major Business Activities

Nomura Group primarily operates in investment and financial services focusing on the securities business. We provide wide-ranging services to customers for both financing and investment through operations in Japan and other major financial capital markets around the world. Such services include securities trading and brokerage, underwriting and distribution, arrangement of offering and distribution, arrangement of private placement, principal finance, asset management, and other securities and financial business. We divide our business segments into four divisions of Retail, Asset Management, Wholesale and Merchant Banking.

In order to respond to our clients' increasingly diversified needs, we will further increase our lineup of services available to clients by focusing efforts on private side products and services such as private equities and privately placed bonds, in addition to products in public markets such as listed stocks and corporate bonds that we have been providing so far.

7. Organizational Structure

(1) Principal place of business in Japan

The Company: Head office (Tokyo)

Nomura Securities Co., Ltd. (Head office and local branches — 128 locations in total): Tokyo (Head office and local branches — 24 locations in total), Kanto area excluding Tokyo (29 branches), Hokkaido area (5 branches), Tohoku area (9 branches), Hokuriku area (4 branches), Chubu area (15 branches), Kinki area (18 branches), Chubu area (10 branches), Kinki area (18 branches), Chubu area (19 branches), Kinki area (19 branches), Chubu area (19 branches), Chu

Chugoku area (9 branches), Shikoku area (4 branches) and Kyushu and Okinawa area (11 branches)

Nomura Asset Management Co., Ltd. (Tokyo, Osaka, Fukuoka)

The Nomura Trust & Banking Co., Ltd. (Tokyo)

Nomura Facilities, Inc. (Tokyo)

Nomura Financial Products & Services, Inc. (Tokyo)

(2) Principal place of business overseas

Nomura Securities International, Inc. (New York, U.S.)

Nomura International plc (London, U.K.)

Nomura International (Hong Kong) Limited

Nomura Singapore Limited

Instinet Incorporated (New York, U.S.)

(3) Status of Employees

| | Employees | Increase / Decrease |
|---------|-----------|---------------------|
| Total | 26,629 | 1,239 Decrease |
| (Notes) | | |

- 1. Number of employees consists of the total number of employees of the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries (excluding temporary employees).
- 2. Number of employees excludes employees seconded outside the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries.

(4) Status of Significant Subsidiaries

| Name | Location | | Capital millions) | Percentage of Voting Rights | Type of Business |
|---|----------------------|------|----------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Nomura Securities Co., Ltd. | Tokyo, Japan | ¥ | 10,000 | 100% | Securities |
| Nomura Asset Management Co., Ltd | Tokyo, Japan | ¥ | 17,180 | 100% | Investment Trust |
| | | | | | Management / Investment |
| | | | | | Advisory |
| The Nomura Trust & Banking Co., Ltd | Tokyo, Japan | ¥ | 35,000 | 100% | Banking / Trust |
| Nomura Facilities, Inc. | Tokyo, Japan | ¥ | 480 | 100% | Business Space / Facility |
| | | | | | Management |
| Nomura Financial Products & Services, Inc | Tokyo, Japan | ¥ | 176,775 | 100% | Financial |
| Nomura Asia Pacific Holdings Co., Ltd | Tokyo, Japan | ¥ | 10 | 100% | Holding Company |
| Nomura Holding America Inc. | New York, U.S. | US\$ | 6,157.25 | 100% | Holding Company |
| Nomura Securities International, Inc. | New York, U.S. | US\$ | 3,650.00 | 100% * | Securities |
| Nomura America Mortgage Finance, LLC | New York, U.S. | US\$ | 1,783.49 | 100% * | Holding Company |
| Instinet Incorporated | New York, U.S. | US\$ | 1,329.70 | 100% * | Holding Company |
| Nomura Europe Holdings plc | London, U.K. | US\$ | 11,391.32 | 100% | Holding Company |
| Nomura International plc | London, U.K. | US\$ | 11,241.23 | 100% * | Securities |
| Nomura International (Hong Kong) Limited | Hong Kong | ¥ | 182,311 | 100% * | Securities |
| Nomura Singapore Limited | Singapore, Singapore | S\$ | 239.00 | 100% * | Securities / Financial |

(Notes)

^{1. &}quot;Capital" is stated in the currency on which each subsidiary's books of record are maintained. "Capital" of a subsidiary, whose paid-in capital is zero or is in nominal amount (primarily subsidiaries located in the U.S.), is disclosed in amount including additional paid-in capital. Percentages with "*" in the "Percentage of Voting Rights" column include voting rights from indirect ownership of shares.

^{2.} The total number of consolidated subsidiaries and consolidated variable interest entities as of March 31, 2020 was 1,342. The total number of entities accounted for under the equity method of accounting such as Nomura Research Institute, Ltd. and Nomura Real Estate Holdings, Inc. was 13 as of March 31, 2020.

8. Major Lenders

| Lender | Type of Loan | Loan Amount (in millions of yen) |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|
| MUFG Bank, Ltd | Long-term borrowing | 368,002 |
| Mizuho Bank, Ltd. | Long-term borrowing | 367,505 |
| Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation | Long-term borrowing | 359,898 |
| Resona Bank, Ltd. | Long-term borrowing | 49,479 |
| Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited. | Long-term borrowing | 180,379 |
| Mizuho Trust & Banking Co., Ltd | Long-term borrowing | 30,000 |
| The Chiba Bank, Ltd. | Long-term borrowing | 44,326 |
| The Shizuoka Bank, Ltd. | Long-term borrowing | 35,246 |
| The Norinchukin Bank | Long-term borrowing | 48,697 |
| Meiji Yasuda Life Insurance Company | Long-term borrowing | 31,643 |

9. Capital Management Policy

We seek to enhance shareholder value and to capture growing business opportunities by maintaining sufficient levels of capital. We will continue to review our levels of capital as appropriate, taking into consideration the economic risks inherent to operating our businesses, the regulatory requirements, and maintaining our ratings necessary to operate businesses globally.

We believe that raising corporate value over the long term and paying dividends is essential to rewarding shareholders. We will strive to pay dividends using a consolidated pay-out ratio of 30 percent of each semi-annual consolidated earnings as a key indicator.

Dividend payments will be determined taking into account a comprehensive range of factors such as the tightening of Basel regulations and other changes to the regulatory environment as well as the company's consolidated financial performance.

Dividends will in principle be paid on a semi-annual basis with record dates of September 30 and March 31.

Additionally we will aim for a total payout ratio, which includes dividends and share buybacks, of at least 50 percent.

With respect to the retained earnings, in order to implement measures to adapt to regulatory changes and to increase shareholder value, we seek to efficiently invest in business areas where high profitability and growth may reasonably be expected, including the development and expansion of infrastructure.

Dividends for the Fiscal Year

Based on our Capital Management Policy described above, we paid a dividend of 15 yen per share to shareholders of record as of September 30, 2019 and have decided to pay a dividend of 5 yen per share to shareholders of record as of March 31, 2020. As a result, the total annual dividend will be 20 yen per share.

The following table sets forth the details of dividends paid for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2020:

| Resolution of Board of Directors | Record Date | Total Amount of Dividends (in millions of yen) | Dividend Per Share (yen) |
|----------------------------------|--------------------|--|--------------------------|
| October 29, 2019 | September 30, 2019 | 48,483 | 15.00 |
| May 8, 2020 | March 31, 2020 | 15,195 | 5.00 |

10. Other Important Matters Related to the Current Situation of the Corporate Group

We tendered to the self-tender offer made by Nomura Research Institute, Ltd. ("NRI"). Upon the settlement on August 21, 2019, we sold 101,889,300 ordinary shares we held at ¥159,966 million to NRI. NRI remains an equity method affiliate of NHI.

II. Stocks

1. Total Number of Authorized Shares:

6,000,000,000 shares

The total number of classes of shares authorized to be issued in each class is as follows.

| Туре | Total Number of Shares Authorized to be Issued in Each | n Class |
|--|--|---------|
| Common Stock | 6,000,0 | 000,000 |
| Class 1 Preferred Stock | 200,0 | 000,000 |
| Class 2 Preferred Stock | 200,0 | 000,000 |
| Class 3 Preferred Stock | 200,0 | 000,000 |
| Class 4 Preferred Stock | 200,0 | 000,000 |
| 2. Total Number of Issued Shares: Common Stock | 3,493,562,601 | shares |
| 3. Number of Shareholders: | 34 | 49,668 |
| 4. Major Shareholders (Top 10): | | |
| Names of Shareholders | Number of Shares Ow and Percentage of Shares O | |
| | (in thousand shares) | (%) |
| The Master Trust Bank of Japan, Ltd. (Trust Account) | 228,152 | 7.50 |
| Japan Trustee Services Bank, Ltd. (Trust Account) | 163,096 | 5.36 |
| Japan Trustee Services Bank, Ltd. (Trust Account 5) | 70,680 | 2.32 |
| JP Morgan Chase Bank 385151 | | 1.76 |
| Northern Trust Co. (AVFC) Re Silchester International Investors International Value Equity Tru | 51,872 | 1.70 |
| Japan Trustee Services Bank, Ltd. (Trust Account 7) | 50,758 | 1.67 |
| State Street Bank West Client-Treaty 505234 | | 1.61 |
| Northern Trust Co. (AVFC) Re U.S. Tax Exempted Pension Funds | 39,176 | 1.28 |
| Japan Trustee Services Bank, Ltd. (Trust Account 1) | | 1.19 |
| SSBTC Client Omnibus Account. | 34,172 | 1.12 |

(Note)

^{1.} The Company has 454,625 thousand shares of treasury stock as of March 31, 2020 which is not included in the major shareholders list above.

