Outlook for FY20-21 corporate earnings

Quarterly Update

9 June 2020

For inquiries: Market Strategy Research Dept Equity Research Dept

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Summary and major assumptions

Overview of FY19 results

In this report, we collate and analyze earnings forecast data issued by our analysts.

FY19 saw a sales decline of 2.5% y-y and a recurring profit decline of 22.3% for companies in the Russell/Nomura Large Cap Index (ex financials). Sale growth was 1.8ppt weaker than our previous forecasts (released in March 2020, collated 25 February 2020), while recurring profit growth was 13.6ppt weaker. COVID-19 affected a wide range of industries, manufacturers and nonmanufacturers (ex financials) alike, and brought production and consumption activity to a standstill.

Recurring profits fell in FY19, for the first time since FY11, eight years ago. The manufacturing sector in particular had already been struggling because of US/China trade friction, and COVID-19 caused earnings at major companies to deteriorate further from the start of 2020. Some companies were forced to post impairment losses on plant closures, while others were forced to post valuation losses on investment securities because of falling share prices through end-FY19. These are among the factors that have served to depress profits. ROE deteriorated substantially from 10.3% in FY18 to 6.5% in FY19.

In FY19 Q4, recurring profits at companies in the Russell/Nomura Large Cap Index (ex financials) fell 71.8% y-y on an 8.1% drop in sales. COVID-19 caused recurring profits to fall by more than two-thirds y-y at both manufacturers and nonmanufacturers.

Overview of the FY20 corporate earnings outlook

For FY20, our analysts look for a sales decline of 6.0% y-y and recurring profit growth of 0.2% for companies in the Russell/Nomura Large Cap Index (ex financials).

Our forex assumptions for FY20 are USD/JPY of 107.0 (previously 109.0) and EUR/JPY of 116.0 (previously 121.0), reflecting our expectation that the yen will strengthen. Our current forecasts represent a downward revision of 7.1ppt for sales growth and a downward revision of 9.6ppt for recurring profit growth, versus our previous forecasts. The main reason why we expect recurring profits to roughly peg level y-y in FY20 despite tough business conditions is the disappearance of major one-time losses posted by some companies in FY19. We also note that our analysts have not completed the process of revising their earnings forecasts, partly because COVID-19 delayed the FY19 results season and numerous companies have not disclosed initial guidance for FY20.

As analysts continue to factor in the deterioration in the business environment caused by COVID-19 into their forecasts, the revision index for companies in the Russell/Nomura Large Cap Index (ex financials) stands at -48.0% as of the start of June 2020, even worse than -40.9% at the start of June 2011, in the wake of the Great East Japan Earthquake. The global COVID-19 infection rate has been slowing and economic activity has been showing signs of resuming, but a fresh surge in infections could result in further downward revisions to forecasts. Fresh trade friction between the US and China also constitutes a risk, especially for the manufacturing sector.

Fig. 1: Overview of consolidated earnings forecasts for the Russell/Nomura Large Cap Index

(% y-y, except where noted) No. New Old of cos FY17 FY18 FY19 FY20E FY21E FY19E FY20E Russell/Nomura Large Cap (ex financials) 306 8.2 6.5 -2.5 -6.0 6.0 -0.7 1.1 Manufacturing 7.0 175 9.3 3.0 -2.7 -7.4 -1.5 1.1 Basic materials 37 17.1 7.0 -2.0 -13.5 5.1 -0.8 -1.5 Sales Processing 84 7.9 1.7 -4.5 -6.7 8.4 -3.1 1.8 131 6.7 0.4 Nonmanufacturing (ex financials) 11.5 -23 -4 2 4.6 1.2 Russell/Nomura Small Cap (ex financials) 1,135 6.1 0.3 3.3 1.3 4.6 2.6 -23.7 Russell/Nomura Large Cap (ex financials) 306 16.3 3.6 25.5 -13.0 12.8 Manufacturing 175 17.8 0.3 35.6 -14.6 16.0 -23.2 8.0 Basic materials 37 34.9 0.1 -48.7 17.0 31.5 -33.5 22.8 Operating profits 15.9 Processing 84 0.2 -20.1 18.7 44.4 -11.6 12.7 14.3 15.0 Nonmanufacturing (ex financials) 131 8.0 -24.3 7.8 -11.1 9.2 Russell/Nomura Small Cap (ex financials) 1,135 6.8 -2.4 -6.0 -1.0 15.5 -0.9 11.6 Russell/Nomura Large Cap 330 15.3 1.1 -20.5 2.5 22.2 -6.3 8.0 Russell/Nomura Large Cap (ex financials) 306 17.5 3.1 -22.3 0.2 25.7 -8.7 9.8 Manufacturing 175 -27.2 -13.9 21.6 -1.5 35.7 16.2 43.6 -52.0 -36.7 Basic materials 37 2.1 19.0 34.0 26.3 -2.6 84 19.6 -24.5 10.3 42.6 -8.6 11.8 Recurring profits Processing Nonmanufacturing 155 9.7 3.7 -14.3 6.2 12.2 0.9 1.4 Nonmanufacturing (ex financials) 131 12.2 9.7 -16.0 2.8 15.2 2.7 Russell/Nomura Small Cap 1,231 9.0 -1.8 14.5 11.0 Russell/Nomura Small Cap (ex financials) 1,135 11.8 8 4 0.3 -9.5 15.7 -4.1 -0.6Russell/Nomura Large Cap 330 32.2 11.0 26.4 9.8 -4.5 -31.6 -11.6 Russell/Nomura Large Cap (ex financials) 306 38.5 -1.1 -35.6 9.3 31.0 -16.1 12.1 Manufacturing 175 53.1 -4.3 -40.3 3.6 44.3 -23.7 20.0 37 49.6 159.8 38.1 Basic materials 0.9 -82.6 -54.4 60.8 Net profits Processing 84 68.5 -5.9 -37.9 -8.0 53.4 -19.3 12.4 Nonmanufacturing 155 15.1 -4.7 -22.2 17.3 13.1 1.5 1.5 Nonmanufacturing (ex financials) 131 20.4 3.9 -28.8 16.2 16.6 -5.3 3.0 Russell/Nomura Small Cap 1,231 14.5 -5.9 -12.0 13.5 15.4 0.9 15.7 1,135 Russell/Nomura Small Cap (ex financials) 10.1 -3.4 -13.9 15.4 17.1 0.5 17.5

Note: Latest estimates as of 31 May 2020, previous estimates as of 25 February 2020.