^{2.} Figures for Number of Shares Owned are rounded down to the nearest thousand and figures for Percentage of Shares Owned are calculated excluding treasury stock.

| 3. Status of Treasury Stock Repurchase, Disposition and Number of Shares Held | in Treasury. |
|--|-------------------------------|
| (1) Repurchased shares | |
| Common Stock | 299,381,781 shares |
| Total Repurchase Amount (in thousands of yen) | 150,009,244 |
| Stocks acquired according to resolution of the Board, included above, are as follo | ws; |
| Common Stock | 299,362,300 shares |
| Total Repurchase Amount (in thousands of yen) | |
| Reason for Repurchase | |
| The Company plans to acquire treasury stock to raise capital efficiency | and ensure a flexible capital |
| management policy, and to deliver as stock-based compensation. | |
| (2) Shares Disposed | |
| Common Stock | 27,168,475 shares |
| | |
| Aggregate Amount of Disposition (in thousands of yen) | 15,373,218 |

III. Stocks Acquisition Rights

1. Stock Acquisition Rights as of the end of the fiscal year

| Name of Stock Acquisition Rights | Allotment Date | Number of Stock Acquisition Rights | Number of Shares under Stock Acquisition Rights | Period for the Exercise of Stock Acquisition Rights | Exercise Price per Share under Stock Acquisition Rights (yen) |
|----------------------------------|-------------------|---|---|---|--|
| Stock Acquisition Rights No.46 | June 5, 2012 | 1,153 | 115,300 | From April 20, 2015 | 1 |
| Stock Acquisition Rights No.47 | June 5, 2012 | 3,720 | 372,000 | to April 19, 2020 From April 20, 2016 to April 19, 2021 | 1 |
| Stock Acquisition Rights No.48 | June 5, 2012 | 5,268 | 526,800 | From April 20, 2017 to April 19, 2022 | 1 |
| Stock Acquisition Rights No.49 | June 5, 2012 | 398 | 39,800 | From October 20, 2015 to April 19, 2021 | 1 |
| Stock Acquisition Rights No.50 | June 5, 2012 | 397 | 39,700 | From October 20, 2016 to April 19, 2022 | 1 |
| Stock Acquisition Rights No.53 | June 5, 2013 | 937 | 93,700 | From April 20, 2015 to April 19, 2020 | 1 |
| Stock Acquisition Rights No.54 | June 5, 2013 | 4,563 | 456,300 | From April 20, 2016 to April 19, 2021 | 1 |
| Stock Acquisition Rights No.55 | November 19, 2013 | 26,782 | 2,678,200 | From November 19, 2015 to November 18, 2020 | 821 |
| Stock Acquisition Rights No.56 | June 5, 2014 | 1,892 | 189,200 | From April 20, 2015 to April 19, 2020 | 1 |
| Stock Acquisition Rights No.57 | June 5, 2014 | 6,524 | 652,400 | From April 20, 2016 to April 19, 2021 | 1 |
| Stock Acquisition Rights No.58 | June 5, 2014 | 10,145 | 1,014,500 | From April 20, 2017 to April 19, 2022 | 1 |
| Stock Acquisition Rights No.60 | June 5, 2014 | 3,754 | 375,400 | From March 31, 2016 to March 30, 2021 | 1 |
| Stock Acquisition Rights No.61 | June 5, 2014 | 13,746 | 1,374,600 | From March 31, 2017 to March 30, 2022 | 1 |
| Stock Acquisition Rights No.62 | November 18, 2014 | 26,737 | 2,673,700 | From November 18, 2016 to November 17, 2021 | 738 |
| Stock Acquisition Rights No.63 | June 5, 2015 | 5,461 | 546,100 | From April 20, 2016 to April 19, 2021 | 1 |
| Stock Acquisition Rights No.64 | June 5, 2015 | 9,282 | 928,200 | From April 20, 2017 to April 19, 2022 | 1 |
| Stock Acquisition Rights No.65 | June 5, 2015 | 14,975 | 1,497,500 | From April 20, 2018 to April 19, 2023 | 1 |
| Stock Acquisition Rights No.68 | November 18, 2015 | 25,688 | 2,568,800 | From November 18, 2017 to November 17, 2022 | 802 |
| Stock Acquisition Rights No.69 | June 7, 2016 | 10,341 | 1,034,100 | From April 20, 2017 to April 19, 2022 | 1 |
| Stock Acquisition Rights No.70 | June 7, 2016 | 15,522 | 1,552,200 | From April 20, 2018 to April 19, 2023 | 1 |
| Stock Acquisition Rights No.71 | June 7, 2016 | 20,283 | 2,028,300 | From April 20, 2019 to April 19, 2024 | 1 |
| Stock Acquisition Rights No.72 | June 7, 2016 | 2,592 | 259,200 | From October 30, 2016 to October 29, 2021 | 1 |
| Stock Acquisition Rights No.73 | June 7, 2016 | 1,054 | 105,400 | From April 30, 2017 to April 29, 2022 | 1 |
| Stock Acquisition Rights No.74 | November 11, 2016 | 25,354 | 2,535,400 | From November 11, 2018 to November 10, 2023 | 593 |
| Stock Acquisition Rights No.75 | June 9, 2017 | 11,886 | 1,188,600 | From April 20, 2018 to April 19, 2023 | 1 |
| Stock Acquisition Rights No.76 | June 9, 2017 | 14,569 | 1,456,900 | From April 20, 2019 to April 19, 2024 | 1 |
| Stock Acquisition Rights No.77 | June 9, 2017 | 42,580 | 4,258,000 | From April 19, 2020 to April 19, 2025 | 1 |

| Name of Stock Acquisition Rights | Allotment Date | Number of Stock Acquisition Rights | Number of Shares under Stock Acquisition Rights | Period for the Exercise of Stock Acquisition Rights | Exercise Price per Share under Stock Acquisition Rights (yen) |
|----------------------------------|-------------------|---|---|---|--|
| Stock Acquisition Rights No.78 | June 9, 2017 | 8,118 | 811,800 | From April 20, 2021 | 1 |
| | | | | to April 19, 2026 | |
| Stock Acquisition Rights No.79 | June 9, 2017 | 8,099 | 809,900 | From April 20, 2022 | 1 |
| | | | | to April 19, 2027 | |
| Stock Acquisition Rights No.80 | June 9, 2017 | 1,362 | 136,200 | From April 20, 2023 | 1 |
| | | | | to April 19, 2028 | |
| Stock Acquisition Rights No.81 | June 9, 2017 | 1,362 | 136,200 | From April 20, 2024 | 1 |
| | | | | to April 19, 2029 | |
| Stock Acquisition Rights No.82 | June 9, 2017 | 2,767 | 276,700 | From October 30, 2017 | 1 |
| | | | | to October 29, 2022 | |
| Stock Acquisition Rights No.83 | June 9, 2017 | 639 | 63,900 | From April 30, 2018 | 1 |
| | | | | to April 29, 2023 | |
| Stock Acquisition Rights No.84 | November 17, 2017 | 24,889 | 2,488,900 | From November 17, 2019 | 684 |
| | | | | to November 16, 2024 | |
| Stock Acquisition Rights No.85 | November 20, 2018 | 25,079 | 2,507,900 | From November 20, 2020 | 573 |
| | | | | to November 19, 2025 | |

(Notes)

- 1. Stock acquisition rights are issued in conjunction with the Company's equity-based compensation plan and no payment is required in exchange for stock acquisition rights.
- 2. Any transfer of stock acquisition rights is subject to approval by the Board of Directors of the Company.
- 3. No stock acquisition rights shall be exercised partially. Grantees who lose their positions as executives or employees due to resignation or other similar reasons before the commencement of the exercise period will, in principle, forfeit their stock acquisition rights.
- 4. Number of stock acquisition rights and number of shares under stock acquisition rights are as of the end of the fiscal year.
- 5. Stock Acquisition Rights No.1 to No.45, No.51, No.52, No.59, No.66 and No.67 were all extinguished by exercise, forfeiture, or expiration of exercise period.

2. Stock Acquisition Rights Held by the Directors and Executive Officers of the Company as of the end of the fiscal year

Directors and Executive Officers (excluding Outside Directors)

| | (* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * | | | |
|----------------------------------|--|----------------------|--|--|
| Name of Stock Acquisition Rights | Number of Stock Acquisition Rights | Number of Holders | | |
| Stock Acquisition Rights No.47 | 17 | 1 | | |
| Stock Acquisition Rights No.48 | 76 | 2 | | |
| Stock Acquisition Rights No.54 | 49 | 1 | | |
| Stock Acquisition Rights No.58 | 264 | 2 | | |
| Stock Acquisition Rights No.60 | 95 | 2 | | |
| Stock Acquisition Rights No.61 | 414 | 3 | | |
| Stock Acquisition Rights No.63 | 69 | 1 | | |
| Stock Acquisition Rights No.64 | 206 | 2 | | |
| Stock Acquisition Rights No.65 | 574 | 3 | | |
| Stock Acquisition Rights No.69 | 451 | 3 | | |
| Stock Acquisition Rights No.70 | 938 | 5 | | |
| Stock Acquisition Rights No.71 | 1,130 | 6 | | |
| Stock Acquisition Rights No.75 | 889 | 5 | | |
| Stock Acquisition Rights No.76 | 887 | 5 | | |
| Stock Acquisition Rights No.77 | 1,099 | 7 | | |
| | | | | |

(Notes)

- 1. Number of stock acquisition rights is as of the end of the fiscal year.
- 2. No stock acquisition rights have been issued to Outside Directors.

3. Other Significant Matters

On May 8, 2020, the Company announced to grant Restricted Stock Units ("RSUs") to directors, executive officers and/or employees of the Company and/or its subsidiaries, etc. The number of RSUs to be granted is currently estimated as follows. The number and detailed terms and conditions of the RSUs will be determined at a meeting of the Executive Management Board scheduled for late May 2020, and will be announced immediately thereafter.

| | Number of Shares of Common Stock |
|------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Number of Granted RSUs | under the RSUs |
| 75,000,000 | 75,000,000 |

IV. Matters Relating to the Company's Directors and Executive Officers

1. Status of the Directors (as of March 31, 2020)

| Name | Positions and Responsibilities | Significant Concurrent Positions |
|-------------------------|--|---|
| Nobuyuki Koga | Chairman of the Board of Directors Member of the Nomination Committee Member of the Compensation Committee | Director of Nomura Securities Co., Ltd. (*1) (*2) Representative Director and President of Kanagawa Kaihatsu Kanko Co., Ltd. |
| Koji Nagai | Director Representative Executive Officer and President Group CEO | Director and Chairman of the Board of Directors of Nomura Securities Co., Ltd. (*1) |
| Shoichi Nagamatsu | Director Representative Executive Officer and Deputy President | Not Applicable |
| Hiroshi Kimura | Outside Director Chairman of the Nomination Committee Chairman of the Compensation Committee | Honorary Company Fellow of Japan Tobacco Inc. Outside Director of IHI Corporation (*2) |
| Kazuhiko Ishimura | Outside Director Member of the Nomination Committee Member of the Compensation Committee | Director of AGC Inc. Outside Director of TDK Corporation Outside Director of IHI Corporation |
| Noriaki Shimazaki | Outside Director Chairman of the Audit Committee | Outside Director of Loginet Japan Co., Ltd. Director of Nomura Securities Co., Ltd. (*1) |
| Mari Sono | Outside Director Member of the Audit Committee | Not Applicable |
| Hisato Miyashita | Director Member of the Audit Committee (full time) | Statutory Auditor of Nomura Financial Products & Services, Inc.(*1) |
| Michael Lim Choo San | Outside Director | Non-Executive Chairman of Fullerton Healthcare Corporation Limited Non-Executive Chairman of Nomura Singapore Ltd. (*1) |
| Laura Simone Unger | Outside Director | Independent Director of CIT Group Inc. Independent Director of Navient Corporation Independent Director of Nomura Securities International, Inc. (*1) |

(Notes)

- 1. Directors Hiroshi Kimura, Kazuhiko Ishimura, Noriaki Shimazaki, Mari Sono, Michael Lim Choo San, and Laura Simone Unger are Outside Directors, as provided for in Article 2, Item 15 of the Companies Act, and are also Independent Directors, as provided for in Article 436-2 of the Tokyo Stock Exchange, Inc.'s Securities Listing Regulations.
- 2. Director Noriaki Shimazaki, Chairman of the Audit Committee, is a financial expert under the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and Director Mari Sono, a member of the Audit Committee, is a certified public accountant. Each of them has considerable finance and accounting knowledge.
- 3. The Company has selected director Hisato Miyashita, who is well-versed in the business of the Nomura Group, as a full-time member of the Audit Committee, with the expectation that audits by the Audit Committee will be performed more effectively.
- 4. Companies marked with "*1" are wholly-owned subsidiaries (including indirect ownership) of the Company.
- 5. Concurrent positions marked with "*2" are positions from which a director has resigned during the period from the fiscal year-end to the date of this Business Report, or positions from which a director is scheduled to resign as of the date of this Business Report.
- 6. There are no special relationships between the Company and companies in which Outside Directors concurrently serve (except for those companies marked with "*1").
- 7. The Company has entered into agreements to limit Companies Act Article 423 Paragraph 1 liability for damages with directors Hiroshi Kimura, Kazuhiko Ishimura, Noriaki Shimazaki, Mari Sono, Hisato Miyashita, Michael Lim Choo San, and Laura Simone Unger. Liability under each such agreement is limited to either 20 million yen or the amount prescribed by laws and regulations, whichever is greater.

2. Matters Relating to the Outside Directors Status of the Activities of the Outside Directors

| Name | Status of Main Activities |
|--------------------|---|
| Hiroshi Kimura | Attended all 11 meetings of the Board of Directors, all 9 meetings of the Nomination Committee, and all 8 |
| | meetings of the Compensation Committee held during the fiscal year, and appropriately made statements |
| | based on his extensive experience and comprehensive knowledge gained from being a corporate manager |
| | for many years. |
| Kazuhiko Ishimura | Attended all 11 meetings of the Board of Directors, all 9 meetings of the Nomination Committee, and all 8 |
| | meetings of the Compensation Committee held during the fiscal year, and appropriately made statements |
| | based on his extensive experience and comprehensive knowledge gained from being a corporate manager |
| | for many years. |
| Noriaki Shimazaki | Attended all 11 meetings of the Board of Directors and all 16 meetings of the Audit Committee held during |
| | the fiscal year, and appropriately made statements based on his extensive experience and comprehensive |
| | knowledge gained from being a corporate manager for many years and an expert well-versed in |
| | international accounting systems. |
| Mari Sono | Attended all 11 meetings of the Board of Directors and all 16 meetings of the Audit Committee held during |
| | the fiscal year, and appropriately made statements based on her extensive experience and comprehensive |
| | knowledge gained from being an expert well-versed in corporate accounting. |
| Michael Lim Choo | Attended all 11 meetings of the Board of Directors held during the fiscal year, and appropriately made |
| San | statements based on his extensive experience and comprehensive knowledge gained from being an expert |
| | well versed in international accounting systems. |
| Laura Simone Unger | Attended all 11 meetings of the Board of Directors held during the fiscal year, and appropriately made |
| | statements based on her extensive experience and comprehensive knowledge gained from being an expert |
| | well-versed in finance-related legal systems. |

(Notes)

Other than the above, Outside Directors Meetings, consisting solely of members who are Outside Directors, have been held, where there are discussions concerning matters such as the business and corporate governance of the Company.

3. Status of the Executive Officers (as of March 31, 2020)

| Name | Positions and Responsibilities | Significant Concurrent Positions |
|--------------------|--|---|
| Koji Nagai | Director Representative Executive Officer and President Group CEO | See "1. Status of the Directors" |
| Shoichi Nagamatsu | Director Representative Executive Officer and Deputy President | See "1. Status of the Directors" |
| Kentaro Okuda | Executive Managing Director and Deputy President Group Co-COO | Not Applicable |
| Toshio Morita | Executive Managing Director Group Co-COO | Representative Director and President of Nomura Securities Co., Ltd. |
| Junko Nakagawa | Executive Managing Director Head of Asset Management | Representative Director, President and CEO of Nomura Asset Management Co., Ltd. |
| Yuji Nakata | Executive Managing Director Chief Risk Officer | Representative Director and Deputy President of Nomura Securities Co., Ltd. Director of Nomura Financial Products & Services, Inc. |
| Tomoyuki Teraguchi | Executive Managing Director Chief Compliance Officer | Representative Director and Executive Vice President of Nomura Securities Co., Ltd. Director of Nomura Financial Products & Services, Inc. |
| Takumi Kitamura | Executive Managing Director Chief Financial Officer (CFO) | Director and Senior Corporate Managing Director of Nomura Securities Co., Ltd. |

(Notes)

- 1. As of March 31, 2020, Koji Nagai, Shoichi Nagamatsu and Yuji Nakata resigned from the office of Executive Managing Director of the Company.
- 2. As of April 1, 2020, Sotaro Kato assumed the office of Executive Managing Director of the Company.

(Reference) Executive Officers as of April 1, 2020 are as follows:

| Kentaro Okuda | Representative Executive Officer and President, Group CEO |
|--------------------|--|
| Toshio Morita | Representative Executive Officer |
| Junko Nakagawa | Executive Managing Director, Head of Asset Management |
| Tomoyuki Teraguchi | Executive Managing Director, Chief of Staff and Chief Compliance Officer (CCO) |
| Takumi Kitamura | Executive Managing Director, Chief Financial Officer (CFO) |
| Sotaro Kato | Executive Managing Director, Chief Risk Officer (CRO) (based in New York) |

4. Compensation paid to Directors and Executive Officers

| | | Millions of yen | | | |
|---------------------|------------------|--------------------------|-------|---------------------------|-------|
| | Number of People | Basic Compensation (2,3) | Bonus | Deferred Compensation (4) | Total |
| Directors | 8 | 253 | 100 | 15 | 368 |
| (Outside Directors) | (6) | (129) | (-) | (-) | (129) |
| Executive Officers | 8 | 560 | 538 | 203 | 1,301 |
| Total | 16 | 813 | 638 | 218 | 1,669 |
| (Notes) | | | | | |

- 1. Compensation to Directors who were concurrently serving as Executive Officers is included in that of Executive Officers.
- 2. Basic compensation of ¥813 million includes other compensation (commuter pass allowance) of ¥750 thousand.
- 3. In addition to basic compensation of Executive Officers, \(\frac{\pmathbf{2}}{27}\) million of corporate housing costs, such as housing allowance and related tax adjustments, were provided.
- 4. Deferred compensation (such as stock options) granted during and prior to the fiscal year ended March 31, 2020 is recognized as expense in the financial statements for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2020.
- 5. Subsidiaries of the Company paid ¥61 million to Outside Directors as compensation, etc. for their directorship at those subsidiaries for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2020.
- 6. The Company abolished retirement bonuses to Directors in 2001.
- 5. Matters relating to Individual Directors and Executive Officers' Compensation Determined by Compensation Committee
- (1) Method of Determining Compensation Policies

As the Company is organized under the Committee System, the Compensation Committee has set the "Compensation Policy of Nomura Group" and "Compensation Policy for Directors and Executive Officers of Nomura Holdings, Inc."

(2) Compensation Policy of Nomura Group

The "Compensation Policy of Nomura Group" is as follows:

Nomura Group is establishing its status firmly as a globally competitive financial services group. To support this, we recognize that our people are our most valuable asset. We have therefore developed our Compensation Policy for both executives and employees of Nomura Group to ensure we attract, retain, motivate and develop talent that enables us to achieve sustainable growth, realize a long-term increase in shareholder value, deliver client excellence, compete in a global market and enhance our reputation.

Our Compensation Policy is based around six key themes:

- 1) Align with Nomura Values and Strategies
- Compensation is designed to support delivery against the broader strategic aims of the Group.
- Levels and structures of compensation reflect the needs of each business line and allow the Group to effectively compete for key talent in the market.
- We develop our staff to support the Nomura values.
- 2) Reflect Firm, Division and Individual Performance
- "Pay for Performance" is our fundamental principle to motivate and reward our key talent regardless of personal background.
- We manage compensation on a firm-wide basis, taking into account the performance of the Group and supporting our ethos of sustainable growth, collaboration and client service. This enables us to manage strategic investments and still operate market-competitive compensation practices.
- An individual's compensation is determined by properly reflecting the Group, division and individual performance, ensuring that it is aligned with both the business strategy and market considerations.

- Individual compensation award decisions are underpinned by valid and rigorous performance management processes and supporting systems.
- 3) Establish Appropriate Performance Measurement with a Focus on Risk
- Compensation is not determined by reference solely to revenues. Risk-adjusted profits are being emphasized in Nomura's management information and performance systems and processes.
- In addition, qualitative factors such as cross-divisional collaboration, risk management, alignment with organizational values, and compliance are stressed when evaluating performance.
- Performance measurement reflects the business needs, taking account of risk associated with each business. Such risk includes market, credit, operational, and liquidity risk among others.
- In assessing and measuring risk for compensation, input and advice is received from the risk management and finance divisions.

4) Align Employee and Shareholder Interests

- Compensation of Group executives and higher paid employees should reflect the achievement of targets which are in line with the creation of shareholder value.
- For higher paid executives and employees, a part of their compensation is delivered in equity linked awards with appropriate vesting periods to ensure that their interests are closely aligned with those of shareholders.