Source: Nomura

Fig. 2: Major assumptions

As of 20 April 2020

AS 01 20 April 2020						
		Industrial production 2015 base year	Policy rate (FY-end)	WTI	Exchange	rate (avg)
		% y-y	%	\$/bbl	USD/JPY	EUR/JPY
FY19		-3.9	-0.10	54.8	108.72	120.82
FY20E		-8.1	-0.10	29.5	107.00	116.00
FY21E		5.4	-0.10	36.3	107.00	116.00
FY19	H1	-1.6	-0.10	58.1	108.61	121.41
FY19	H2	-6.1	-0.10	51.6	108.84	120.22
FY20E	H1	-12.5	-0.10	25.5	107.00	116.00
FY20E	H2	-3.6	-0.10	33.5	107.00	116.00
FY21E	H1	7.0	-0.10	35.5	107.00	116.00
FY21E	H2	3.8	-0.10	37.0	107.00	116.00

As of 20 January 2020

Industrial production 2015 base year	Policy rate (FY-end)	WTI	Exchange	rate (avg)
% y-y	%	\$/bbl	USD/JPY	EUR/JPY
-3.2	-0.10	57.7	108.73	121.05
1.1	-0.10	57.5	109.00	121.00
-	-	-	-	=
-1.6	-0.10	58.1	108.61	121.41
-4.7	-0.10	57.2	108.85	120.68
-2.8	-0.10	57.5	109.00	121.00
5.0	-0.10	57.5	109.00	121.00
-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-

Note: WTI is term-average WTI crude oil futures price. The above assumptions are not Nomura forecasts but the assumptions on which Nomura analysts base their earnings forecasts.

Contributions to recurring profit growth by sector

Overview of FY19 results

In FY19, 7 of 19 sectors achieved increases in recurring profits, with the other 12 sectors showing declines.

Sectors that made major positive contributions to profits included utilities; software; and pharmaceuticals, healthcare. Utilities benefited from y-y declines in crude oil prices and gains under the fuel cost adjustment scheme. Software benefited from strong sales of game consoles and software in the amusement field. Meanwhile, in terms of software for enterprises, sector companies tapped into strong corporate appetite to invest in IT in order to boost productivity. In pharmaceuticals, healthcare, progress was made in reducing SG&A costs, and sales were strong, both overseas and in Japan.

Sectors that made major negative contributions to profits included telecommunications; chemicals; electrical machinery, precision equipment; automobiles; and steel, nonferrous metal. In telecommunications, major losses posted by SoftBank Group [9984] at its SVF and other SBIA-managed funds segment and on proprietary investment projects accounted for around 80% of sector losses. Manufacturers (chemicals; electrical machinery, precision equipment; automobiles; steel, nonferrous metal) were hit by US/China trade friction and by COVID-19, which disrupted production and distribution and dented demand too. In addition to this, major negatives for profits at individual sectors included losses as a result of falling crude oil prices for chemicals (inventory valuation losses, time-lag losses for refining margins, impairment losses on resource exploration projects); the disappearance of one-time gains posted in FY18, impairment losses at subsidiaries, and one-time losses on overseas operations for electrical machinery, precision equipment; quality-related costs for automobiles; and impairment losses on production network reorganization at Nippon Steel [5401] and JFE Holdings [5411] for steel, nonferrous metal.

Overview of the FY20 corporate earnings outlook

For FY20, our analysts project that recurring profits will increase in 12 of 19 sectors and decrease in 7.

Sectors expected to make major positive contributions to profits include telecommunications; financials; electrical machinery, precision equipment; and steel, nonferrous metal.

We expect these sectors to make major positive contributions to profits in FY20 because of the disappearance of impairment losses and/or one-time losses posted in FY19. For telecommunications, the one-time losses posted by SoftBank Group will disappear in FY20. SoftBank Group accounts for more than 80% of projected profit growth for the telecommunications sector. Also for electrical machinery, precision equipment, the disappearance of one-time losses posted in FY19 accounts for the majority of projected profit growth. Steel, nonferrous metal is also likely to benefit substantially in FY20 from the disappearance of impairment losses on the closure of facilities at two major steelmakers, as discussed above.

Sectors expected to make major negative contributions to profits include automobiles; housing, real estate; trading companies; and services. For automobiles, we forecast a further decline in global demand. For housing, real estate, we note falling demand for hotels owing to the decline in inbound tourism, rent waivers for tenants at temporarily shuttered retail facilities, and the stagnant property market. For trading companies, we think the main negatives for profits will include a downturn in automotive-related operations and weak demand and falling prices for resources as a result of COVID-19. For services, we expect COVID-19 to have a major negative impact on the utilization of post office services at Japan Post Holdings [6178] and the operation of theme parks at Oriental Land [4661].

Fig. 3: Contributions to recurring profit growth by sector for the Russell/Nomura Large Cap Index

FY1	9
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Increase in profits			(%)
	Growth	Contribution	Continuation
7 sectors			(ex financials)
Utilities	17.7	1.8	1.9
Software	20.1	1.4	1.4
Pharmaceuticals, healthcare	8.0	1.2	1.3
Housing, real estate	5.4	1.1	1.2
Retailing	4.1	0.6	0.7
Services	1.7	0.3	0.3
Construction	0.6	0.0	0.0

Decrease	in	pro	fits

Decrease in profits			(%)
	Growth	Contribution	Contribution
12 sectors			(ex financials)
Household goods	-7.5	-0.6	-0.7
Media	-57.5	-2.1	-2.2
Food	-15.6	-2.6	-2.7
Transportation	-17.4	-4.6	-4.9
Financials	-9.1	-5.8	-
Machinery	-30.0	-7.7	-8.1
Trading companies	-27.9	-8.8	-9.4
Steel, nonferrous metals	SL	-12.3	-13.1
Automobiles	-21.5	-13.7	-14.5
Electrical machinery, precision equipment	-25.3	-14.3	-15.2
Chemicals	-34.2	-14.4	-15.3
Telecommunications	-41.4	-19.6	-20.8

FY21E

Increase in profits (%)			
	Growth	Contribution	Contribution
18 sectors			(ex financials)
Automobiles	88.3	29.9	31.1
Electrical machinery, precision equipment	21.8	12.4	12.8
Chemicals	19.6	6.1	6.4
Retailing	39.0	6.1	6.3
Pharmaceuticals, healthcare	27.3	5.9	6.1
Trading companies	27.5	5.9	6.1
Machinery	25.7	5.6	5.9
Steel, nonferrous metals	433.5	4.9	5.1
Housing, real estate	26.3	4.9	5.0
Telecommunications	8.5	3.9	4.0
Financials	5.1	3.8	-
Services	21.1	3.5	3.7
Transportation	11.2	3.2	3.4
Household goods	22.1	2.0	2.1
Software	14.5	1.6	1.7
Food	10.0	1.6	1.7
Media	15.5	0.5	0.5
Construction	0.7	0.1	0.1

Decrease	in	profits
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Decrease in profits			(%)
	Growth	Contribution	Contribution
1 sectors			(ex financials)
Utilities	-13.5	-1.8	-1.9

Note: SP = switch to profits. SL = switch to losses.

Source: Nomura

FY20E

Increase in profits (%)			
	Growth	Contribution	Contribution
12 sectors			(ex financials)
Telecommunications	47.7	136.9	2,077.8
Financials	15.4	93.4	-
Electrical machinery, precision equipment	18.3	81.5	1,236.5
Steel, nonferrous metals	SP	47.8	726.1
Transportation	17.5	40.1	608.8
Pharmaceuticals, healthcare	16.4	28.2	428.3
Software	16.8	15.1	229.2
Machinery	7.5	14.2	215.8
Media	68.2	11.3	170.7
Utilities	3.8	4.6	69.7
Food	2.0	2.9	43.4
Chemicals	0.1	0.3	5.0

Decrease in profits

	Growth	Contribution	Continuation
7 sectors			(ex financials)
Household goods	-0.0	-0.0	-0.6
Construction	-1.4	-1.1	-16.9
Retailing	-17.4	-30.4	-460.6
Services	-17.0	-31.9	-483.5
Trading companies	-18.3	-44.3	-672.5
Housing, real estate	-23.7	-53.3	-809.2
Automobiles	-40.6	-215.4	-3,268.0

Revisions to recurring profit estimates (versus old estimates)

Overview of FY19 results

FY19 recurring profits overshot our forecasts in 4 of 19 sectors and undershot them in 15.

The four sectors that overshot our forecasts all did so by small degrees, and even services, which registered the largest overshoot, only did so mainly because of company-specific rather than sector-specific factors.

Sectors that undershot our forecasts substantially included telecommunications; financials; automobiles; trading companies; and electrical machinery, precision equipment. In telecommunications, SoftBank Group posted larger losses at its SVF and other SBIA-managed funds segment and on proprietary investment projects. In financials, factors that caused profits to undershoot our forecasts included declines in the value of securities holdings, impairment losses on overseas subsidiaries, and increased credit costs as a result of COVID-19. For automobiles, COVID-19 hit sales hard. The undershoot for trading companies stemmed from the global lockdown of economic activity as a result of COVID-19. Marubeni [8002] also posted impairment losses on crude oil interests and grain operations. COVID-19 hit demand for electrical machinery, precision equipment. Hitachi [6501] also posted substantial losses, including impairments at subsidiaries and one-time losses at overseas operations.

Overview of the FY20 corporate earnings outlook

We raised our FY20 recurring profit forecasts for two of the 19 sectors and lowered them for 17. We revise our USD/JPY assumption for FY20 from 109.0 to 107.0, as we expect the yen to strengthen.

We raised our forecasts for utilities and telecommunications. For utilities, we have factored in improved gains/losses under the fuel cost adjustment scheme, having lowered our crude oil price assumption. We also factor in cost improvements as a result of changes to depreciation methods.

We lowered our forecasts substantially for sectors including automobiles; trading companies; electrical machinery, precision equipment; chemicals; and housing, real estate. For automobiles, we factored in a general decline in global demand, with individual markets likely to recover at different speeds. For trading companies, we factored in a downturn in automotive-related operations and weak demand for resources as a result of COVID-19, as well as the impact of the cut in our crude oil price assumption. For electrical machinery, precision equipment, we factored in lower sales of industrial equipment, electronic products, and electronic parts for automotive and high-end smartphone applications as a result of COVID-19 as well as the risk that some investment in SPE will be pushed back into FY21. For chemicals, we factored in slower demand as a result of COVID-19 and weaker earnings at petroleum companies as a result of falling crude oil prices. For housing, real estate, we factored in lower inbound tourism and rent waivers for tenants at temporarily shuttered retail facilities, among other factors.

Fig. 4: Revisions to recurring profit estimates (versus old estimates) for the Russell/Nomura Large Cap Index

FY19				
[Upward revisions]	4 sectors			
	New	Old	Revision	Change
	¥bn	¥bn	¥bn	%
Services	1,730	1,654	76	4.6
Software	813	800	13	1.6
Food	1,387	1,378	9	0.6
Media	154	151	3	2.1

[Downward revisions]	15 sectors			
[2000000]	New	Old	Revision	Change
	¥bn	¥bn	¥bn	%
Construction	734	741	-7	-0.9
Pharmaceuticals, healthcare	1,632	1,653	-21	-1.3
Housing, real estate	2,165	2,191	-25	-1.2
Household goods	765	792	-26	-3.3
Retailing	1,612	1,649	-38	-2.3
Utilities	1,167	1,207	-40	-3.3
Steel, nonferrous metals	-305	-140	-165	-
Machinery	1,781	2,146	-364	-17.0
Transportation	2,170	2,579	-409	-15.9
Chemicals	2,758	3,380	-622	-18.4
Electrical machinery, precision equipment	4,190	4,935	-745	-15.1
Trading companies	2,271	3,046	-775	-25.4
Automobiles	4,964	6,163	-1,199	-19.5
Financials	5,785	6,985	-1,200	-17.2

[Upward revisions]	2 sectors			
	New	Old	Revision	Change
	¥bn	¥bn	¥bn	%
Utilities	1,182	1,084	98	9.1
Telecommunications	3,968	3,909	59	1.5
[Downward revisions]	17 sectors			

FY20E

[DOWIWalu levisions]	17 3601013			
	New	Old	Revision	Change
	¥bn	¥bn	¥bn	%
Construction	724	733	-9	-1.2
Software	981	1,010	-29	-2.8
Media	260	297	-38	-12.6
Household goods	779	901	-121	-13.4
Food	1,396	1,539	-143	-9.3
Financials	6,539	6,726	-187	-2.8
Transportation	2,521	2,740	-218	-8.0
Steel, nonferrous metals	99	447	-349	-78.0
Services	1,460	1,828	-368	-20.1
Pharmaceuticals, healthcare	1,876	2,247	-371	-16.5
Retailing	1,353	1,786	-433	-24.3
Machinery	1,914	2,432	-517	-21.3
Housing, real estate	1,607	2,237	-630	-28.1
Chemicals	2,731	3,496	-766	-21.9
Electrical machinery, precision equipment	4,926	5,926	-1,000	-16.9
Trading companies	1,856	2,956	-1,100	-37.2
Automobiles	2,948	6,391	-3,443	-53.9

Note: Latest estimates as of 31 May 2020; previous estimates as of 25 February 2020.