5) Appropriate Compensation Structures

- The compensation structure reflects our desire to grow and develop our talent. It is merit based, reflecting performance and is regularly reviewed to ensure its fairness.
- For higher paid executives and employees, a significant portion of compensation is deferred, balancing short-term interests with longer-term stewardship of the Group.
- Deferred compensation should be subject to forfeiture or "clawback" in the event of a material restatement of earnings or other significant harm to the business of Nomura.
- The percentage of deferral increases as an employee's total compensation increases. A part of deferred compensation is delivered in mid/long-term incentive plans, such as equity linked awards with appropriate vesting periods.
- Guarantees of bonus/compensation should be allowed only in limited circumstances such as new hiring or strategic business needs, and multi-year guarantees should not be used as a matter of course.
- There should be no special or expensive retirement/severance guarantees for senior executives.
- Nomura will respect all areas in which it operates and will seek to ensure pay structures reflect the needs of the organization as well as regulatory and government bodies.

6) Ensure Robust Governance and Control Processes

- This Policy and any change hereof must be approved by Nomura Holdings' Compensation Committee, a majority of which consists of non-executive outside directors.
- The Compensation Committee of Nomura Holdings decides individual amounts as well as compensation policy for Directors and Executive Officers of Nomura Holdings, in line with this Policy.
- Globally, we institute a review and authorization policy for senior or high-level contracts ensuring consistency with this Policy. This is administered by Human Resources, involves Finance, Risk Management and Regional Compensation Committees and is reviewed by the Executive Managing Board.
- Compensation for employees of risk management and compliance functions is determined independently of other business divisions.
- The Compensation Committee uses market and specialist advisory groups to advise on appropriate compensation structures and levels as necessary.

(3) Compensation Policy for Directors and Executive Officers of Nomura Holdings, Inc.

"Compensation Policy for Directors and Executive Officers of Nomura Holdings, Inc." is as follows:

Compensation of Directors and Executive Officers is composed of base salary, cash bonus and long-term incentive plans.

1) Base Salary

- Base salary is determined based on factors such as professional background, career history, responsibilities and compensation standards of related business fields.
- A portion of base salary may be paid in equity linked awards with appropriate vesting periods to ensure that medium to long-term interests of Directors and Executive Officers are closely aligned with those of shareholders.

2) Cash Bonus

- Cash bonuses of Directors and Executive Officers are determined by taking into account both quantitative and qualitative factors. Quantitative factors include performance of the Group and the division. Qualitative factors include achievement of individual goals and subjective assessment of individual contribution.
- Depending on the level of bonus payment, a portion of payment in cash may be deferred. In addition, a portion of deferred bonus may be paid in equity linked awards with appropriate vesting periods in lieu of cash to ensure that medium to long-term interests of Directors and Executive Officers are closely aligned with those of shareholders. Such deferred bonus may be unpaid or forfeited under specific circumstances.

3) Long-term Incentive Plan

- Long-term incentive plans may be awarded to Directors and Executive Officers, depending on their individual responsibilities and performance.
- Payments under long-term incentive plans are made when a certain degree of achievements are accomplished. Payments are made in equity linked awards with appropriate vesting periods to ensure that medium to long-term interests of Directors and Executive Officers are closely aligned with those of shareholders.

V. Matters Relating to Accounting Auditor

1. Name: Ernst & Young ShinNihon LLC

2. Audit Fees, etc.

| Item | Amount | |
|--|-------------------|--|
| (1) Audit fees, etc. | 886 million yen | |
| (2) Total amount of cash and other financial benefits payable by the Company and its subsidiaries to the | 1,409 million yen | |
| Accounting Auditor | 1,407 million yen | |

(Notes)

- 1. The audit contract between the Company and the Accounting Auditor does not separate the audit fees based on the Companies Act and the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act. Since the audit fees based on the Companies Act and the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act could not be substantively separated, the amount of audit fees above includes the audit fees based on the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act.
- 2. In addition to the attestation services pursuant to the Article 2, Paragraph 1 of the Certified Public Accountant Act, the Company and its subsidiaries pay compensation to the Accounting Auditor with respect to verification services on compliance with the segregation of customers' assets requirements, etc.
- 3. Significant overseas subsidiaries of the Company are subject to audit (limited to audit pursuant to the Companies Act or the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act and other equivalent foreign regulations) by certified public accountants or auditing firms (who hold equivalent qualifications in foreign countries) other than the Company's Accounting Auditor.
- 4. The Audit Committee has received necessary documents and reports from the Chief Financial Officer ("CFO"), relevant internal divisions, and the Accounting Auditor, and has confirmed the structure of the Accounting Auditor's audit team, audit plan, audit status, the status of the maintenance of the structure for controlling quality of the audit firm, and the basis for the calculation of estimated remuneration, etc. Additionally, the Audit Committee conducts pre-approval procedures in accordance with Article 202 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, etc. Based on the result of such confirmations and procedures, the Audit Committee has verified the compensation, etc. of the Accounting Auditor and determined that it is at a reasonable level to maintain and improve audit quality, and has given the Companies Act Article 399 Paragraph 1 consent.

3. Dismissal or Non-Reappointment Policy

- (1) If the Accounting Auditor corresponds to any of the items stipulated under Article 340, Paragraph 1 of the Companies Act, the Audit Committee shall consider dismissal of the Accounting Auditor, and if dismissal is determined to be reasonable, the Audit Committee will dismiss the Accounting Auditor by a unanimous consent of all members of the Audit Committee. In such event, an Audit Committee Member appointed by the Audit Committee shall report the dismissal of the Accounting Auditor and reasons for dismissal at the general meeting of shareholders to be convened immediately after the dismissal.
- (2) In cases where the Audit Committee determines that the Accounting Auditor has issues in terms of the fairness, or that maintenance of more appropriate audit structure is needed, a proposal on dismissal or non-reappointment of the Accounting Auditor will be submitted to the annual general meeting of shareholders.

VI. The Content of the Resolution Adopted Regarding the Maintenance of Structures such as the Structure for Ensuring Appropriate Business Activities and the Summary of the Status of the Implementation of the Structure

The content of the resolution adopted by the Board of Directors concerning the Structure for Ensuring Appropriate Business Activities is set forth below. In addition, the summary of the implementation status of the structure during this fiscal year is described in the broken line frame for each item.

Structure for Ensuring Appropriate Business Activities at Nomura Holdings, Inc.

The Company shall, through the Board of Directors of the Company, establish the following structure (hereinafter referred to as the "Internal Controls System") to ensure appropriate business activities at the Company and within the Nomura Group, assess the structure on a regular basis, and revise the structure as necessary. The Board of Directors shall, in addition to ensuring appropriate business through, amongst other measures, the supervision of the execution of duties by Directors and Executive Officers and development of the basic management policy of the Nomura Group, shall also monitor the maintenance by Executive Officers and operational status of the Internal Controls System, and call for improvements when necessary.

Further, the Board of Directors shall establish and thoroughly enforce the Nomura Group Code of Conduct, guidelines that all Nomura Group officers and employees should comply with, which encompasses an emphasis on customer interests, full awareness of the social mission, compliance with applicable laws and regulations, undertaking of social contribution activities, etc.

< I. Matters Concerning the Audit Committee >

The Audit Committee shall enforce its powers prescribed by laws and regulations to audit the legality, adequacy and efficiency of the execution by Directors and Executive Officers of their duties through the use of the Independent Auditor, auditing firms and organizations within the Company to ensure the appropriate business activities of Nomura Holdings, Inc.

- 1. Directors and Employees that will provide Support with respect to the Duties
- (1) The Board of Directors may appoint a Director, not concurrently serving as an Executive Officer, as the "Audit Mission Director." The Audit Mission Director shall support audits performed by the Audit Committee, and in order for the Board of Directors to effectively supervise the execution by the Directors and Executive Officers of their duties, the Audit Mission Director shall perform the Audit Mission Director's duties in accordance with the Audit Committee's instructions.
- (2) The Company shall put in place the Office of Non-Executive Directors and Audit Committee to support the duties of the Audit Committee and Directors. The Audit Committee or a member of the Audit Committee designated by the Audit Committee shall evaluate employees of the Office of Non-Executive Directors and Audit Committee. Regarding the hiring, transfer and discipline of the employees of the Office of Non-Executive Directors and Audit Committee, the consent of the Audit Committee or a member of the Audit Committee designated by the Audit Committee must be obtained.

[Summary of Implementation Status of the Structure indicated above]

The Company has set up the Office of Non-Executive Directors and Audit Committee as a unit dedicated to assisting with the duties of the Directors. To secure the independence of the Office of Non-Executive Directors and Audit Committee, employees of the Office of Non-Executive Directors and Audit Committee are evaluated by an Audit Committee Member designated by the Audit Committee.

2. Audit System within the Nomura Group

(1) The Company shall establish a group audit structure centered around the Company (the holding company) so that the Audit Committee can conduct audits in coordination with the Audit Committees, etc., of subsidiaries.

(2) The Audit Committee shall audit the legality, adequacy and efficiency of the business of the Nomura Group in coordination, as necessary, with the Audit Committee of its subsidiaries.

[Summary of Implementation Status of the Structure indicated above]

As a general rule, meetings of the Audit Committee of the Company and the Audit and Supervisory Committee of Nomura Securities are held jointly. Further, efforts are being made to coordinate closely by having persons such as full-time Audit Committee Members of the Company and Audit Mission Directors of Nomura Securities concurrently serve as Company Auditors and Audit and Supervisory Committee Members of subsidiaries in Japan. Additionally, at the Nomura Group, Audit Committees have been set up in the holding companies that supervise each of the 3 overseas regions (Europe, the Americas, and Asia) and Audit Committee Members of the Company and the heads of such committees share information regarding the issues and awareness of problems for each region from the audit work perspective.

- 3. Structures Ensuring the Effectiveness of the Audit
- (1) Members of the Audit Committee designated by the Audit Committee or the Audit Mission Director may participate in or attend important meetings including meetings of the Executive Management Board.
- (2) The Audit Committee may require an explanation from accounting auditors and accounting firms that conduct audits of financial statements about the audit plan at the beginning of the period, audit status during the period, audit results at the end of the period, and the status of internal controls over financial reporting. Members of the Audit Committee and the Audit Mission Director may exchange opinions with accounting auditors and accounting firms that conduct audits of financial statements as necessary.
- (3) A member of the Audit Committee designated by the Audit Committee may investigate the Company or its subsidiaries through, as necessary, himself/herself, other members of the Audit Committee or the Audit Mission Director.
- (4) The Audit Committee in conducting audits may engage attorneys, certified public accountants, consultants or other outside advisors as deemed to be necessary.