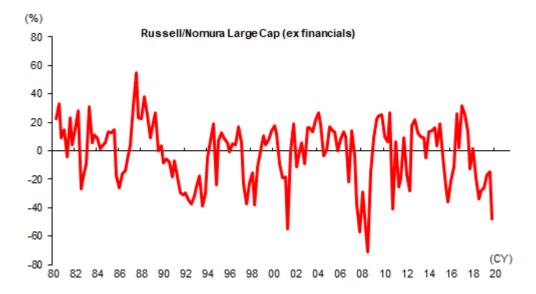
2,761 4,131

Source: Nomura

Telecommunications

Fig. 5: Revision index for the Russell/Nomura Large Cap Index

								(%)
(yy/m)	18/9	18/12	19/3	19/6	19/9	19/12	20/3	20/6
Russell/Nomura Large Cap	0.9	-17.4	-31.4	-27.6	-24.6	-15.6	-15.5	-45.5
Russell/Nomura Large Cap (ex financials)	1.7	-19.1	-33.8	-28.0	-26.1	-16.9	-15.0	-48.0
Manufacturing	7.2	-26.0	-47.8	-34.1	-46.4	-25.7	-21.7	-57.7
Basic materials	9.8	-36.6	-42.9	-31.7	-63.4	-56.1	-40.5	-64.9
Processing	14.3	-29.8	-57.8	-41.0	-50.6	-32.5	-23.8	-63.1
Nonmanufacturing (ex financials)	-6.6	-9.0	-14.1	-19.5	2.3	-4.7	-6.1	-35.1



Note: (1) Calculated by Nomura based on revisions to recurring profit forecasts. Excludes consolidated subsidiaries. (2) Revision index = (number of upward revisions - number of downward revisions) ÷ number of constituent companies.

Russell/Nomura Large Cap Index: earnings indicators

Fig. 6: Percentage change in sales by sector

(% y-y, except where noted)

	(% y-y, except w										
		No. of	FY17	FY18	FY19E	FY19	FY20E	FY20E	FY21E		
		cos			Old	New	Old	New	New		
	Russell/Nomura Large Cap (ex financials)	306	8.2	6.5	-0.7	-2.5	1.1	-6.0	6.0		
	Manufacturing	175	9.3	3.0	-1.5	-2.7	1.1	-7.4	7.0		
Industrial groups	Basic materials	37	17.1	7.0	-0.8	-2.0	-1.5	-13.5	5.1		
	Processing	84	7.9	1.7	-3.1	-4.5	1.8	-6.7	8.4		
	Nonmanufacturing (ex financials)	131	6.7	11.5	0.4	-2.3	1.2	-4.2	4.6		
	Materials	37	17.1	7.0	-0.8	-2.0	-1.5	-13.5	5.1		
	Machinery, autos	45	9.0	2.2	-2.8	-4.4	1.3	-9.5	10.6		
Broad sectors	Electronics	39	6.0	8.0	-3.5	-4.8	2.6	-2.0	4.9		
Dioau sectors	Consumer, distribution	99	6.7	15.5	0.7	-0.6	1.3	-6.0	5.9		
	Information	27	6.3	3.7	1.4	-7.4	2.5	1.4	3.3		
	Utilities, infrastructure	59	6.0	3.8	1.6	0.2	0.5	-1.9	2.6		
	Chemicals	31	18.0	8.0	0.5	-1.2	-2.1	-12.6	3.2		
	Steel, nonferrous metals	6	15.0	4.7	-4.3	-3.9	0.3	-16.0	10.8		
	Machinery	26	13.9	3.0	-1.5	-3.6	3.4	-2.0	5.3		
	Autos	19	7.7	2.0	-3.2	-4.6	0.7	-11.7	12.4		
	Electrical machinery, precision equipment	39	6.0	8.0	-3.5	-4.8	2.6	-2.0	4.9		
	Pharmaceuticals, healthcare	21	3.2	3.5	10.2	9.7	1.9	0.3	3.7		
	Food products	19	6.7	2.5	1.0	0.7	0.4	-3.1	2.8		
	Household goods	14	7.5	3.5	-0.1	-0.8	4.0	-3.1	7.4		
Sectors	Trading companies	7	13.1	45.0	-3.6	-5.0	0.1	-13.0	7.1		
300003	Retailing	20	5.1	3.1	3.2	2.5	3.1	-5.0	9.3		
	Services	18	0.7	1.9	0.2	-2.5	1.1	0.4	3.1		
	Software	12	20.8	9.5	5.7	7.5	8.8	4.6	5.1		
	Media	5	5.3	6.4	0.8	0.8	0.9	-0.8	3.0		
	Telecommunications	10	4.7	2.7	0.9	-10.7	1.6	1.1	2.9		
	Construction, engineering	7	1.9	8.0	5.0	5.1	-1.0	-1.1	0.2		
	Housing, real estate	18	5.1	5.4	3.5	2.3	2.6	-5.2	6.4		
	Transportation	24	5.8	-1.1	1.1	-2.2	2.0	2.4	3.0		
	Utilities	10	8.5	6.6	-0.7	-0.9	-2.4	-3.8	-0.4		

Note: Figures exclude listed consolidated subsidiaries. Latest estimates as of 31 May 2020; previous estimates as of 25 February 2020.

Fig. 7: Percentage change in recurring profits by sector

(% y-y, except where noted)