[Summary of Implementation Status of the Structure indicated above]

Audit Committee Members designated by the Audit Committee have participated in or attended important meetings such as meetings of the Executive Management Board and the Internal Controls Committee.

The Audit Committee has directly received explanations regarding the audit plan at the beginning of the period, audit status during the period, audit results at the end of the period, and the status of internal controls over financial reporting, from Ernst & Young ShinNihon LLC who is the Accounting Auditor and accounting firm that conducts audits of the Financial Statements. In addition, Audit Committee Members share the awareness of audit problems and exchange of opinions with Ernst & Young ShinNihon LLC by, for example, holding regular meetings with Ernst & Young ShinNihon LLC and seeking the opinions as necessary.

Furthermore, Audit Committee Members, in addition to carrying out site visits of sites such as departments of the Company and departments and retail branches of Nomura Securities and site visits of subsidiaries other than Nomura Securities in person, have received reports from Nomura Securities' Audit and Supervisory Committee Members and Audit Mission Directors who carried out site visits of subsidiaries.

Moreover, the Audit Committee, by entering into an advisory services agreement with an external lawyer, has established a structure whereby expert opinions can be sought from the lawyer as necessary.

- 4. Coordination with the Internal Audit Division
- (1) The Company shall obtain the consent of the Audit Committee, or a member of the Audit Committee designated by the Audit Committee, regarding implementation plans and formulation of the budget of the Internal Audit Division, as well as the election and dismissal of the Head of the Internal Audit Division.

(2) The Audit Committee shall coordinate with the Internal Audit Division by attending meetings of the Internal Controls Committee, hearing reports regarding the status of internal audits, and with regard to internal audits, issuing recommendations, etc., concerning the modification of the implementation plan, additional audits, development of remedial measures, etc.

[Summary of Implementation Status of the Structure indicated above]

The Internal Controls Committee attended by Audit Committee Members deliberates and determines basic matters regarding the establishment and evaluation of internal controls for the Nomura Group's business management structure as well as matters regarding the improvement of corporate behavior.

In addition, the Audit Committee is coordinating with the Internal Audit Division by, for example, receiving reports, as necessary, directly from the Senior Managing Director in charge of internal audits or through Audit Committee Members, regarding matters such as the maintenance/operational status of the internal control structure and the implementation status of internal audits.

Furthermore, Chairman of Audit Committee and full-time Audit Committee Member hold regular meetings with the Accounting Auditor and Senior Managing Director in charge of internal audits to share awareness of audit problems and exchange opinions, thereby enhancing Nomura Group's audit activities.

- < II. Matters Concerning the Executive Officers >
- 1. Compliance Structure
- (1) Thorough Compliance with the Nomura Group Code of Conduct

Executive Officers shall promote lawful management in accordance with laws, regulations and the Articles of Incorporation, and shall swear to comply with the Nomura Group Code of Conduct. At the same time, Executive Officers shall ensure that the permeation of the Nomura Group Code of Conduct is well known amongst Senior Managing Directors and employees of the Company and shall ensure compliance with the said Code.

(2) Establishment and Maintenance of the Compliance Structure

Executive Officers shall strive to maintain the Nomura Group's compliance structure through, among other means, the maintenance of compliance-related regulations and the installation of responsible divisions and persons. The Company shall install Compliance Managers, etc., or other persons responsible for compliance, in each company within the Nomura Group to take corrective action against cases regarding any conduct considered questionable in light of social ethics or social justice and to thoroughly ensure that business activities undertaken by employees are based on a law-abiding spirit and social common sense, thereby promoting execution of duties in accordance with laws and regulations.

(3) Compliance Hotline

- (a) Executive Officers shall put into place a "Compliance Hotline" as a channel through which employees can, with regard to conduct in the Nomura Group that may be questionable based on compliance with laws and regulations, etc., including matters concerning accounting or accounting audits, report such conduct directly to the person appointed by the Board of Directors.
- (b) Executive Officers shall guarantee the confidentiality of anonymous notifications, including the content of such notifications, made through the Compliance Hotline.

(4) Maintenance of Structures concerning Financial Crimes, etc.

The Nomura Group shall implement money laundering and terrorist financing countermeasures, prevent bribery, and shall not carry out any transaction with anti-social forces or groups and transactions with those subject to economic sanctions which are prohibited by laws, etc. in other nations Executive Officers shall maintain structures that are necessary for this purpose.

Summary of Implementation Status of the Structure indicated above

In order to ensure that all executive management and employees should act in accordance with social norms, Nomura Group has established and announced the "Nomura Group Code of Conduct" in December 2019 which exemplifies the contents of the "Nomura Group Corporate Philosophy" as guidelines for actions to be taken. Every year, the executive management and employees of the Nomura Group pledge to observe the "Nomura Group Code of Conduct". In this term there was an incident that information related to the listing and delisting criteria for the upper market under review by the Tokyo Stock Exchange was handled improperly from the viewpoint of ensuring market integrity, therefore Japan's Financial Services Agency issued a business improvement order against Nomura Holdings and Nomura Securities for their management control framework relating to information management. Having reflected on this incident Nomura Group has developed an internal management system to promote appropriate actions (Conduct) and started to implement various measures to address Conduct from April 2020. The Nomura Group also established the "Nomura Founding Principles and Corporate Ethics Day" and every year on this day, all executive management and employees determine not to repeat any misconduct through discussing our Nomura Founding Principles and Corporate Ethics. In this term, all of our executive management and employees held discussions on the appropriate actions (conduct) we must follow, and reconfirmed that we would aim to prevent misconducts from occurring again and further improve public trust.

Based on the "Regulations of the Organization" and the "Nomura Group Compliance Policy," we have appointed a Chief Compliance Officer to be in charge of establishing and maintaining the effectiveness of Nomura Group's compliance system and also appointed Compliance Officers at each group company and in each overseas region. The Chief Compliance Officer, through giving

instructions to Group Compliance Dept., works with the Compliance Officers at each group company and overseas region to strengthen the internal control system for global business development and to establish and maintain the compliance system at each group company.

In the event that an employee becomes aware of questionable conduct or illegal activities, we have familiarized employees with the Nomura Group Compliance Hotline, a whistle-blowing system which enables employees to disclose their concerns directly to the internal or external designated persons. In the Nomura Group Compliance Hotline, there are multiple ways to disclose information, including anonymous disclosure, and the disclosure will be treated as strictly confidential

In order to ensure anonymity, it is possible to disclose through an external vendor system. In addition, since it was confirmed that the Nomura Group Compliance Hotline complied with the standards set by the Consumer Affairs Agency, the Nomura Group Compliance Hotline has been registered under Japan's Consumer Affairs Agency's "Whistleblowing Compliance Management System ("WCMS") since November 2019.

In order to eliminate transactions with antisocial forces, Nomura Group has set forth the prohibition of transactions with antisocial forces and organizations in the "Nomura Group Code of Conduct" and its basic policy is to completely block any relationship with antisocial forces. The Code of Conduct also has a basic policy of preventing money laundering and terrorist financing with a high-level management system to prevent the inflow of criminal proceeds into the financial and capital markets as well as the provision of funds to terrorists.

In addition, we have established the "Nomura Group Anti-Money Laundering and Combating the Financing of Terrorism Policy" which sets forth common rules to be followed by each region and group company, including a customer management program, and we are working to strengthen the internal control system throughout the Group, by keeping a close eye on international regulatory trends.

2. Risk Management Structure

- (1) Executive Officers shall acknowledge the importance of identification, evaluation, monitoring and management of various risks relating to the execution of the Nomura Group's business centered on risks such as market risk, credit risk, liquidity risk, and operational risk and ensure understanding and management of such risks at each company within the Nomura Group.
- (2) Executive Officers shall strive to maintain a system to ensure the effectiveness of risk management in the Nomura Group through, among other means, the maintenance of regulations concerning risk management and the installation of responsible divisions and persons.
- (3) Executive Officers shall report the status of risk management structures within the Nomura Group to the Group Integrated Risk Management Committee. The Group Integrated Risk Management Committee shall analyze the risk management status of the entire Nomura Group based on the report and take appropriate measures to establish the most suitable risk management structures for the business.
- (4) Executive Officers shall maintain a structure that enables the Nomura Group to prevent or avoid crises, ensure the safety of customers, officers and employees of the Nomura Group, protect operating assets, reduce damage and ensure early recovery from any damage by establishing basic principles of business continuity including precautionary measures against crises, such as natural disasters or system failures, and emergency measures.

[Summary of Implementation Status of the Structure indicated above]

At the Nomura Group, the type and level of risk for the purpose of achieving strategic objectives and business plans based on management philosophy is set forth as the Risk Appetite and the risks attendant to the carrying on of the Nomura Group's business are thereby ascertained and managed. To prescribe the basic principles, framework, and governance concerning risk management, with the purpose of contributing to securing the financial health and appropriate risk management of the Nomura Group, the Risk Management Policy has been put in place. The unit in charge of risk management is structured as an organization that is independent from units that execute business,

and based on the leadership of the Chief Risk Officer ("CRO") who presides over all aspects of risk management, the various risks relating to business execution are identified, evaluated, monitored, and managed.

As for risks arising out of business operations, on the basis of the basic policy of restraining within the scope of the Risk Appetite, the Executive Management Board or the Group Integrated Risk Management Committee upon delegation by the Executive Management Board deliberates and determines important matters relating to risk management.

In addition, the Company prescribes the basic principles of crisis management at the Nomura Group in the Nomura Group Crisis Management Regulations. In accordance with such regulations, each company of the Nomura Group has appointed Crisis Management Officers and discusses crisis management measures based on the fundamental policies of crisis management adopted by each company. Also, by establishing the Group Crisis Management Committee, the Company has established a global crisis management structure, which includes business continuity measures in case of an emergency. The content of resolutions adopted by the Committee is reported to the Executive Management Board.