								y-y, except w	
		No. of	FY17	FY18	FY19E	FY19	FY20E	FY20E	FY21E
		cos			Old	New	Old	New	New
	Russell/Nomura Large Cap	330	15.3	1.1	-6.3	-20.5	8.0	2.5	22.2
	Russell/Nomura Large Cap (ex financials)	306	17.5	3.1	-8.7	-22.3	9.8	0.2	25.7
Industrial	Manufacturing	175	21.6	-1.5	-13.9	-27.2	16.2	-2.2	35.7
groups	Basic materials	37	43.6	2.1	-36.7	-52.0	26.3	19.0	34.0
3 - 1	Processing	84	19.6	-2.6	-8.6	-24.5	11.8	-10.3	42.6
	Nonmanufacturing	155	9.7	3.7	0.9	-14.3	1.4	6.2	12.2
	Nonmanufacturing (ex financials)	131	12.2	9.7	-2.2	-16.0	2.7	2.8	15.2
	Materials	37	43.6	2.1	-36.7	-52.0	26.3	19.0	34.0
	Machinery, autos	45	16.5	-8.9	-6.4	-23.9	6.2	-27.9	63.6
	Electronics	39	26.1	9.3	-12.1	-25.3	21.5	18.3	21.8
Broad sectors	Consumer, distribution	99	14.8	2.8	-2.0	-9.5	10.3	-7.5	24.9
	Information	27	6.1	33.1	-11.6	-35.2	2.6	41.5	10.0
	Utilities, infrastructure	59	9.6	-2.5	4.9	-2.6	2.8	-1.5	9.1
	Financials	24	4.4	-10.5	9.7	-9.1	-2.0	15.4	5.1
	Chemicals	31	34.2	4.5	-19.4	-34.2	5.5	0.1	19.6
	Steel, nonferrous metals	6	93.4	-7.3	SL	SL	SP	SP	433.5
	Machinery	26	29.3	9.6	-15.6	-30.0	13.3	7.5	25.7
	Autos	19	12.9	-14.6	-2.7	-21.5	3.7	-40.6	88.3
	Electrical machinery, precision equipment	39	26.1	9.3	-12.1	-25.3	21.5	18.3	21.8
	Pharmaceuticals, healthcare	21	5.9	-3.5	9.5	8.0	37.5	16.4	27.3
	Food products	19	4.8	-3.7	-16.2	-15.6	13.2	2.0	10.0
	Household goods	14	20.8	6.9	-4.6	-7.5	11.6	-0.0	22.1
	Trading companies	7	31.2	10.4	-3.3	-27.9	-3.0	-18.3	27.5
Sectors	Retailing	20	12.4	3.3	6.5	4.1	6.9	-17.4	39.0
	Services	18	10.9	0.0	-2.8	1.7	8.4	-17.0	21.1
	Software	12	44.2	16.7	18.2	20.1	22.2	16.8	14.5
	Media	5	9.6	4.1	-58.4	-57.5	96.5	68.2	15.5
	Telecommunications	10	1.4	38.5	-12.3	-41.4	-4.8	47.7	8.5
	Construction, engineering	7	9.8	-1.1	1.5	0.6	-1.1	-1.4	0.7
	Housing, real estate	18	9.9	-2.7	6.6	5.4	5.0	-23.7	26.3
	Transportation	24	9.0	2.2	-1.8	-17.4	7.3	17.5	11.2
	Utilities	10	10.2	-12.8	21.7	17.7	-8.4	3.8	-13.5
	Financials	24	4.4	-10.5	9.7	-9.1	-2.0	15.4	5.1

Note: (1) Figures exclude listed consolidated subsidiaries. Latest estimates as of 31 May 2020; previous estimates as of 25 February 2020. (2) SP = switch to profits. SL = switch to losses.

Fig. 8: Recurring profits by sector

(¥bn, except where noted)

		NIC	FY17	FY18	FY19E	FY19	FY20E	fbn, except w	FY21E
		No. of cos	FY1/	ΓΥΙÖ	Old	New	Old	New	New
	Duggell/Nemouse Lease Con		47 / 01	40.1/0					
	Russell/Nomura Large Cap	330	47,681	48,162	45,442	38,534	48,682	39,118	47,818
	Russell/Nomura Large Cap (ex financials)	306	40,521	41,796	38,457	32,749	41,956	32,579	40,948
Industrial	Manufacturing	175	23,855	23,510	20,307	17,173	23,378	16,668	22,622
groups	Basic materials	37	4,971	4,963	3,241	2,453	3,943	2,829	3,791
	Processing	84	14,790	14,552	13,244	10,935	14,748	9,788	13,955
	Nonmanufacturing	155	23,826	24,652	25,134	21,361	25,304	22,450	25,195
	Nonmanufacturing (ex financials)	131	16,666	18,286	18,149	15,577	18,578	15,911	18,326
	Materials	37	4,971	4,963	3,241	2,453	3,943	2,829	3,791
	Machinery, autos	45	9,755	8,911	8,309	6,745	8,822	4,862	7,955
	Electronics	39	5,035	5,641	4,935	4,190	5,926	4,926	6,001
Broad sectors	Consumer, distribution	99	10,162	10,312	10,172	9,397	11,256	8,720	10,890
	Information	27	4,317	5,753	5,083	3,728	5,216	5,208	5,728
	Utilities, infrastructure	59	6,280	6,216	6,717	6,236	6,793	6,034	6,584
	Financials	24	7,160	6,366	6,985	5,785	6,726	6,539	6,869
	Chemicals	31	3,911	4,036	3,380	2,758	3,496	2,731	3,265
	Steel, nonferrous metals	6	1,061	927	-140	-305	447	99	526
	Machinery	26	2,336	2,539	2,146	1,781	2,432	1,914	2,406
	Autos	19	7,419	6,372	6,163	4,964	6,391	2,948	5,549
	Electrical machinery, precision equipment	39	5,035	5,641	4,935	4,190	5,926	4,926	6,001
	Pharmaceuticals, healthcare	21	1,616	1,540	1,653	1,632	2,247	1,876	2,389
	Food products	19	1,723	1,625	1,378	1,387	1,539	1,396	1,535
	Household goods	14	755	830	792	765	901	779	952
	Trading companies	7	2,852	3,148	3,046	2,271	2,956	1,856	2,366
Sectors	Retailing	20	1,545	1,497	1,649	1,612	1,786	1,353	1,881
	Services	18	1,671	1,672	1,654	1,730	1,828	1,460	1,767
	Software	12	564	620	800	813	1,010	981	1,124
	Media	5	349	364	151	154	297	260	300
	Telecommunications	10	3,404	4,769	4,131	2,761	3,909	3,968	4,305
	Construction, engineering	7	664	696	741	734	733	724	729
	Housing, real estate	18	2,054	2,055	2,191	2,165	2,237	1,607	2,029
	Transportation	24	2,450	2,474	2,579	2,170	2,740	2,521	2,803
	Utilities	10	1,112	992	1,207	1,167	1,084	1,182	1,023
	Financials	24	7,160	6,366	6,985	5,785	6,726	6,539	6,869
	I IIIaiiciais	24	7,100	0,300	0,700	ე,70ე	0,720	0,039	0,009

Note: Figures exclude listed consolidated subsidiaries. Index composition for period through FY19 differs from index composition from FY20 onwards. Accordingly, prior-year comparison base for y-y changes has altered, thereby resulting in different y-y figures than before. Latest estimates as of 31 May 2020; previous estimates as of 25 February 2020.

Fig. 9: Percentage change in quarterly sales and profits (FY19 Q1-FY19 Q4)

			% у-у														
			Sale	es		C	perating	profits			ecurring	g profits	3		Net pro	ofits	
		Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
	Russell/Nomura Large Cap	1	-	-		-	-	-		-4.3	-18.4	-4.6	-69.9	-10.6	-18.2	-16.8	SL
	Russell/Nomura Large Cap (ex financials)	1.2	0.6	-3.5	-8.1	-10.7	-16.9	-16.8	-60.8	-5.0	-20.8	-6.8	-71.8	-14.2	-22.0	-18.0	SL
	Manufacturing	-0.1	-0.2	-4.1	-6.2	-19.0	-10.4	-20.5	-52.0	-26.2	-15.4	-7.7	-68.7	-42.0	-16.1	-12.4	SL
Industrial groups	Basic materials	2.4	-1.1	-5.2	-4.8	-27.9	-30.7	-51.3	SL	-33.0	-35.0	-50.0	SL	-43.5	-41.4	-94.0	SL
groups	Processing	-2.3	-1.4	-5.5	-8.3	-19.3	-6.2	-18.5	-41.2	-27.6	-12.2	2.9	-63.1	-46.9	-13.5	6.7	SL
	Nonmanufacturing	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	18.1	-21.2	-2.2	-71.1	30.2	-20.3	-20.1	SL
	Nonmanufacturing (ex financials)	3.0	1.7	-2.8	-10.4	-0.1	-24.6	-12.1	-70.2	25.4	-27.3	-5.9	-76.1	38.0	-29.9	-23.5	SL
	Basic materials	2.4	-1.1	-5.2	-4.8	-27.9	-30.7	-51.3	SL	-33.0	-35.0	-50.0	SL	-43.5	-41.4	-94.0	SL
	Machinery, autos	-1.3	-0.8	-6.5	-8.3	-17.0	-7.5	-27.5	-53.9	-20.7	-12.2	8.5	-79.6	-20.5	-11.8	14.6	SL
Prood	Electronics	-4.1	-2.2	-3.8	-8.2	-23.5	-4.5	-5.0	-23.8	-39.9	-12.3	-6.3	-39.6	-72.0	-16.1	-4.9	-50.7
Broad sectors	Consumption, distribution	2.3	1.7	-2.0	-4.6	-2.6	2.6	3.5	-19.7	-4.7	-2.3	3.0	-40.6	-5.8	6.0	-1.1	-41.9
555.5.5	Information	3.5	2.5	0.3	-34.8	-8.5	-79.6	-34.3	SL	56.8	-79.9	-18.0	SL	72.7	SL	-53.0	SL
	Utilities, infrastructure	5.4	3.8	-2.2	-4.8	10.2	6.4	-2.8	-36.4	18.3	8.6	0.7	-38.8	46.5	21.4	-4.4	SL
	Financials	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-0.4	-0.8	9.1	-57.1	12.7	9.3	-8.8	-89.2
	Chemicals	3.7	-1.3	-3.9	-4.3	-23.6	-25.9	2.2	-96.9	-30.1	-30.9	4.6	SL	-35.1	-35.5	-24.3	SL
	Steel, nonferrous metals	-0.8	-0.7	-8.7	-5.9	-44.4	-55.6	SL	SL	-44.7	-57.3	SL	SL	-68.2	-66.0	SL	SL
	Machinery	-3.5	-1.6	-6.0	1.5	-22.2	-18.2	-38.6	-41.7	-25.6	-20.2	-34.7	-45.5	-24.0	-22.0	-13.9	-53.7
	Automobiles	-0.7	-0.6	-6.6	-11.1	-15.3	-2.7	-23.3	-60.8	-19.0	-9.2	30.0	-95.8	-19.4	-8.4	28.8	SL
	Electrical machinery, precision equipment	-4.1	-2.2	-3.8	-8.2	-23.5	-4.5	-5.0	-23.8	-39.9	-12.3	-6.3	-39.6	-72.0	-16.1	-4.9	-50.7
	Pharmaceuticals, healthcare	12.4	15.2	9.2	3.0	8.1	21.4	15.9	14.5	-3.1	12.2	27.9	-2.5	-7.2	22.3	11.0	27.1
	Food products	0.1	0.1	1.2	0.7	-20.4	-16.8	3.7	-0.8	-21.5	-16.1	1.8	0.0	-26.1	-17.0	0.2	25.2
	Household goods	1.0	2.2	-3.8	-5.9	-3.8	10.9	-7.4	-22.7	-7.9	7.6	-15.8	-28.5	-11.3	12.4	15.3	-28.5
Sectors	Trading companies	0.6	-3.0	-7.8	-9.6	-3.7	-10.3	-7.2	-48.0	-1.5	-16.1	-9.1	SL	-4.8	-11.9	-12.1	SL
	Retailing	4.0	5.2	1.4	-1.5	4.5	23.9	-1.4	-2.8	-0.9	16.5	-1.6	-2.8	7.6	17.1	-9.8	-18.1
	Services	-1.6	-0.3	-3.3	-6.0	2.1	6.3	14.2	-23.6	3.1	5.7	12.9	-24.9	10.9	45.2	5.6	-25.9
	Software	8.5	9.9	3.3	7.7	16.1	39.9	11.8	39.1	-3.2	21.8	25.3	32.2	-1.6	38.9	27.7	21.5
	Media	2.3	5.5	0.7	-5.1	-29.4	19.6	-93.8	9.5	-17.6	-44.4	SL	40.4	32.8	-43.9	SL	54.4
	Telecommunications	3.0	1.1	-0.3	-45.1	-9.4	-93.0	-38.8	SL	65.6	-91.2	-18.9	SL	83.0	SL	-57.8	SL
	Construction, engineering	10.6	12.2	-0.5	0.9	12.2	16.9	-2.0	-8.2	10.5	12.0	-0.8	-9.4	18.7	11.7	-16.4	-13.4
	Housing, real estate	4.3	6.4	-0.7	0.7	7.0	8.8	0.2	8.6	8.4	6.6	1.0	9.5	5.2	7.5	4.2	6.1
	Transportation	1.2	2.5	-2.9	-9.4	2.2	1.8	-10.6	SL	4.5	4.5	-8.2	SL	7.3	7.6	-11.5	SL
	Utilities	9.6	0.0	-3.3	-8.0	37.3	8.5	44.7	-50.9	76.2	19.0	87.8	-53.1	246.2	85.7	69.4	SL
	Financials	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-0.4	-0.8	9.1	-57.1	12.7	9.3	-8.8	-89.2

Note: (1) Q1 = Feb-Apr, Mar-May, or Apr-Jun; Q2 = May-Jul, Jun-Aug, or Jul-Sep; Q3 = Aug-Oct, Sep-Nov, or Oct-Dec; Q4 = Nov-Jan, Dec-Feb, or Jan-Mar. (2) Figures are for companies that had announced results (either full year, Q1, Q2, or Q3) by 31 May 2020. (3) Excludes consolidated subsidiaries. (4) SP = switch to profits; SL = switch to losses; LS = losses shrinking; LI = losses increasing.