- 3. Reporting Structure in Relation to Execution of Duties
- (1) Executive Officers shall report on the status of their own execution of duties not less frequently than once every 3 (three) months. They shall also maintain a reporting structure that governs reporting with respect to Nomura Group directors, executives, and employees.
- (2) Executive Officers shall report the following matters on a regular basis to the Audit Committee directly or through the members of the Audit Committee or the Audit Mission Director:
- (a) The implementation status of internal audits, internal audit results, and remediation status;
- (b) The maintenance and operational status of the compliance structure;
- (c) Risk management status;
- (d) The outline of quarterly financial results and material matters (including matters concerning the selection and application of significant accounting policies and matters concerning internal controls over financial reporting); and
- (e) The operational status of the Compliance Hotline and details of the reports received.
- (3) In the event that an Executive Officer, Senior Managing Director, or employee is requested to report on a matter concerning the execution of such person's duties by an Audit Committee Member designated by the Audit Committee or the Audit Mission Director, such person shall promptly report on such matters.
- (4) In the event that a Director, Executive Officer or Senior Managing Director becomes aware of a matter raised below, an immediate report must be made to an Audit Committee member or Audit Mission Director. Moreover, in the event that the person who becomes aware of such a matter is an executive officer or senior managing director, a report must be made simultaneously to the Executive Management Board. The Executive Management Board will deliberate concerning such matter, and in the event that it is admitted as necessary, based on such results, appropriate measures will be taken.
- (a) Any material violation of law or regulation or other important matter concerning compliance.
- (b) Any legal or financial problem that may have a material impact on the business or financial conditions of each Nomura Group company.
- (c) Any order from any regulatory authority or other facts that may potentially cause the Nomura Group to incur a significant loss.
- (5) In the event that a Nomura Group director, officer, or employee discovers a matter raised above, the Company must maintain a structure that provides for immediate direct or indirect reporting to an Audit Committee Member or Audit Mission Director.

(6) To ensure that persons making a report prescribed in the preceding paragraph 2 do not receive disadvantageous treatment due to the making of such report, the Company must take appropriate measures.

[Summary of Implementation Status of the Structure indicated above]

Executive Officers provide reports concerning the deliberation status of the Executive Management Board, the Group's financial status, and the business execution status of each division at each meeting of the Board of Directors. Further, Executive Officers provide reports concerning their business execution status directly to the Audit Committee or through an Audit Committee Member. At the same time, as for Executive Officers, Senior Managing Directors, and employees, if an Audit Committee Member seeks a report on matters concerning the execution of their duties, a report is presented on such matters promptly.

The Company routinely disseminates to all officers and employees of the Nomura Group the fact that a report must promptly be made to each company's designated point of contact in the event that activity, such as activity that could be in violation of laws, regulations, or internal rules, is found

Furthermore, at the Nomura Group, in accordance with internal rules such as the Regulations on Management of Nomura Group Compliance Hotline and the Nomura Group Code of Conduct, in addition to prohibiting any dismissal, demotion, salary reduction, or other disadvantageous treatment due to such a report, the fact that such disadvantageous treatment is prohibited is disseminated to all Nomura Group officers and employees.

- 4. Structure for Ensuring the Effectiveness of the Execution of Duties
- (1) Executive Officers shall determine the Nomura Group's management strategy and business execution, and execute business in accordance with the management organization and allocation of business duties determined by the Board of Directors.
- (2) Executive Officers shall determine the allocation of business duties between each Senior Managing Director and the scope of authority of each employee, and thereby ensure the effectiveness of the structure for the execution of duties and establish a responsibility structure for the execution of duties.
- (3) Of the matters whose business execution decision has been delegated to Executive Officers based on a resolution adopted by the Board of Directors, certain important matters shall be determined through the deliberation and determination by bodies, such as the Executive Management Board, or through documents requesting managerial decisions.
- (4) The Executive Management Board shall determine or review the necessary allocation of management resources based on the business plan and budget application of each division and regional area to ensure the effective management of the Nomura Group.

[Summary of Implementation Status of the Structure indicated above]

Business execution decisions within the Company, to the extent permitted by laws and regulations, are made flexibly and efficiently by Executive Officers to whom the Board of Directors has delegated authority. In addition, to undertake the further strengthening of the business execution structure with regard to the sophistication and specialization of financial operations, Senior Managing Directors to whom Executive Officers have delegated a part of their business execution authority assume the business and operations of the field that each such Senior Managing Director is in charge of.

Out of the matters delegated to Executive Officers by a resolution adopted by of the Board of Directors, concerning the determination of particularly important business matters, bodies such as the Executive Management Board, the Group Integrated Risk Management Committee, and the Internal Controls Committee have been put in place at which there are deliberations and determinations are made. The Board of Directors receives reports on the status of deliberation from each such body at least once every three months. The Executive Management Board deliberates and determines important matters regarding the business management of the Nomura Group, beginning with and including management strategy, budgets, and the distribution of management resources.

- 5. Structure for Retention and Maintenance of Information
- (1) Executive Officers shall retain the minutes of important meetings, conference minutes, documents regarding requests for managerial decisions, contracts, documents related to finances and other material documents (including their electronic records), together with relevant materials, for at least ten years, and shall maintain access to such documents if necessary.
- (2) Executive Officers shall maintain a structure to protect the Nomura Group's non-public information, including its financial information, and promote fair, timely and appropriate disclosure of information to external parties, thereby securing the trust of customers, shareholders, investors, etc.

[Summary of Implementation Status of the Structure indicated above]

All minutes of important meetings, conference minutes, internal approval requests, contracts, documents related to finances, and other material documents (including their electronic records) are appropriately retained in accordance with applicable laws, regulations, internal rules and related contracts, etc., and are maintained in a condition in which they are available for inspection if necessary.

At the Nomura Group, for the purpose of securing the trust of persons such as clients, shareholders, and investors, the basic policy is to comply with laws, and regulations relating to timely disclosure such as the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act and other exchange rules, and in addition to protection of the Nomura Group's non-public information, promotion of fair, timely, and appropriate disclosure of information to external parties. Based on the aforementioned policy, the Company has established the Nomura Group's Statement of Global Corporate Policy regarding Public Disclosure of Information, and the Disclosure Committee has been set up based on the Statement. The Committee, whose chairperson is the Senior Managing Director responsible for Group Corporate Communications, in addition to disseminating the content of the Nomura Group's Statement of Global Corporate Policy to officers and employees, maintains the structure to carry out the fair, timely, and appropriate disclosure of information by taking measures such as establishing/implementing guidelines concerning the disclosure of information.

6. Internal Audit System

- (1) Executive Officers shall install a department in charge of internal audit, and by implementing an internal audit program, shall ensure effective and adequate internal controls across the entire business of the Nomura Group.
- (2) The Internal Controls Committee shall deliberate or determine basic matters concerning internal controls within the Nomura Group, the annual plan regarding internal audit and the implementation status and results.
- (3) Executive Officers shall report on the status of the internal audit within the Nomura Group and the results thereof to the Internal Controls Committee at least once every three months.

[Summary of Implementation Status of the Structure indicated above]

To secure the validity and suitability of internal controls, the Group Internal Audit Department has been put in place within the Company and units dedicated to internal audit have also been put in place at each major subsidiary under the Company. These internal audit departments carry out audits independent from business execution and carry out activities such as the provision of advice and recommendations for business improvement. The annual plan regarding internal audit, as well as the implementation status and results are deliberated in or reported to the Internal Controls Committee in which Audit Committee Members participate, and the content of the Internal Controls Committee meetings are reported to the Board of Directors.

< III. The Nomura Group's Internal Controls System >

(1) Executive Officers shall secure the appropriateness of the Nomura Group's business by ensuring that each company within the Nomura Group is fully aware of the Internal Controls System of the Company and by requiring the maintenance of an internal controls system at each company that reflects the actual conditions of each company.

(2) Executive Officers shall ensure the effectiveness of internal controls concerning financial reporting by the Company by, among other means, maintaining the structures listed in I through III above.

[Summary of Implementation Status of the Structure indicated above]

The Company, for every amendment of the internal control system, disseminates the content and meaning of the amendment to each Nomura Group company and provides guidance to maintain internal control systems that fit with each company's actual conditions. In addition, the Company, including for important subsidiaries, identifies and understands the risks related to financial reporting, and based on such understanding, establishes and maintains internal controls over financial reporting. Concerning the status of such establishment and maintenance, the Company receives an evaluation from the internal audit division and an audit and evaluation by the accounting firm.

(Note) For stated monetary amounts and numbers of shares in this Business Report, fractions of the unit of display have been rounded to the nearest unit.

(Reference)

The Company adopted resolutions to amend the structures at Meetings of the Board of Directors held on March 30, 2020. The content of the Board of Directors resolutions concerning the post-amendment Structure for Ensuring Appropriate Business Activities is described in "the Corporate Governance Report" (https://www.nomuraholdings.com/company/cg/data/cg report.pdf).

Consolidated Balance Sheet (As of March 31, 2020)

| | (Millions of yen) |
|---|-------------------|
| ASSETS | |
| Cash and cash deposits: | 3,874,948 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 3,191,889 |
| Time deposits | 309,373 |
| Deposits with stock exchanges and other segregated cash | 373,686 |
| Loans and receivables: | 5,116,913 |
| Loans receivable | 2,857,405 |
| Receivables from customers | 541,284 |
| Receivables from other than customers | 1,731,236 |
| Allowance for doubtful accounts | (13,012) |
| Collateralized agreements: | 15,907,112 |
| Securities purchased under agreements to resell | 12,377,315 |
| Securities borrowed | 3,529,797 |
| Trading assets and private equity and debt investments: | 16,898,100 |
| Trading assets | 16,853,822 |
| Private equity and debt investments | 44,278 |
| Other assets: | 2,202,742 |
| Office buildings, land, equipment and facilities | 440,512 |
| (net of accumulated depreciation and amortization of 397,114 million yen) | |
| Non-trading debt securities | 455,392 |
| Investments in equity securities | 112,175 |
| Investments in and advances to affiliated companies | 367,641 |
| Other | 827,022 |
| Total assets | 43,999,815 |
| LIABILITIES | 13,777,013 |
| Short-term borrowings | 1,486,733 |
| Payables and deposits: | 4,397,082 |
| Payables to customers | 1,467,434 |
| Payables to other than customers | 1,653,495 |
| Deposits received at banks | |
| * | 1,276,153 |
| Collateralized financing: Securities sold under agreements to repurchase | 18,028,339 |
| | 16,349,182 |
| Securities loaned | 961,446 |
| Other secured borrowings | 717,711 |
| Trading liabilities | 8,546,284 |
| Other liabilities | 1,034,448 |
| Long-term borrowings | 7,775,665 |
| Total liabilities | 41,268,551 |
| Commitments and contingencies | |
| EQUITY | 504 402 |
| Common stock | 594,493 |
| Authorized – 6,000,000,000 shares | |
| Issued – 3,493,562,601 shares | |
| Outstanding – 3,038,587,493 shares | (02.222 |
| Additional paid-in capital | 683,232 |
| Retained earnings | 1,645,451 |
| Accumulated other comprehensive income | (26,105) |
| Common stock held in treasury, at cost – 454,975,108 shares | (243,604) |
| Total Nomura Holdings, Inc. shareholders' equity | 2,653,467 |
| Noncontrolling interests | 77,797 |
| Total equity | 2,731,264 |
| Total liabilities and equity | 43,999,815 |