Fig. 10: Valuation indicators

			P/E			P/CF		P	/B	Div	idend yi	ield		R	OE .	
		FY19	FY20E	FY21E	FY19	FY20E	FY21E		FY20E		FY20E		FY18		FY20E	FY21E
		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
	Russell/Nomura Large Cap	19.9	18.1	14.3	-	-	-	1.28	1.24	2.34	2.42	2.61	9.2	6.3	7.0	8.5
	Russell/Nomura Large Cap (ex loss-making cos)	17.1	17.1	14.0	1	-	-	1.36	1.26	2.28	2.46	2.67	9.5	7.9	7.5	8.5
Industrial	Russell/Nomura Large Cap (ex financials)	22.0	20.3	15.5	8.7	9.4	8.2	1.46	1.40	2.13	2.24	2.42	10.3	6.5	7.1	8.8
groups	Manufacturing	24.8	23.7	16.4	9.5	10.9	9.0	1.54	1.49	2.11	2.24	2.41	10.5	6.2	6.4	8.8
	Basic materials	51.5	16.6	12.0	7.2	5.9	5.1	0.85	0.84	2.95	2.83	3.08	9.0	1.6	5.2	6.9
	Processing	20.6	22.4	14.6	8.1	10.5	8.3	1.41	1.35	2.13	2.20	2.42	11.2	6.8	6.2	9.0
	Nonmanufacturing	15.9	13.9	12.3	1	-		1.04	1.03	2.62	2.65	2.87	8.2	6.5	7.5	8.1
	Nonmanufacturing (ex financials)	18.8	16.7	14.3	7.7	7.8	7.2	1.35	1.28	2.17	2.23	2.44	9.9	7.0	7.9	8.7
	Basic materials	51.5	16.6	12.0	7.2	5.9	5.1	0.85	0.84	2.95	2.83	3.08	9.0	1.6	5.2	6.9
	Machinery, autos	17.8	23.7	12.8	6.7	10.1	7.3	1.13	1.09	2.60	2.62	2.88	9.4	6.3	4.7	8.3
Droad	Electronics	24.7	21.2	17.1	10.4	11.0	9.7	1.92	1.81	1.63	1.76	1.94	14.5	7.8	8.8	10.2
Broad sectors	Consumption, distribution	23.3	27.1	20.8	12.3	13.4	11.5	1.94	1.83	1.97	2.13	2.27	9.1	8.2	7.0	8.6
300013	Information	38.7	17.1	15.4	8.5	8.0	7.6	1.80	1.77	2.10	2.27	2.46	13.9	4.5	10.6	11.2
	Utilities, infrastructure	13.0	11.9	10.9	5.9	5.7	5.4	1.02	0.95	2.22	2.29	2.46	8.9	8.0	8.3	8.4
	Financials	9.1	7.6	7.2	-	-	-	0.51	0.52	4.77	4.70	5.01	5.3	5.5	6.8	7.1
	Chemicals	21.0	14.6	12.2	7.0	6.2	5.6	0.99	0.96	3.06	3.00	3.09	10.0	4.7	6.7	7.7
	Steel, nonferrous metals	-	126.4	11.1	8.7	4.2	3.1	0.48	0.48	2.29	1.76	3.07	6.7	-6.5	0.4	4.3
	Machinery	22.4	22.6	17.7	10.8	11.9	10.2	1.67	1.52	1.89	1.71	2.00	10.1	7.4	7.0	8.3
	Automobiles	15.7	24.4	11.0	5.4	9.2	6.2	0.94	0.93	3.04	3.18	3.43	9.2	5.9	3.8	8.3
	Electrical machinery, precision equipment	24.7	21.2	17.1	10.4	11.0	9.7	1.92	1.81	1.63	1.76	1.94	14.5	7.8	8.8	10.2
	Pharmaceuticals, healthcare	35.7	38.7	27.7	19.6	20.7	17.0	2.93	2.85	1.56	1.99	2.01	8.4	8.2	7.5	10.0
	Food products	21.4	21.1	19.2	11.2	11.3	10.6	1.86	1.79	2.76	2.99	3.02	10.9	8.8	8.7	9.2
	Household goods	30.3	31.1	25.2	19.1	19.4	16.7	3.85	3.64	1.40	1.47	1.58	13.3	12.9	12.1	13.9
Contara	Trading companies	8.9	11.2	8.8	4.5	4.9	4.4	0.80	0.76	4.79	4.54	4.50	12.0	8.6	6.9	8.4
Sectors	Retailing	27.5	35.3	22.3	12.5	14.0	11.1	2.40	2.32	1.32	1.47	2.03	8.8	8.9	6.8	10.0
	Services	23.6	31.0	24.9	14.0	16.3	14.4	1.51	1.33	1.54	1.51	1.66	5.1	6.0	4.7	5.3
	Software	26.9	23.3	20.3	22.0	19.7	17.5	4.11	3.71	1.66	2.05	2.35	13.2	15.5	16.7	17.4
	Media	36.9	15.6	13.5	12.4	10.0	9.1	0.86	0.82	2.50	2.40	2.40	7.3	2.3	5.4	6.0
	Telecommunications	49.6	15.3	14.0	6.4	6.2	5.9	1.52	1.54	2.29	2.36	2.51	15.0	2.9	10.2	10.7
	Construction	7.9	8.0	8.0	6.8	6.9	6.9	0.98	0.88	3.24	3.46	3.50	14.0	12.6	11.5	10.6
	Housing, real estate	11.3	14.5	11.4	7.7	8.9	7.6	1.11	1.08	2.90	2.77	2.99	10.0	10.0	7.6	9.2
	Transportation	17.7	13.3	12.0	6.9	6.2	5.8	1.22	1.10	1.38	1.57	1.76	8.8	6.9	8.7	8.9
	Utilities	11.2	8.2	9.5	2.9	2.7	2.8	0.61	0.58	2.83	2.88	2.90	6.2	5.5	7.3	6.0
	Financials	9.1	7.6	7.2	1	-	-	0.51	0.52	4.77	4.70	5.01	5.3	5.5	6.8	7.1
Russell/No	omura Small Cap	19.5	16.9	14.6	-	-	-	1.05	0.97	2.11	2.51			5.9	6.5	
Russell/No	omura Small Cap (ex financials)	21.4	18.0	15.4	9.5	8.4	7.8	1.21	1.11	2.00	2.04	2.11	7.0	5.7	6.3	7.0

Note: Share prices are as of 29 May 2020 and forecasts are as of 31 May 2020.

What are the Russell/Nomura Japan Equity Indexes?

The Russell/Nomura Japan Equity Indexes are Japanese equity indexes developed jointly by FTSE Russell Indexes and the Global Research Division, Financial Engineering & Technology Research Center, Nomura Securities Co., Ltd.