Consolidated Statement of Income (April 1, 2019 — March 31, 2020)

| | (Millions of yen) |
|---|-------------------|
| Commissions | 308,805 |
| Fees from investment banking | 103,222 |
| Asset management and portfolio service fees | 238,202 |
| Net gain on trading | 356,609 |
| Gain (loss) on private equity and debt investments | (93) |
| Interest and dividends | 794,472 |
| Gain (loss) on investments in equity securities | (14,726) |
| Other | 165,991 |
| Total revenue | 1,952,482 |
| Interest expense | 664,653 |
| Net revenue | 1,287,829 |
| Compensation and benefits | 479,420 |
| Commissions and floor brokerage | 106,123 |
| Information processing and communications | 170,317 |
| Occupancy and related depreciation | 72,986 |
| Business development expenses | 31,885 |
| Other | 178,837 |
| Non-interest expenses | 1,039,568 |
| Income before income taxes | 248,261 |
| Income tax expense | 28,894 |
| Net income | 219,367 |
| Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests | 2,369 |
| Net income attributable to Nomura Holdings, Inc. shareholders | 216,998 |

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity (April 1, 2019 — March 31, 2020)

| | (Millions of yen) |
|--|-------------------|
| Common Stock | |
| Balance at beginning of year | |
| Balance at end of year | 594,493 |
| Additional paid-in capital | |
| Balance at beginning of year | |
| Stock-based compensation awards | (4,326) |
| Changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries | (203) |
| Balance at end of year | 683,232 |
| Retained earnings | |
| Balance at beginning of year | 1,486,825 |
| Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle ⁽¹⁾ | |
| Net income attributable to Nomura Holdings, Inc.'s shareholders | 216,998 |
| Cash dividends | |
| Gain (loss) on sales of treasury stock | |
| Balance at end of year | |
| Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) | |
| Cumulative translation adjustments | |
| Balance at beginning of year | 17,833 |
| Net change during the year | |
| Balance at end of year | |
| Defined benefit pension plans | (=+,=+,-) |
| Balance at beginning of year | (71,107) |
| Pension liability adjustments | |
| Balance at end of year | |
| Own credit adjustments | (02,5 / 1) |
| Balance at beginning of year | 24,224 |
| Own credit adjustments. | |
| Balance at end of year | |
| Balance at end of year | |
| Common stock held in treasury | (20,103) |
| Balance at beginning of year | (108,968) |
| Repurchases of common stock | |
| | |
| Sale of common stock | |
| Common stock issued to employees | |
| Balance at end of year | (243,604) |
| | 2 652 467 |
| Balance at end of year | 2,653,467 |
| Noncontrolling Interests | 40.722 |
| Balance at beginning of year | 49,732 |
| Cash dividends | |
| Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests | 2,369 |
| Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests | (202) |
| Cumulative translation adjustments | |
| Purchase/sale (disposition) of subsidiary shares, etc., net | |
| Other net change in noncontrolling interests | |
| Balance at end of year | |
| Total equity balance at end of year | 2,731,264 |
| (1) P | |

[Translation] Independent Auditor's Report

May 21, 2020

The Board of Directors Nomura Holdings, Inc.

Ernst & Young ShinNihon LLC Tokyo office, Japan

Hiroki Matsumura Designated Engagement Partner Certified Public Accountant

Hisashi Yuhara Designated Engagement Partner Certified Public Accountant

Toru Nakagiri Designated Engagement Partner Certified Public Accountant

Kenjiro Tsumura Designated Engagement Partner Certified Public Accountant

Opinion

Pursuant to Article 444, paragraph 4 of the Companies Act, we have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements, which comprise the consolidated balance sheet, the consolidated statement of income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity, and notes to the consolidated financial statements of Nomura Holdings, Inc. (the "Company") applicable to the fiscal year from April 1, 2019 to March 31, 2020.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position and results of operations of the Group, which consisted of the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries, applicable to the fiscal year ended March 31, 2020, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America with certain disclosure items omitted pursuant to the same provisions in the second sentence of Article 120, section 1 of the Ordinance on Accounting of Companies, as applied to Article 120-3, section 3.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in Japan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Japan, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Audit Committee for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America with certain disclosure items omitted pursuant to the same provisions in the second sentence of Article 120, section 1 of the Ordinance on Accounting of Companies, as applied to Article 120-3, section 3, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and disclosing, as required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America with certain disclosure items omitted pursuant to the same provisions in the second sentence of Article 120, section 1 of the Ordinance on Accounting of Companies, as applied to Article 120-3, section 3, matters related to going concern.

Audit Committee are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in Japan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

In making those risk assessments, we consider internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, while the purpose of the audit of the consolidated financial statements is not expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.

Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.

Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America with certain disclosure items omitted pursuant to the same provisions in the second sentence of Article 120, section 1 of the Ordinance on Accounting of Companies, as applied to Article 120-3, section 3.

Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with the ethical requirements regarding independence that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Japan, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Conflicts of Interest

We have no interest in the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries which should be disclosed in accordance with the Certified Public Accountants Act.

(Note)

This is an English translation of the Japanese language Independent Auditor's Report issued by Ernst & Young ShinNihon LLC in connection with the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the Company, prepared in Japanese, for the year ended March 31, 2020. Ernst & Young ShinNihon LLC have not audited the English language version of the financial statements for the above-mentioned year.

Report of the Audit Committee on the Consolidated Financial Statements

REPORT ON THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Audit Committee of Nomura Holdings, Inc. (the "Company") has audited the Company's consolidated financial statements (the consolidated balance sheet, the consolidated statement of income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the notes to the consolidated financial statements) applicable to the 116th fiscal year (from April 1, 2019 to March 31, 2020). We hereby report the method, contents and results of the audit as follows:

1. METHOD AND DETAILS OF THE AUDIT

In accordance with the auditing principles and assignment of duties, etc. determined by the Audit Committee, the Audit Committee received reports from the Executive Officers, etc. of the Company regarding to the consolidated financial statements, and asked for the explanations as necessary. In addition, we have monitored and verified whether the Accounting Auditor maintained its independent position and implemented appropriate audit, and we received reports from Accounting Auditor regarding the status of the performance of its duties and, whenever necessary, asked for explanations. Furthermore, we have been notified by the Accounting Auditor that the "Structure for Ensuring Appropriate Operation" (matters set forth in each items prescribed in Article 131 of the Ordinance for Company Calculation) is organized in accordance with the "Quality Control Standards for Audits" (Business Accounting Council, October 28, 2005), etc., and when necessary, asked for explanations.

Based on the above methods, we have examined the consolidated financial statements for this fiscal year.

2. RESULT OF THE AUDIT

We acknowledge that both the method and result of the audit by Ernst & Young ShinNihon LLC, the Company's Accounting Auditor, are appropriate.

May 21, 2020

THE AUDIT COMMITTEE OF NOMURA HOLDINGS, INC.

Noriaki Shimazaki, Chairman of the Audit Committee

Mari Sono, Member of the Audit Committee

Hisato Miyashita, Member of the Audit Committee

Note: Messrs. Noriaki Shimazaki and Mari Sono are Outside Directors as provided for in Article 2, Item 15 and Article 400, Paragraph 3 of the Companies Act.

Balance Sheet (As of March 31, 2020)

| | (Millions of yen) |
|---|-------------------|
| ASSETS | |
| Current Assets: | 4,021,494 |
| Cash and time deposits | 250,710 |
| Money held in trust | 42 |
| Short-term loans receivable | 3,683,399 |
| Accounts receivable | 35,963 |
| Others | 51,380 |
| Fixed Assets: | 3,514,463 |
| Tangible fixed assets: | 21,309 |
| Buildings | 8,375 |
| Furniture & fixtures | 11,322 |
| Land | 210 |
| Construction in progress | 1,402 |
| Intangible assets: | 75,730 |
| Software | 75,730 |
| Others | 0 |
| Investments and others: | 3,417,424 |
| Investment securities | 102,441 |
| Investments in subsidiaries and affiliates (at cost) | 2,472,519 |
| Other securities of subsidiaries and affiliates | 38,584 |
| Long-term loans receivable from subsidiaries and affiliates | 721,690 |
| Long-term guarantee deposits | 27,270 |
| Deferred tax assets | 7,014 |
| Others | 47,928 |
| Allowance for doubtful accounts | (23) |
| Allowance for doubtful accounts | (23) |
| | |
| Total assets | 7,535,957 |
| LIABILITIES | |
| Current Liabilities: | 2,264,886 |
| Short-term borrowings | 1,940,326 |
| Bond due within one year | 150,700 |
| Collaterals received | 70,628 |
| Accrued income taxes | 532 |
| Accrued bonuses | 29,139 |
| Others | 73,562 |
| Long-term Liabilities: | 2,672,511 |
| Bonds payable | 885,545 |
| Long-term borrowings | 1,785,286 |
| Others | 1,679 |
| Total liabilities | 4,937,396 |
| NET ASSETS | |
| Shareholders' equity: | 2,533,587 |
| Common stock | 594,493 |
| Additional paid-in capital: | 559,676 |
| Capital reserves | 559,676 |
| Retained earnings: | 1,622,825 |
| Retained earnings reserve | 81,858 |
| Other retained earnings | 1,540,967 |
| Retained earnings carried forward | 1,540,967 |
| | (243,407) |
| Treasury stock | 50,306 |
| Valuation and translation adjustments: | |
| Net unrealized gain on investments | 33,920 |
| Deferred gains or loss on hedges | 16,386 |
| Stock acquisition rights | 14,668 |
| Total net assets | 2,598,561 |
| Total liabilities and net assets | 7,535,957 |

Statement of Income (April 1, 2019 — March 31, 2020)

| Statement of income (April 1, 2019 — March 31, 2020) | |
|---|-------------------|
| | (Millions of yen) |
| Operating revenue | 348,003 |
| Property and equipment fee revenue | 101,951 |
| Rent revenue | 32,033 |
| Royalty on trademark | 35,574 |
| Dividend from subsidiaries and affiliates | 114,747 |
| Interest income from loans to subsidiaries and affiliates | 50,894 |
| Others | 12,803 |
| Operating expenses | 236,496 |
| Compensation and benefits | 25,809 |
| Occupancy and equipment costs | 39,697 |
| Data processing and office supplies | 59,617 |
| Depreciation and amortization | 36,519 |
| Taxes | 2,684 |
| Others | 5,979 |
| Interest expenses | 66,191 |
| Operating income | 111,507 |
| Non-operating income | 13,001 |
| Non-operating expenses | 4,850 |
| Ordinary income | 119,658 |
| Extraordinary income | 173,592 |
| Gain on liquidation of subsidiaries and affiliates | 1,932 |
| Gain on sales of subsidiaries and affiliates | 151,462 |
| Gain on sales of investment securities | 6,806 |
| Gain on sales of fixed assets | 9,480 |
| Gain on reversal of subscription rights to shares | 220 |
| Reversal of provision for loss on business of subsidiaries and associates | 3,693 |
| Extraordinary losses | 6,333 |
| Loss on sales of investment securities | 205 |
| Loss on devaluation of investment securities | 3,339 |
| Loss on sales of stocks of subsidiaries and affiliates | 727 |
| Loss on devaluation of stocks of subsidiaries and affiliates | 1,170 |
| Loss on sales and retirement of fixed assets | 892 |
| Income before income taxes | 286,917 |
| Income taxes - current | 2,738 |
| Income taxes - deferred | 2,968 |
| Net income | 281,212 |

Statement of Changes in Net Assets (April 1, 2019 — March 31, 2020)

| Statement of Changes in Net Assets (April 1, 2019 — March 51, 2020) | (Millions of yen) |
|---|-------------------|
| Shareholders' Equity | |
| Common stock | |
| Balance at beginning of the year | 594,493 |
| Balance at end of the year | 594,493 |
| Additional paid-in capital | |
| Capital reserve | |
| Balance at beginning of the year | 559,676 |
| Balance at end of the year | 559,676 |
| Total capital reserve | |
| Balance at beginning of the year | 559,676 |
| Balance at end of the year | 559,676 |
| Retained earnings | - |
| Retained earnings reserve | |
| Balance at beginning of the year | 81,858 |
| Balance at end of the year | 81,858 |
| Other retained earnings | |
| Retained earnings carried forward | |
| Balance at beginning of the year | 1,318,632 |
| Change in the year | |
| Cash dividends | (58,416) |
| Net Income | 281,212 |
| Disposal of treasury stock | (461) |
| Total change in the year | 222,335 |
| Balance at end of the year | 1,540,967 |
| Total retained earnings | |
| Balance at beginning of the year | 1,400,490 |
| Change in the year | |
| Cash dividends | (58,416) |
| Net Income | 281,212 |
| Disposal of treasury stock | . (461) |
| Total change in the year | 222,335 |
| Balance at end of the year | 1,622,825 |
| Treasury stock | - |
| Balance at beginning of the year | (108,771) |
| Change in the year | , , |
| Purchases of treasury stock | (150,009) |
| Disposal of treasury stock | |
| Total change in the year | |
| Balance at end of the year | |

| T (1.1. 1.11.) ' | (Millions of yen) |
|---|---------------------|
| Total shareholders' equity | 2.445.000 |
| Balance at beginning of the year | 2,445,888 |
| Change in the year Cash dividends | (59.41) |
| | |
| Net Income | , |
| Purchases of treasury stock | |
| Disposal of treasury stock | |
| Total change in the year | |
| Balance at end of the year | 2,533,587 |
| Valuation and translation adjustments | |
| Net unrealized gain on investments | |
| Balance at beginning of the year | |
| Change in the year | |
| Other-net | |
| Total change in the year | (11,010 |
| Balance at end of the year | |
| Deferred gains or loss on hedges | |
| Balance at beginning of the year | |
| Change in the year | |
| Other-net | |
| Total change in the year | |
| Balance at end of the year | |
| Total valuation and translation adjustments | |
| Balance at beginning of the year | |
| Change in the year | |
| Other-net | |
| Total change in the year | |
| Balance at end of the year | 50,306 |
| Stock acquisition rights | |
| Balance at beginning of the year | |
| Change in the year | |
| Other-net | (8,328 |
| Total change in the year | (8,328 |
| Balance at end of the year | |
| Fotal net assets | |
| Balance at beginning of the year | 2,516,921 |
| Change in the year | , - , |
| Cash dividends | (58,416 |
| Net Income | |
| Purchases of treasury stock | |
| Disposal of treasury stock | · · |
| Other-net | |
| Total change in the year | |
| Balance at end of the year | |

[Translation] Independent Auditor's Report

May 21, 2020

The Board of Directors Nomura Holdings, Inc.

Ernst & Young ShinNihon LLC Tokyo office, Japan

Hiroki Matsumura Designated Engagement Partner Certified Public Accountant

Hisashi Yuhara Designated Engagement Partner Certified Public Accountant

Toru Nakagiri Designated Engagement Partner Certified Public Accountant

Kenjiro Tsumura Designated Engagement Partner Certified Public Accountant

Opinion

Pursuant to Article 436, Section 2, Paragraph 1 of the Companies Act, we have audited the accompanying financial statements, which comprise the balance sheet, the statement of income, the statement of changes in net assets, the notes to the financial statements and the related supplementary schedules of Nomura Holdings, Inc. (the "Company") applicable to the 116th fiscal year from April 1, 2019 to March 31, 2020.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements and the related supplementary schedules referred above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position and results of operations of the Company applicable to the fiscal year ended March 31, 2020, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in Japan.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in Japan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Japan, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Audit Committee for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in Japan, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern and disclosing, as required by accounting principles generally accepted in Japan, matters related to going concern.

Audit Committee are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in Japan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

In making those risk assessments, we consider internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, while the purpose of the audit of the financial statements is not expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in Japan.

We communicate with Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with the ethical requirements regarding independence that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Japan, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Conflicts of Interest

We have no interest in the Company which should be disclosed in accordance with the Certified Public Accountants Act.

(Note)

This is an English translation of the Japanese language Independent Auditor's Report issued by Ernst & Young ShinNihon LLC in connection with the audit of the financial statements of the Company, prepared in Japanese, for the year ended March 31, 2020. Ernst & Young ShinNihon LLC have not audited the English language version of the financial statements for the above-mentioned year.

REPORT OF THE AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Audit Committee of Nomura Holdings, Inc. (the "Company") audited the execution by the Directors and Executive Officers of the Company of their duties during the 116th fiscal year (from April 1, 2019 to March 31, 2020). We hereby report the method, contents and results of the audit as follows:

1. METHOD AND DETAILS OF THE AUDIT

Based on the auditing principles and assignment of duties, etc. determined by the Audit Committee, with the cooperation of the Company's departments in charge of internal control, etc. the Audit Committee has investigated the procedure and details of the decision making at the important meetings, etc., reviewed important authorized documents and other material documents regarding to the business execution, investigated the performance of the duties by the Directors, Executive Officers, Senior Managing Directors and other significant employees, etc., and investigated the conditions of the businesses and assets of the Company.

With respect to the resolution of the Board of Directors regarding the internal control system as stipulated in Article 416, Paragraph 1, Items 1(ii) and (v) of the Companies Act and the internal control system maintained based on such resolution, we received reports from the Directors, Executive Officers, Senior Managing Directors and significant employees, etc. periodically, and asked for explanations as necessary and provided our opinion. In relation to internal control over financial reporting required under the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act, we have received reports from the Executive Officers, etc. and Ernst & Young ShinNihon LLC regarding the assessment of such internal controls and status of the audit, and asked for explanations as necessary.

With respect to subsidiaries, we have communicated and exchanged information with the subsidiaries' Directors, Senior Managing Directors, members of the Audit Committee and statutory auditors, etc. and when necessary, requested the subsidiaries to report on their business.

Furthermore, we have monitored and verified whether the Accounting Auditor maintained its independent position and implemented appropriate audit, and received reports from the Accounting Auditor regarding the status of the performance of its duties and, whenever necessary, asked for explanations. In addition, we have been notified from the Accounting Auditor that "Structure for Ensuring Appropriate Operation" (matters set forth in each items prescribed in Article 131 of the Ordinance for Company Calculation) is organized in accordance with the "Quality Control Standards for Audits" (Business Accounting Council, October 28, 2005), etc. and when necessary, asked for explanations.

Based on the above methods, we have examined the business report and its supplementary schedules, financial statements (balance sheet, statement of income, statement of changes in net assets and notes to the financial statements) and its supplementary schedules for this fiscal year.

2. RESULT OF THE AUDIT

(1) Result of the audit

- 1. We have found that business report and its supplementary schedules fairly present the status of the Company, in conformity with the applicable laws and regulations and the Articles of Incorporation.
- 2. In relation to the performance of the duties by the Directors and the Executive Officers, we have found no misconduct or material facts that violate applicable laws and regulations or the Articles of Incorporation.
- 3. We have found that the content of the resolution of the Board of Directors regarding the internal control system is adequate. Moreover, we have no remarks to point out on the content of the business report and on the execution of the duties by the Directors and the Executive Officers regarding the status of the establishment and the maintenance of the internal control system based on such resolution, including internal control over financial reporting required under the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act.

(2) Result of the audit of Financial Statements and Supplementary Schedules

We acknowledge that both the method and result of the audit by Ernst & Young ShinNihon LLC, the Company's Accounting Auditor, are appropriate.

May 21, 2020

THE AUDIT COMMITTEE OF NOMURA HOLDINGS, INC.

Noriaki Shimazaki, Chairman of the Audit Committee

Mari Sono, Member of the Audit Committee

Hisato Miyashita, Member of the Audit Committee

Note: Messrs. Noriaki Shimazaki and Mari Sono are Outside Directors as provided for in Article 2, Item 15 and Article 400, Paragraph 3 of the Companies Act.

| Fiscal Year | April 1 to March 31 |
|--|---------------------|
| Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders | Held in June |

<Special Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements>

This report contains forward-looking statements that are based on our current expectations, assumptions, estimates and projections about our business, our industry and capital markets around the world. These forward-looking statements are subject to various risks and uncertainties. Generally, these forward-looking statements can be identified by the use of forward-looking terminology such as "may", "will", "expect", "anticipate", "estimate", "plan" or similar words. These statements discuss future expectations, identify strategies, contain projections of our results of operations or financial condition, or state other forward-looking information. Known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors may cause our actual results, performance, achievements or financial position expressed or implied by any forward-looking statement in this report.