Russell/Nomura Japan Equity Indexes should be useful in:

- Determining investment strategies (strategic asset allocation)
- Determining manager structures
- Devising asset management benchmarks
- Supporting portfolio management activities
- Evaluating the performance of various investment styles
- Managing risk

Russell/Nomura Japan Equity Indexes have the following characteristics:

- They are share price indexes that are weighted by free-float-adjusted market capitalization and cover the top 98% of all listed stocks in terms of float-adjusted market capitalization, thereby offering broad market coverage
- In addition to stocks listed on the First Section of the Tokyo Stock Exchange (TSE-1), they include stocks listed on other exchanges
- Because the indexes take into consideration the stable shareholding ratio, they reflect the stocks that are actually available for investment
- · There are style indexes for large and small companies and for value and growth stocks
- The Prime Index consists of the top 1,000 stocks in the Total Market Index by market cap excluding stable shareholdings
- Stocks are selected quantitatively based on clearly defined criteria
- The composition of each index is reviewed once a year.

Complete details of rules for the Russell/Nomura Japan Equity Index can be found in the Russell/Nomura Japan Equity Index Rulebook.

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As at 31 March 2020.

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Transactions involving convertible bonds are subject to a sales commission of up to 1.10% (tax included) of the transaction amount (or a commission of ¥4,400 (tax included) if this would be less than ¥4,400). When convertible bonds are purchased via OTC transactions (including offerings), only the purchase price shall be paid, with no sales commission charged. However, Nomura Securities may charge a separate fee for OTC transactions, as agreed with the customer. Convertible bonds carry the risk of losses owing to factors such as interest rate fluctuations and price fluctuations in the underlying stock. In addition, convertible bonds denominated in foreign currencies also carry the risk of losses owing to factors such as foreign exchange rate fluctuations.

When bonds are purchased via public offerings, secondary distributions, or other OTC transactions with Nomura Securities, only the purchase price shall be paid, with no sales commission charged. Bonds carry the risk of losses, as prices fluctuate in line with changes in market interest rates. Bond prices may also fall below the invested principal as a result of such factors as changes in the management and financial circumstances of the issuer, or changes in third-party valuations of the bond in question. In addition, foreign currency-denominated bonds also carry the risk of losses owing to factors such as foreign exchange rate fluctuations.

When Japanese government bonds (JGBs) for individual investors are purchased via public offerings, only the purchase price shall be paid, with no sales commission charged. As a rule, JGBs for individual investors may not be sold in the first 12 months after issuance. When JGBs for individual investors are sold before maturity, an amount calculated via the following formula will be subtracted from the par value of the bond plus accrued interest: (1) for 10-year variable rate bonds, an amount equal to the two preceding coupon payments (before tax) x 0.79685 will be used, (2) for 5-year and 3-year fixed rate bonds, an amount equal to the two preceding coupon payments (before tax) x 0.79685 will be used. When inflation-indexed JGBs are purchased via public offerings, secondary distributions (uridashi deals), or other OTC transactions with Nomura Securities, only the purchase price shall be paid, with no sales commission charged. Inflation-indexed JGBs carry the risk of losses, as prices fluctuate in line with changes in market interest rates and fluctuations in the nationwide consumer price index. The notional principal of inflation-indexed JGBs changes in line with the rate of change in nationwide CPI inflation from the time of its issuance. The amount of the coupon payment is calculated by multiplying the coupon rate by the notional principal at the time of payment. The maturity value is the amount of the notional principal when the issue becomes due. For JI17 and subsequent issues, the maturity value shall not undercut the face amount. Purchases of investment trusts (and sales of some investment trusts) are subject to a purchase or sales fee of up to 5.5% (tax included) of the transaction amount. Also, a direct cost that may be incurred when selling investment trusts is a fee of up to 2.0% of the unit price at the time of redemption. Indirect costs that may be incurred during the course of holding investment trusts include, for domestic investment trusts, an asset management fee (trust fee) of up to 5.5% (tax included/annualized basis) of the net assets in trust, as well as fees based on investment performance. Other indirect costs may also be incurred. For foreign investment trusts, indirect fees may be incurred during the course of holding such as investment company compensation.

Investment trusts invest mainly in securities such as Japanese and foreign equities and bonds, whose prices fluctuate. Investment trust unit prices fluctuate owing to price fluctuations in the underlying assets and to foreign exchange rate fluctuations. As such, investment trusts carry the risk of losses. Fees and risks vary by investment trust. Maximum applicable fees are subject to change; please thoroughly read the written materials provided, such as prospectuses or documents delivered before making a contract.

In interest rate swap transactions and USD/JPY basis swap transactions ("interest rate swap transactions, etc."), only the agreed transaction payments shall be made on the settlement dates. Some interest rate swap transactions, etc. may require pledging of margin collateral. In some of these cases, transaction payments may exceed the amount of collateral. There shall be no advance notification of required collateral value or collateral ratios as they vary depending on the transaction. Interest rate swap transactions, etc. carry the risk of losses owing to fluctuations in market prices in the interest rate, currency and other markets, as well as reference indices. Losses incurred as such may exceed the value of margin collateral, in which case margin calls may be triggered. In the event that both parties agree to enter a replacement (or termination) transaction, the interest rates received (paid) under the new arrangement may differ from those in the original arrangement, even if terms other than the interest rates are identical to those in the original transaction. Risks vary by transaction. Please thoroughly read the written materials provided, such as documents delivered before making a contract and disclosure statements.

In OTC transactions of credit default swaps (CDS), no sales commission will be charged. When entering into CDS transactions, the protection buyer will be required to pledge or entrust an agreed amount of margin collateral. In some of these cases, the transaction payments may exceed the amount of margin collateral. There shall be no advance notification of required collateral value or collateral ratios as they vary depending on the financial position of the protection buyer. CDS transactions carry the risk of losses owing to changes in the credit position of some or all of the referenced entities, and/or fluctuations of the interest rate market. The amount the protection buyer receives in the event that the CDS is triggered by a credit event may undercut the total amount of premiums that he/she has paid in the course of the transaction. Similarly, the amount the protection seller pays in the event of a credit event may exceed the total amount of premiums that he/she has received in the transaction. All other conditions being equal, the amount of premiums that the protection buyer pays and that received by the protection seller shall differ. In principle, CDS transactions will be limited to financial instruments business operators and qualified institutional investors.

Transfers of equities to another securities company via the Japan Securities Depository Center are subject to a transfer fee of up to ¥11,000 (tax included) per issue transferred depending on volume. No account fee will be charged for marketable securities or monies deposited.

Nomura Securities Co., Ltd.

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